

SAN FRANCISCO PLANNING DEPARTMENT

Memo to the Planning Commission

HEARING DATE: JUNE 1, 2017 Continued from the May 18, 2017 Hearing

Date:	May 25, 2017
Case No.:	2016-010544CUA
Project Address:	824 Hyde Street
Zoning:	RC-4 (Residential-Commercial, High Density) District
	80-A Height and Bulk District
Block/Lot:	0280/017
Project Sponsor:	Ilene Dick
	Farella Braun + Martel, LLP
	235 Montgomery Street
	San Francisco, CA 94104
Staff Contact:	Nicholas Foster – (415) 575-9167
	nicholas.foster@sfgov.org
Recommendation:	Approval with Conditions

1650 Mission St. Suite 400 San Francisco, CA 94103-2479

Reception: 415.558.6378

Fax: 415.558.6409

Planning Information: 415.558.6377

BACKGROUND

The proposed project ("Project") would involve the construction of an approximately 64-foot-tall (up to maximum height of 69 feet, inclusive of mechanical equipment and elevator over-run), six-story-overbasement, 13,367 gross square foot (gsf) building on a partially down-sloping vacant lot. The proposed building would contain a Hotel Use (A Retail Sales and Service Use), providing thirty (30) tourist guest rooms. The Project would provide six (6) Class I and two (2) Class II bicycle parking spaces. While no offstreet parking is proposed, the Project Sponsor would seek approval by the SFMTA for a 40-foot-long passenger loading zone on Hyde Street, directly in front of the subject property. Excavation, to a maximum depth of approximately ten (10) feet below grade, is proposed in order to accommodate the basement level containing storage and services necessary to the operation or maintenance of the building itself.

The project site ("Property") was previously occupied by a four (4) story residential building containing eight (8) dwelling units that was designated a contributing resource to the Lower Nob Hill Apartment Hotel National Register Historic District (the "Lower Nob Hill Apartment Historic District" or "District"). The building, named "Chatom Apartments," was constructed in 1915. The building was destroyed by a fire on the morning of October 21, 2010 and the remnants of the damaged structure were removed in accordance with Emergency Demolition Order (Permit) #201011084503, issued on November 8, 2010. The resulting vacant lot is considered a non-contributory property within the District.

After closing public comment and holding a hearing on the item, the Planning Commission voted¹ to continue the item to the June 1, 2017 hearing date. The Commission instructed the Department Staff to

¹ The Commission's vote on the continuance was +7-0.

consult with both the staff of the Rent Stabilization and Arbitrations Board ("Rent Board") and the City Attorney's Office to determine whether, if a new residential building were constructed on the Property, tenants of the residential building that once occupied the Property would have any "right to return" to a new residential building on the Property. As the Commission is aware, although the Property was formerly occupied by a residential building, that building was destroyed in a fire and subsequently demolished by an order of the Department of Building Inspection.

UPDATE

As directed by the Commission, Department Staff has consulted with the Rent Board and the San Francisco City Attorney's Office on the matter, and determined that because no structure remains to be rehabilitated, no "right to return" exists for former tenants of the now-demolished building. This is because the Rent Board Rules and Regulations requiring a landlord to offer "the same unit" to the former tenant "within 30 days of completion of repairs to the unit" do not apply because the "same unit" cannot be repaired as the building as a whole no longer exists, let alone "the same unit."² Thus, there is no "right to return" to a new building on the site, regardless if the new building contained a Residential Use, rather than Non-Residential Use (e.g. Retail Sales and Service Use).

REQUIRED COMMISSION ACTION

In order for the project to proceed, the Commission must grant Conditional Use Authorization to: 1) establish a Hotel Use; 2) allow a non-residential use size greater than 6,000 square feet; and 3) allow the building to exceed 50 feet in a RC Zoning District pursuant to Planning Code Section 209.3, 253, 303, and 303(g).

BASIS FOR RECOMMENDATION

- The Project adds 30 tourist guest rooms to the city's supply of tourist hotel guest rooms; with occupancy rates approaching 90 percent, this Project will help satisfy the demand for tourist hotel guest rooms in the city.
- The Project site is currently a vacant lot and has been since 2010—when the existing structure was destroyed in a fire—and the Project would construct a new building that would fit within the surrounding neighborhood character and the Lower Nob Hill Apartment Hotel Historic District.
- The Project has been designed to be compatible in scale and texture with nearby structures.
- The Project will include streetscape improvements along its Hyde Street frontages, including the installation of one (1) new street tree, and a new, publically-accessible Class II bicycle rack along the Hyde Street frontage.
- The Project site is well served by transit (MUNI lines 2, 3, and 27 are all within one block of the subject property).
- The Project has been found to be necessary and or desirable and compatible with the surrounding neighborhood.
- The Project meets all applicable requirements of the Planning Code.

RECOMMENDATION: Approval with Conditions

² Part XII-7, Section 12.19 "Other Displacements," San Francisco Residential Rent Stabilization and Arbitration Board Rules and Regulations; Amended July 12, 2016, Effective August 13, 2016.

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SAN FRANCISCO PLANNING DEPARTMENT

Executive Summary Conditional Use

HEARING DATE: MAY 18, 2017

Date:	March 15, 2017
Case No.:	2016-010544CUA
Project Address:	824 Hyde Street
Zoning:	RC-4 (Residential-Commercial, High Density) District
	80-A Height and Bulk District
Block/Lot:	0280/017
Project Sponsor:	Ilene Dick
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Staff Contact:	Nicholas Foster – (415) 575-9167
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Recommendation:	Approval with Conditions

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PROJECT DESCRIPTION

The proposed project ("Project") would involve the construction of an approximately 64-foot-tall (up to maximum height of 69 feet, inclusive of mechanical equipment and elevator over-run), six-story-overbasement, 13,367 gross square foot (gsf) building on a partially down-sloping vacant lot. The proposed building would contain a Hotel Use (A Retail Sales and Service Use), providing thirty (30) tourist guest rooms. The Project would provide six (6) Class I and two (2) Class II bicycle parking spaces. While no offstreet parking is proposed, the Project Sponsor would seek approval by the SFMTA for a 40-foot-long passenger loading zone on Hyde Street, directly in front of the subject property. Excavation, to a maximum depth of approximately ten (10) feet below grade, is proposed in order to accommodate the basement level containing storage and services necessary to the operation or maintenance of the building itself.

SITE DESCRIPTION AND PRESENT USE

The approximately 2,815-square-foot project site (Assessors Block 0280, Lot 017) is located on the block bounded by Hyde Street to the west, Leavenworth Street to the east, Bush Street to the north, and Sutter Street to the south in the Downtown/Civic Center neighborhood and within the Lower Nob Hill Apartment-Hotel Historic District. The subject lot has 25 feet of street frontage along Hyde Street and a depth of 112'-6".

The project site was previously occupied by a four (4) story, eight (8) unit residential building that was designated a contributing resource to the Lower Nob Hill Apartment Hotel National Register Historic District (the "Lower Nob Hill Apartment Historic District" or "District"). The building, named "Chatom Apartments", was constructed in 1915. The building was destroyed by a fire in 2010 and the remnants of

the damaged structure were removed in accordance with demolition Permit No. 201011084503 issued on November 8, 2010. The resulting vacant lot is considered a non-contributory property within the District.

In March of 2016, the Planning Commission approved a Conditional Use Authorization (Case #2012.1445CV, Motion #19582) to permit an approximately 12,400 gross square foot residential building exceeding 50 feet within the RC-4 District, containing fourteen (14) dwelling units.

SURROUNDING PROPERTIES AND NEIGHBORHOOD

The Project site is within the Downtown/Civic Center neighborhood, near the southern boundary of the Nob Hill neighborhood. The Project site is also located within the Lower Nob Hill Apartment Hotel Historic District. The District is comprised of 570 acres containing 295 contributing buildings and one contributing structure. The District consists of almost entirely of 3- to 8-story multi-unit residential buildings which fill their entire front lot lines and share a single stylistic orientation. The vast majority of the buildings were constructed between 1906 and 1925. Land uses in the surrounding area include a diverse mixture of residential, hotel, and ground-floor retail uses including shopping, grocery stores, bars and restaurants. St. Francis Medical Center is located one block to the north of the site at the corner of Hyde and Bush Streets.

ENVIRONMENTAL REVIEW

On May 5, 2017, the Project was issued a Categorical Exemption, Class 32 (California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) Guidelines Section 15322). Approval of the Conditional Use Authorization by the Planning Commission is the Approval Action for the project. The Approval Action date establishes the start of the 30-day appeal period for this CEQA exemption determination pursuant to Section 31.04(h) of the San Francisco Administrative Code.

HEARING NOTIFICATION

ТҮРЕ	REQUIRED PERIOD	REQUIRED NOTICE DATE	ACTUAL NOTICE DATE	ACTUAL PERIOD
Classified News Ad	20 days	April 29, 2017	April 26, 2017	23 days
Posted Notice	20 days	April 29, 2017	April 29, 2017	20 days
Mailed Notice	20 days	April 29, 2017	April 29, 2017	20 days

PUBLIC COMMENT

To date, the Department has received one (1) letter in opposition to the proposed Project; the letter calls into question the need for a Hotel Use at the subject property, in lieu of residential use.

ISSUES AND OTHER CONSIDERATIONS

• Hotel Use. The Project proposes a 30-room "boutique" hotel situated between two neighborhoods: Lower Nob Hill and Downtown/Civic Center. The many existing tourist lodging properties in the vicinity—representing the full range of lodging types—are evidence of the breadth of the market for additional visitor lodging in Lower Nob Hill. Moreover, the site is well-

served by transit, providing access to popular San Francisco tourist destinations such as Union Square, the Financial District, North Beach, and the Embarcadero. While only six blocks from Union Square proper (shopping, theatre, cable cars), the project site is also located near State and Federal government offices (Civic Center), nationally-renown entertainment venues, and trendy new bars and restaurants (Polk Street Corridor and Mid-Market).

REQUIRED COMMISSION ACTION

In order for the project to proceed, the Commission must grant Conditional Use Authorization to: 1) establish a Hotel Use; 2) allow a non-residential use size greater than 6,000 square feet; and 3) allow the building to exceed 50 feet in a RC Zoning District pursuant to Planning Code Section 209.3, 253, 303, and 303(g).

BASIS FOR RECOMMENDATION

- The Project adds 30 tourist guest rooms to the city's supply of tourist hotel guest rooms; with occupancy rates approaching 90 percent, this Project will help satisfy the demand for tourist hotel guest rooms in the city.
- The Project site is currently a vacant lot and has been since 2010—when the existing structure was destroyed in a fire—and the Project would construct a new building that would fit within the surrounding neighborhood character and the Lower Nob Hill Apartment Hotel Historic District.
- The Project has been designed to be compatible in scale and texture with nearby structures.
- The Project will include streetscape improvements along its Hyde Street frontages, including the installation of one (1) new street tree, and a new, publically-accessible Class II bicycle rack along the Hyde Street frontage.
- The Project site is well served by transit (MUNI lines 2, 3, and 27 are all within one block of the subject property).
- The Project has been found to be necessary and or desirable and compatible with the surrounding neighborhood.
- The Project meets all applicable requirements of the Planning Code.

RECOMMENDATION: Approval with Conditions

Attachments:

Attachment Checklist

Executive Summary	\square	Project sponsor submittal
Draft Motion		Drawings: Existing Conditions
Environmental Determination		Check for legibility
Zoning District Map		Drawings: Proposed Project
Height & Bulk Map		Check for legibility
Parcel Map		3-D Renderings (new construction or significant addition)
🖂 Sanborn Map		Check for legibility
Aerial Photo		Wireless Telecommunications Materials
Context Photos		Health Dept. review of RF levels
Site Photos		RF Report
		Community Meeting Notice
	\square	Housing Documents
		Inclusionary Affordable Housing Program: Affidavit for Compliance

Exhibits above marked with an "X" are included in this packet

_____NF_____

Planner's Initials



SAN FRANCISCO PLANNING DEPARTMENT

Subject to: (Select only if applicable)

- $\hfill\square$ Affordable Housing (Sec. 415)
- □ Jobs Housing Linkage Program (Sec. 413)
- □ Downtown Park Fee (Sec. 412)
- □ First Source Hiring (Admin. Code)
- □ Child Care Requirement (Sec. 414)
- Other

Planning Commission Draft Motion

HEARING DATE: MAY 18, 2017

Date:	March 15, 2017
Case No.:	2016-010544CUA
Project Address:	824 Hyde Street
Zoning:	RC-4 (Residential-Commercial, High Density) District
	80-A Height and Bulk District
Block/Lot:	0280/017
Project Sponsor:	Ilene Dick
	Farella Braun + Martel, LLP
	235 Montgomery Street
	San Francisco, CA 94104
Staff Contact:	Nicholas Foster – (415) 575-9167
	nicholas.foster@sfgov.org
Recommendation:	Approval with Conditions

ADOPTING FINDINGS RELATING TO THE APPROVAL OF CONDITIONAL USE AUTHORIZATION PURSUANT TO SECTIONS 209.3, 253, 303, 303(g) OF THE PLANNING CODE TO ALLOW A HOTEL USE IN A NEW CONSTRUCTION BUILDING EXCEEDING THE USE SIZE LIMITATIONS AND EXCEEDING 50 FEET IN HEIGHT WITHIN THE RC-4 (RESIDENTIAL-COMMERCIAL, HIGH DENSITY) ZONING DISTRICT AND A 80-A HEIGHT AND BULK DISTRICT.

PREAMBLE

On November 17, 2012, Brett Gladstone from Hanson Bridgett, LLP, the agent on behalf of Owen D. Conley and Thomas J. Conley ("Previous Project Sponsor"), submitted an application with the Planning Department (hereinafter "Department") for a Preliminary Project Assessment ("PPA") with Case No. 2012.1445U. The PPA letter was issued on January 28, 2013.

On May 8, 2013, the Previous Project Sponsor filed an application with the Department for Conditional Use Authorization pursuant to Section 303 to construct a 5-story over basement, residential building with 14 dwelling units, located in an RC-4 Zoning District. The Previous Project Sponsor also filed a Variance application, pursuant to Planning Code Section 145.1 to allow relief from the Code regarding required active street frontages for residential developments.

1650 Mission St. Suite 400 San Francisco, CA 94103-2479

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Planning Information: 415.558.6377 On August 1, 2013, the Previous Project Sponsor submitted an Environmental Evaluation Application. The application packet was accepted on August 8, 2013 and assigned Case No. 2012.1445E.

On December 24, 2013, the Department issued a Notification of Project Receiving Environmental Review to owners and occupants of properties within a 300 foot radius of the project site, and other interested parties. The notification period was open through January 7, 2014; however, public comments were accepted throughout the environmental review process.

On April 30, 2015, the Project was issued a Categorical Exemption, Class 32 (California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) Guidelines Section 15322). Approval of the Conditional Use Authorization by the Planning Commission is the Approval Action for the project. The Approval Action date establishes the start of the 30-day appeal period for this CEQA exemption determination pursuant to Section 31.04(h) of the San Francisco Administrative Code.

On September 2, 2015, Ilene Dick from Farella Braun + Martel, LLP, the agent on behalf of 824 Hyde Street Investments, LLC (hereinafter "Project Sponsor") filed an updated application with the Department for Conditional Use Authorization under Planning Code Section(s) 253 and 303 to permit a building exceeding 50 feet within a RC-4 (Residential-Commercial, High Density) Use District and 80-A Height and Bulk District. The Project Sponsor also filed an updated Variance application, pursuant to Planning Code Sections 136 and 145.1 to allow for permitted obstructions (bay windows) and relief from the Code regarding required active street frontages for residential developments.

On January 14, 2016, the San Francisco Planning Commission (hereinafter "Commission") conducted a duly noticed public hearing at a regularly scheduled meeting on Conditional Use Application No. 2012.1445<u>C</u>V.

On January 14, 2016, after closing public comment and holding a hearing on the item, the Commission voted 6-0 to continue the item to the March 3, 2016 Commission hearing date. The Commission instructed the Project Sponsor to refine the overall design of the primary building façade to allow the new building to better integrate within the existing, historic context of the subject site. In addition, the Commission asked the Project Sponsor to work with Planning Staff to determine the status of the property line windows and light wells on the abutting property to the north of the subject property (830 Hyde Street). Since the continuance, the Project Sponsor made modifications to the Project in response to the Commission's requests.

On March 3, 2016, the Commission conducted a duly noticed public hearing at a regularly scheduled meeting on Conditional Use Application No. 2012.1445<u>C</u>V. With a vote of (+6/-0; Wu absent) the Commission adopted findings relating to the approval of Conditional Use Authorization under Planning Code Section(s) 253 and 303 to permit a building with the chamfered bay alternative design exceeding 50 feet within a RC-4 (Residential-Commercial, High Density) Use District and 80-A Height and Bulk District and adopting findings under the California Environmental Quality Act (Motion #19582). The Zoning Administrator approved the request for Variance, pursuant to Planning Code Sections 136 and 145.1, to allow for permitted obstructions (bay windows) and relief from the Code regarding required active street frontages for residential developments.

On July 21, 2016, Ilene Dick from Farella Braun + Martel, LLP, the agent on behalf of the Project Sponsor, filed an updated application with the Department for Conditional Use Authorization under Planning Code Section(s) 253, 303, and 303(g) to permit a Hotel Use in a new construction building exceeding 50 feet within a RC-4 (Residential-Commercial, High Density) Use District and 80-A Height and Bulk District.

On July 21, 2016, Ilene Dick from Farella Braun + Martel, LLP, the agent on behalf of the Project Sponsor, submitted an updated Environmental Evaluation Application. The application packet was accepted on September 15, 2016 and assigned Case No. 2016-010544ENV.

On February 15, 2017, the Department issued a Notification of Project Receiving Environmental Review to owners and occupants of properties within a 300 foot radius of the project site, and other interested parties. The notification period was open through March 1, 2017; however, public comments were accepted throughout the environmental review process.

On May 5, 2017, the Project was issued a Categorical Exemption, Class 32 (California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) Guidelines Section 15322). Approval of the Conditional Use Authorization by the Planning Commission is the Approval Action for the project. The Approval Action date establishes the start of the 30-day appeal period for this CEQA exemption determination pursuant to Section 31.04(h) of the San Francisco Administrative Code.

On May 18, 2017, the Commission conducted a duly noticed public hearing at a regularly scheduled meeting on Conditional Use Application No. 2016-010544CUA.

The Commission has heard and considered the testimony presented to it at the public hearing and has further considered written materials and oral testimony presented on behalf of the applicant, Department staff, and other interested parties.

MOVED, that the Commission hereby authorizes the Conditional Use requested in Application No. 2016-010544CUA, subject to the conditions contained in "EXHIBIT A" of this motion, based on the following findings:

FINDINGS

Having reviewed the materials identified in the preamble above, and having heard all testimony and arguments, this Commission finds, concludes, and determines as follows:

- 1. The above recitals are accurate and constitute findings of this Commission.
- 2. Site Description and Present Use. The approximately 2,815-square-foot project site (Assessors Block 0280, Lot 017) is located on the block bounded by Hyde Street to the west, Leavenworth Street to the east, Bush Street to the north, and Sutter Street to the south in the Downtown/Civic Center neighborhood and within the Lower Nob Hill Apartment Hotel Historic District. The subject lot has 25 feet of street frontage along Hyde Street and a depth of 112'-6". The project site was previously occupied by a four (4) story, eight (8) unit residential building that was designated a historic resource by the City and the CRHR, and in 1991 was listed in the National Register of Historic Places as a contributing resource to the Lower Nob Hill Apartment Hotel

National Register Historic District (the "Lower Nob Hill Apartment Historic District" or "District"). The building, named "Chatom Apartments", was constructed in 1915. The building was destroyed by a fire in 2010 and the remnants of the damaged structure were removed in accordance with demolition Permit No. 201011084503 issued on November 8, 2010. The resulting vacant lot is considered a non-contributory property within the District. In March of 2016, the Planning Commission approved a Conditional Use Authorization (Case #2012.1445CV, Motion #19582) to permit an approximately 12,400 gross square foot residential building exceeding 50 feet within the RC-4 District, containing fourteen (14) dwelling units.

- 3. **Surrounding Properties and Neighborhood.** The Project Site is within the Downtown/Civic Center neighborhood, near the southern boundary of the Nob Hill neighborhood. The Project site is also located within the Lower Nob Hill Apartment Hotel Historic District. The District is comprised of 570 acres containing 295 contributing buildings and one contributing structure. The District consists of almost entirely of 3- to 8-story multi-unit residential buildings which fill their entire front lot lines and share a single stylistic orientation. The vast majority of the buildings were constructed between 1906 and 1925. Land uses in the surrounding area include a diverse mixture of residential, hotel, and ground-floor retail uses including shopping, grocery stores, bars and restaurants. St. Francis Medical Center is located one block to the north of the site at the corner of Hyde and Bush Streets.
- 4. Project Description. The proposed Project would involve the construction of an approximately 64-foot-tall (up to maximum height of 69 feet, inclusive of mechanical equipment and elevator over-run), six-story-over-basement, 13,367 gross square foot (gsf) building on a partially down-sloping vacant lot. The proposed building would contain a Hotel Use (A Retail Sales and Service Use), providing thirty (30) tourist guest rooms. The Project would provide six (6) Class I and two (2) Class II bicycle parking spaces; no off-street vehicular parking would be provided. Excavation, to a maximum depth of approximately ten (10) feet below grade, is proposed in order to accommodate the basement level containing storage and services necessary to the operation or maintenance of the building itself.
- 5. **Public Comment**. To date, the Department has received one (1) letter in opposition to the proposed Project; the letter calls into question the need for a Hotel Use at the subject property, in lieu of residential use.
- 6. **Planning Code Compliance.** The Commission finds that the Project is consistent with the relevant provisions of the Planning Code in the following manner:
 - A. Use (Sections 102, 209.3). The Project Site is located in the RC-4 (Residential-Commercial, High Density) Zoning District wherein Hotel Use is permitted with Conditional Use Authorization. Within the RC-4 Zoning Districts, non-residential uses are principally permitted up to 6,000 square feet and a Conditional Use Authorization is required for uses between 6,000 and 120,000 square feet.

The proposed Hotel Use (a Retail Sales and Service Use) is permitted with Conditional Use Authorization in the RC-4 District. The proposed Project would include approximately 13,367 gross square foot (gsf) of non-residential use, which, triggers Conditional Use Authorization. Given that the

proposed Project is within the Floor Area Ratio (FAR) limitations of the RC-4 District (4.8:1), the proposed use size is otherwise within the permitted use size limitations of the Code. Please see the specific 303(g) findings, which, are required for all proposed Hotel and Motel Uses, regardless of Zoning District.

B. Floor Area Ratio. Planning Code Sections 124 and 209.3 limits the Floor Area Ratio (FAR) for non-residential uses within the RC-4 Zoning District to 4.8:1.

The proposed Project has a gross floor area, as defined by the Code, of approximately 13,367 gsf on a lot size of 2,812.5, resulting in an FAR of approximately 4.75, which is below the FAR limit of 4.8 to 1. While the total gsf for the proposed building is approximately 15,484 gsf, the floor area within the basement necessary to the operation or maintenance of the building itself, the Class I bicycle parking, and the floor area within Code-compliant bay windows are exempt from the calculation of gross floor area, as allowed under Code Section 102. Therefore, the Project is in compliance with Code Sections 124 and 209.3, with respect to FAR limits.

C. **Rear Yard.** Planning Code Section 134 states that the minimum rear yard depth shall be equal to 25 percent of the total depth of the lot on which the building is situated, but in no case less than 15 feet. Rear yards shall be provided at the lowest story containing a dwelling unit, and at each succeeding level or story of the building.

The proposed Project contains a proposed Hotel Use (a non-residential use) and is therefore not subject to the rear yard requirements of the Code. Nevertheless, the Project provides a 15-foot rear yard to provide a physical buffer between the proposed new structure on the subject lot and the existing structures on the adjacent lots.

D. **Permitted Obstructions.** Planning Code Section 136 allows permitted obstructions (including bay windows) to extend over streets and alleys by three (3) feet for the subject property, provided that such projections meet certain dimensional and separation requirements.

The proposed Project includes bay windows at the second thru fifth floors fronting Hyde Street, and at the second thru sixth floors facing the rear of the property. All of the bay windows meet the dimensional requirements of the Code and therefore, the Project is in compliance with Code Section 136.

E. **Parking.** Planning Code Section 151.1 does not require off-street parking for projects located within RC Districts.

No off-street parking is proposed as part of the proposed Project.

F. Loading. Planning Code Section 152 requires off-street loading for Hotel Uses exceeding 100,000 gsf.

The proposed Project contains approximately 13,367 gsf of Hotel Use, which, is below the threshold for off-street loading requirements (100,000 gsf). Therefore, the Project is in compliance with Code Section

152. Nevertheless, the proposed Project would seek approval from the SFMTA for a 40-foot-long passenger loading zone on Hyde Street, directly in front of the subject property.

G. **Bicycle Parking.** Planning Code Section 155.2 requires bicycle parking for Hotel Uses in the following amounts: one Class I space for every 30 rooms, and one Class II space for every 30 rooms (minimum of 2 spaces required).

The Project will provide six (6) Class I bicycle parking spaces within the new building, and two (2) Class II bicycle parking spaces along the Hyde Street frontage, exceeding the Code requirements, and meeting the intent of the City's Transit First Policies.

H. **Street Frontages in Residential-Commercial Districts.** Planning Code Section 145.1 exists to preserve, enhance, and promote attractive, clearly defined street frontages that are pedestrian-oriented, fine-grained, and which are appropriate and compatible with the buildings and uses in certain commercial districts. Active uses, as defined by the Code, are required within the first 25 feet of the building depth at ground floor, and the ground floor ceiling height shall be at least 14 feet in height, as measure from grade.

The Project proposes a Hotel Use (a non-residential, Retail Sales and Service Use) on the subject property, with a ground floor height of 14 feet, as required by Code. Therefore the Project is in compliance with Code Section 145.1.

I. **Transportation Demand Management (TDM) Plan.** Pursuant to Planning Code Section 169 and the TDM Program Standards, the Project shall finalize a TDM Plan prior Planning Department approval of the first Building Permit or Site Permit. As currently proposed, the Project must achieve a target of 7 points.

The Project Sponsor submitted a completed Development Application or Environmental Evaluation Application prior to September 4, 2016. Therefore, the Project must only achieve 50% of the point target established in the TDM Program Standards, resulting in a required target of seven (7) points. As currently proposed, the Project will achieve its required seven (7) points through the following TDM measures:

- Bicycle Parking (Option A)
- *Real Time Transportation Displays*
- Parking Supply (Option K)

With no off-street parking provided, the Project's baseline actually exceeds the TDM requirements for the proposed project. By voluntarily providing two of the above-referenced TDM measures (additional Class I bicycle parking beyond the Code requirement; Real Time Transportation Displays), the Project would provide thirteen points (13), exceeding the required number of points (7). Therefore the Project is in compliance with Code Section 169.

J. **Height.** Planning Code Section 253 requires that wherever a height limit of more than 40 feet in a RH District, or more than 50 feet in a RM or RC District, is prescribed by the height and bulk district in which the property is located, any building or structure exceeding 40 feet in

height in a RH District, or 50 feet in height in a RM or RC District, shall be permitted only upon approval by the Planning Commission according to the procedures for conditional use approval in Section 303 of the Code.

The proposed Project would reach a height of approximately 64 feet (up to maximum height of 69 feet, inclusive of mechanical equipment and elevator over-run). The proposed Project includes several rooftop features (elevator overrun, and mechanical equipment) that are all exempt from Section 260 since the total proposed height of the exempt features is 16'-0", as allowed by the Code. Given that the Project would exceed a height of 50 feet in the RC Zoning District, Conditional Use Authorization is required. Even though the underlying Bulk and Height District (80-A) would allow for a taller structure, the Code requires approval by the Planning Commission according to the procedures for conditional use approval in Section 303 of this Code.

K. **Bulk.** Planning Code establishes bulk controls by district. The Project Site is located within the 80-A Height and Bulk District. For buildings in the "A" Bulk District, bulk controls apply beginning at 40 feet, and the maximum length dimension is 110 feet, while the maximum diagonal dimension is 125 feet.

The proposed Project would reach a height of approximately 64 feet (up to maximum height of 69 feet, inclusive of mechanical equipment and elevator over-run). Beginning at the height of the bulk controls (40 feet) for the Project Site, the proposed Project would have a maximum length dimension of 102'-11" and a maximum diagonal dimension of 102'-6." Given that both dimensions are below the bulk limit thresholds, the Project is in compliance with Code Section 270.

L. **Shadows**. Planning Code Section 295 requires a shadow analysis for projects over 40 feet in height to ensure that new buildings do not cast new shadows on properties that are under the jurisdiction of the San Francisco Recreation and Park Department.

A shadow analysis was completed that examined the project as it is currently proposed. The analysis revealed that no net shadow would be added to any Recreation and Park Department properties and thus the project complies with Planning Code Section 295.

- 7. **Planning Code Section 303** establishes criteria for the Planning Commission to consider when reviewing applications for Conditional Use approval. On balance, the project does comply with said criteria in that:
 - A. The proposed new uses and building, at the size and intensity contemplated and at the proposed location, will provide a development that is necessary or desirable, and compatible with, the neighborhood or the community.

The Project will construct a new building on a vacant lot containing 30 tourist hotel guest rooms. The Project will be consistent with the surrounding neighborhood, which is primarily comprised of multistory, high-density, residential and commercial buildings (several of which contain Hotel Uses). There are numerous 6- to 8-story buildings on the blocks surrounding the Project on Bush, Sutter and Leavenworth. The Project preserves the streetscape and the existing neighborhood character and is compatible with the Lower Nob Hill Apartment Hotel Historic District. At six-stories, the Project is compatible with the immediately-adjacent residential buildings, which, are 5- and 6-stories, respectively. An eight-story residential building is located across the street on the corner of Hyde and Sutter Streets. The tourist guest rooms are designed for efficiency. All of the units will have access to light; those units fronting onto Hyde Street (or the rear yard) will benefit from large, Code-compliant bay windows, while those interior units will face an interior lightwell.

The Project site is within walking distance of Union Square and numerous MUNI bus stops. The Project site is located three buildings to the south of Saint Francis Memorial Hospital, and is within walking distance of the new CPMC Van Ness/Geary campus. The presence of these Institutional Uses combined with the proximity to Union Square will benefit future hotel patrons. The Project will provide community benefits in the form of affordable hotel rooms near the hospital and medical facilities for use by family and friends of patients as well as visiting medical professionals. It will also convert an underutilized site into a small and vibrant boutique hotel, within walking distance of public transit, commerce and services. It is anticipated that the new users (hotel patrons) will support the nearby neighborhood-serving retail uses, adding pedestrian-oriented activity to the immediate neighborhood.

- B. The proposed project will not be detrimental to the health, safety, convenience or general welfare of persons residing or working in the vicinity. There are no features of the project that could be detrimental to the health, safety or convenience of those residing or working the area, in that:
 - i. Nature of proposed site, including its size and shape, and the proposed size, shape and arrangement of structures;

The Project is consistent with the surrounding neighborhood, which is primarily multi-story, high-density residential buildings. The Project will develop a vacant lot, thereby creating a more unified street wall. The Project's six-story height is consistent with the surrounding buildings, which range in height from four to eight stories. The Project has been designed to fit in with the character of the surrounding buildings by incorporating double bay windows, deep ground floor openings, and a projecting cornice. The Project provides an approximately seven-foot front setback at the top floor (6th floor) to allow for the perception of a stepping pattern along the subject frontage, as viewed from street level. While not required to provide a rear yard, the Project nevertheless provides a 15-foot rear yard to provide a physical buffer from adjacent structures.

ii. The accessibility and traffic patterns for persons and vehicles, the type and volume of such traffic, and the adequacy of proposed off-street parking and loading;

The Project will not provide any off-street parking. The high-density development and neighborhood-serving commercial uses that characterize the neighborhood will encourage hotel guests (users) to find alternatives to the use of private automobile, such as bicycles, public transportation, and taxis or ridesharing. The Project will generate less demand for private automobile use because the property is situated within a transit-rich area and does not provide parking. The property is located within a two-block radius of eight MUNI bus lines, within three blocks of the Van Ness Avenue line and eight blocks of the Market Street lines.

iii. The safeguards afforded to prevent noxious or offensive emissions such as noise, glare, dust and odor;

The Project proposes a Hotel Use without on-site vehicular parking and therefore will not produce noxious or offensive emissions, noise, glare, dust or odors associated with vehicles parking on-site. There is no commercial retail space, which, could generate the same. In order to ensure any significant noxious or offensive odors are prevented from escaping the premises once the Project is operational, the building permit application to implement the Project shall include air cleaning or odor control equipment details and manufacturer specifications on the plans. The Project will include lighting at the hotel entrance that focuses on the entrance area and does not create glare for neighbors. Any signage for the hotel would be on Hyde Street and would comply with applicable Planning Code requirements. Garbage and recycling facilities will remain inside the building and be contained within the ground level with a single access point.

iv. Treatment given, as appropriate, to such aspects as landscaping, screening, open spaces, parking and loading areas, service areas, lighting and signs;

The Project will provide one (1) street tree, two (2) Class II bicycle parking spaces, and will comply with all streetscape requirements. Parking is not proposed and therefore, the ground floor will consist of a hotel lobby that will contribute to the neighborhood character. The Project is not required to provide a rear yard given that no dwelling units are proposed; nevertheless, the Project provides a rear yard of fifteen feet in depth. The Project also will provide appropriate lighting for safety on the street side of the façade. The Project contains signage for identification purposes that is Code-compliant.

C. That the use as proposed will comply with the applicable provisions of the Planning Code and will not adversely affect the General Plan.

The Project complies with all relevant requirements and standards of the Planning Code and is consistent with objectives and policies of the General Plan.

- D. **Hotels and Motels.** Planning Code Section 303(g) requires that, with respect to applications for development of tourist hotels and motels, the Planning Commission shall consider:
 - i. The impact of the employees of the hotel or motel on the demand in the City for housing, public transit, child-care, and other social services. To the extent relevant, the Commission shall also consider the seasonal and part-time nature of employment in the hotel or motel;

The proposed Project would construct a new six-story, 30-room hotel, resulting in the creation of approximately 13 jobs. According to the Hotel Feasibility Study ("Study") produced by Hausrath Economics Group, the new Hotel Use would necessitate 8 full-time (FTE) positions (manager, front desk clerks, housekeeping, and maintenance) and 5 part-time (PTE) positions (desk clerks, and housekeeping). Generally, most San Francisco hotel employees live in San Francisco. According to the Economic Impact of San Francisco Hotels (2013), 57 percent of the people employed at San Francisco hotels also live in San Francisco, higher than the average of 54 percent

for all business sectors in San Francisco. (The 2013 report prepared for the Hotel Council of San Francisco by the Bay Area Council Economic Institute is the most current available at the time of the preparation of the Study prepared for the proposed Project).

It is assumed that new employees would likely have relocated from other jobs already in San Francisco. Therefore, the potential increase in employment would be minimal compared to the total employment expected in San Francisco and the greater San Francisco Bay Area. This minor increase in employment is not expected to generate a significant increase in demand for housing, transit, child care and other social services. Furthermore, the location is well-served by transit and the secure bicycle parking spaces will help to minimize additional auto trips.

Overall, the increase in employment would be less than significant in the context of the expected increases in the employment and population of San Francisco. The proposed Project would not directly or indirectly induce substantial population growth in San Francisco and would result in a less-than-significant population impact.

ii. The measures that will be taken by the project sponsor to employ residents of San Francisco in order to minimize increased demand for regional transportation;

The Project Sponsor plans to fill the job openings by hiring locally. The Project Sponsor will use the recruitment services offered by community-based agencies such as the Mission Hiring Hall and Chinese for Affirmative Action. This will supplement posting the job openings at HireSF.org, (an initiative of the Office of Economic and Workforce Development), advertising in local newspapers, and on Craigslist. Although the Project does not meet the minimum size threshold of 25,000 square feet of commercial development to take advantage of San Francisco's First Source Hiring Program, the Project Sponsor will nevertheless complete a First Source hiring agreement.

iii. The market demand for a hotel or motel of the type proposed.

Based on data within the Study, San Francisco's visitor industry is thriving and the number of visitors to the City is at an all-time high. As a result, hotel occupancies also at record levels. San Francisco Travel (the private, not-for-profit organization that markets the city as a leisure, convention, and business destination) reports 24.6 million visitors to San Francisco in 2015 (18.9 million leisure travelers and 5.8 million business travelers). Counts for both visitor categories were up 2.7 percent from the prior year. According to San Francisco Travel, just over 60 percent of all overnight visitors to San Francisco stayed in San Francisco hotels in 2015 (about 6.3 million visitors). Consistent occupancy rates between 80 and 90 percent since 2010 have led to significant increases in average daily room rates (average rental income paid per occupied room in one year). Citywide, the average daily room rate was \$268 in 2015, up almost 20 percent from an average of \$229 in 2013. San Francisco's climate and variety of local and regional destinations means that seasonality is not a big factor in the lodging market. This distinguishes San Francisco from many other visitor destinations. Occupancy rates are generally high year-round with peaks in the months of June through October.

According to the Study, there is evidence to suggest a near-term softening of occupancy rates and room rates as increased lodging supply responds to demand growth. While short-term home rental services such as Airbnb capture an increasing share of the overnight visitor market, for the first time since 2008 significant new hotel development is proposed in downtown San Francisco. The pipeline of more than 20 hotels and 4,000 rooms in projects under development or proposed is a direct response to sustained high occupancy rates and strong demand from tourism, business travel, and conventions. This new construction will be developed and absorbed over a period of years, but will moderate the upward trend of occupancy rates and likely reduce the rate of increase in room rates.

The Study suggests that the longer-term lodging market remains strong, assuming the supply of lodging types is diverse. The longer-term outlook for the tourist hotel market in San Francisco is strong. Tourism is one of the key sectors in the City's economy, supported by the strength of other economic activity in the City, growth in international travel, and the City's broad appeal to both convention and leisure travelers.

Overall, the Study concludes that: 1) numerous factors support a new Hotel Use at 824 Hyde Street, and 2) the positioning as a boutique hotel at the subject location is in-step with development trends in this part of the City. Specifically, the Study finds that:

- The site is centrally-located in San Francisco near major transportation corridors (the location is well-served by transit servicing Union Square, the Financial District, North Beach, and the Embarcadero);
- State and Federal government activity in nearby Civic Center provides a year-round source of demand for lodging in the Civic Center/Van Ness Corridor;
- The development of the 274-bed hospital at Van Ness and Geary represents an important near-future source of year-round demand for nearby lodging (the hospital project is stimulating a boom in real estate investment for housing, office, and hotel use near Van Ness and Geary);
- While projected room rates in the range of \$189 to \$379 per night are higher than the average for this location, they are consistent with rates at other boutique and small contemporary hotels in the vicinity; and
- As new construction, the Project will offer a distinctive product in San Francisco's boutique hotel market, where almost all such lodging is in renovated older buildings.
- 8. **General Plan Compliance.** The Project is, on balance, consistent with the following Objectives and Policies of the General Plan:

COMMERICE AND INDUSTRY ELEMENT

Objectives and Policies

OBJECTIVE 1:

MANAGE ECONOMIC GROWTH AND CHANGE TO ENSURE ENHANCEMENT OF THE TOTAL CITY LIVING AND WORKINIG ENVIRONMENT.

Policy 1.1:

Encourage development which provides substantial net benefits and minimizes undesirable consequences. Discourage development that has substantial undesirable consequences that cannot be mitigated.

Policy 1.2:

Assure that all commercial and industrial uses meet minimum, reasonable performance standards.

Policy 1.3:

Locate commercial and industrial activities according to a generalized commercial and industrial land use plan.

The proposed project would add thirty (30) tourist hotel guest rooms intended to serve visitors and business travelers of San Francisco, and as a result would create new jobs in a location that is easily accessible via transit. The project would result in increased tax revenue for the City—including Hotel Room Tax (transient occupancy tax or TOT) revenue for San Francisco's General Fun—and an increase in retail activity in the immediate neighborhood. A tourist hotel is permitted with a Conditional Use Authorization, and is thus consistent with activities in the commercial land use plan.

OBJECTIVE 2:

MAINTAIN AND ENHANCE A SOUND AND DIVERSE ECONOMIC BASE AND FISCAL STRUCTURE FOR THE CITY.

Policy 2.1:

Seek to retain existing commercial and industrial activity and to attract new such activity to the City.

Due to the Project Site's proximity to Union Square and Civic Center, the Project is anticipated to easily attract hotel patrons. The Project Site is also centrally located, close to many jobs and services, as well as public transit.

OBJECTIVE 8:

ENHANCE SAN FRANCISCO'S POSITION AS A NATIONAL CENTER FOR CONVENTIONS AND VISITOR TRADE.

Policy 8.1:

Guide the location of additional tourist related activities to minimize their adverse impacts on existing residential, commercial, and industrial activities.

Policy 8.3:

Assure that areas of particular visitor attraction are provided with adequate public services for both residents and visitors.

The Project locates a new 30-room tourist hotel in a location that is geographically in close proximity to the attractions, conventions, entertainment, public transit, retail and food services frequented by tourists and business travelers.

TRANSPORTATION ELEMENT

Objectives and Policies

OBJECTIVE 1:

MEET THE NEEDS OF ALL RESIDENTS AND VISITORS FOR SAFE, CONVENIENT AND INEXPENSIVE TRAVEL WITHIN SAN FRANCISCO AND BETWEEN THE CITY AND OTHER PARTS OF THE REGION WHILE MAINTAINING THE HIGH QUALITY LIVING ENVIRONMENT OF THE BAY AREA.

Policy 1.3:

Give priority to public transit and other alternatives to the private automobile as the means of meeting San Francisco's transportation needs, particularly those of commuters.

The Project creates a new hotel use within a transit-rich area and within close proximity to the downtown where jobs are concentrated. By not including parking, the Project encourages the use of public transit as an alternative to automobiles.

URBAN DESIGN ELEMENT

Objectives and Policies

OBJECTIVE 3:

MODERATION OF MAJOR NEW DEVELOPMENT TO COMPLEMENT THE CITY PATTERN, THE RESOURCES TO BE CONSERVED, AND THE NEIGHBORHOOD ENVIRONMENT.

Policy 3.2:

Avoid extreme contrasts in color, shape and other characteristics which will cause new buildings to stand out in excess of their public importance.

Policy 3.5:

Relate the height of buildings to important attributes of the city pattern and to the height and character of existing development.

Policy 3.6:

Relate the bulk of buildings to the prevailing scale of development to avoid an overwhelming or dominating appearance in new construction.

The Project site is located within the Lower Nob Hill Apartment Hotel Historic District (District). The surrounding area has a defined architectural character with the vast majority of the buildings having been constructed between 1906 and 1925. The District consists of almost entirely of 3- to 8-story multi-unit residential buildings which fill their entire front lot lines and share a single stylistic orientation. The Project site is located in an 80-A Height and Bulk District. The proposed new building is designed in a contemporary architectural style, including generous, modern glazing treatments, an organized fenestration pattern, and high-quality exterior finishes. The building would be approximately 64-foot-tall

(up to maximum height of 69 feet, inclusive of mechanical equipment and elevator over-run); these features are exempt per Planning Code Section 260(b). Therefore, the Project's proposed height is consistent with the requirements of the 80' Height District and with similar sized buildings in the area, and meets the "A" Bulk Limits.

OBJECTIVE 4:

IMPROVEMENT OF THE NEIGHBORHOOD ENVIRONMENTAL TO INCREASE PERSONAL SAFETY, COMFORT, PRIDE AND OPPORTUNITY.

Policy 4.11:

Make use of street space and other unused public areas for recreation, particularly in dense neighborhoods, such as those close to downtown, where land for traditional open spaces is more difficult to assemble.

The Project will include streetscape improvements along its Hyde Street frontages, including the installation of one (1) new street tree, and a new, publically-accessible Class II bicycle rack along Hyde Street. The building's base has been detailed to provide an appropriate scale for pedestrians, and the Project would add an important aspect of activity by virtue of infilling a vacant lot. These improvements will provide much needed streetscape improvements thorough the well-designed ground-floor treatments that will help to improve pedestrian safety without the need for a curb cut for off-street parking.

Policy 4.13:

Improve pedestrian areas by providing human scale and interest.

The Project is designed to fit within the neighborhood characterized by high-density, residential buildings and hotels within the Lower Nob Hill National Register District. The Project contains thirty (30) tourist guest rooms that are efficiently designed with adequate storage and have large windows for light. The building will reflect the design of the surrounding buildings because it contains double bay windows, deep ground floor openings, and a projecting cornice. The building's base has been detailed to provide an appropriate scale for pedestrians, and the Project would add an important aspect of activity (hotel lobby), providing a much-needed human scale and interest on a lot that is currently vacant. The project sponsor modified the façade to respond to comments made by the Department's historic preservation technical specialist. These changes ensure the Project will be consistent with the façade element patterns of other buildings in the Lower Nob Hill National Register District.

- 9. **Planning Code Section 101.1(b)** establishes eight priority-planning policies and requires review of permits for consistency with said policies. On balance, the project does comply with said policies in that:
 - A. That existing neighborhood-serving retail uses be preserved and enhanced and future opportunities for resident employment in and ownership of such businesses be enhanced.

The existing, neighborhood-serving retail will be preserved and enhanced through the construction of a new Hotel Use (Retail Sales and Service Use) on a vacant lot. While no ground floor, neighborhood-serving retail is proposed, the hotel provides opportunities for resident employment in the hotel.

B. That existing housing and neighborhood character be conserved and protected in order to preserve the cultural and economic diversity of our neighborhoods.

The property is a vacant lot. The property contained an eight-unit residential building that was destroyed by a fire in October 2010. Consistent with the height and density of residential and mixeduse buildings near the Project Site, the Project wall provide 30 hotel rooms in a 6-story-over-basement building. The prevailing development pattern in the neighborhood includes mid-rise buildings like that of the proposed Project which house hotels and residential uses with ground floor retail. The neighborhood is close to Union Square and reflects that area's mixture of restaurants, bars, housing and ground floor commercial uses, including hotels. The Project retains the prevailing neighborhood character by relating the height and bulk to be at or below that of the adjacent buildings and including design elements such as double bay windows, deep ground floor openings, and a projecting cornice.

C. That the City's supply of affordable housing be preserved and enhanced,

The Project does not affect affordable housing as there is no housing currently on the subject lot (the Project Site is currently vacant).

D. That commuter traffic not impede MUNI transit service or overburden our streets or neighborhood parking.

The Project will not cause an undue burden on the surrounding street parking, nor will it impede MUNI service. The Project will not provide parking because the Project is well-served by public transportation and is located within close proximity San Francisco's most popular tourist destinations. Many of the available MUNI lines: 38-Geary; 19-Polk; 47-and 49-Van Ness; 1-California; and 2-Clement; 30-Stockton; and 45-Union bus lines are within walking distance. These bus lines include stops and/or connections to the MUNI Metro, BART and F-lines on Market Street and connections to popular tourist attractions. The Van Ness BRT line will soon be operational and will expedite travel by tourists to many City destinations as well as connections with City and regional transit lines. Tourists do not necessarily travel during peak hours so MUNI service should not be negatively impacted by the Project.

E. That a diverse economic base be maintained by protecting our industrial and service sectors from displacement due to commercial office development, and that future opportunities for resident employment and ownership in these sectors be enhanced.

The Project does not eliminate any industrial or service sectors. The proposed Hotel Use is a commercial development that will replace a long-vacant and blighted lot with 30 tourist hotel guest rooms in a well-designed building compatible with the neighborhood and the Lower Nob Hill Apartment Hotel Historic District. By doing so, the Project provides the opportunity for resident employment at the hotel, and as a result of the increased demand generated by the tourists for neighborhood goods and services, at nearby retail businesses including bars and restaurants.

F. That the City achieve the greatest possible preparedness to protect against injury and loss of life in an earthquake.

The new building will comply with present day seismic and life-safety codes for achievement of the greatest possible preparedness to protect against injury and loss of life in the event of an earthquake.

G. That landmarks and historic buildings be preserved.

The property is located within the Lower Nob Hill Apartment Hotel Historic District (District). The new building is designed to fit within the District's context, including elements such as double bay windows, deep ground floor openings and a projecting cornice

H. That our parks and open space and their access to sunlight and vistas be protected from development.

The Project will have no negative impact on existing parks and open space. No existing park is observed within 300' radius of the property. The Project's height of 64'-0" (up to maximum height of 69 feet, inclusive of mechanical equipment and elevator over-run), will not have an impact on the surrounding parks and open space's access to sunlight and vistas. The height of the proposed structure is compatible with the established neighborhood development.

- 10. The Project is consistent with and would promote the general and specific purposes of the Code provided under Section 101.1(b) in that, as designed, the Project would contribute to the character and stability of the neighborhood and would constitute a beneficial development.
- 11. The Commission hereby finds that approval of the Conditional Use authorization would promote the health, safety and welfare of the City.

DECISION

That based upon the Record, the submissions by the Applicant, the staff of the Department and other interested parties, the oral testimony presented to this Commission at the public hearings, and all other written materials submitted by all parties, the Commission hereby **APPROVES Conditional Use Application No. 2016-010544CUA** subject to the following conditions attached hereto as "EXHIBIT A" in general conformance with plans on file, dated March 22, 2017, and stamped "EXHIBIT B", which is incorporated herein by reference as though fully set forth.

APPEAL AND EFFECTIVE DATE OF MOTION: Any aggrieved person may appeal this Conditional Use Authorization to the Board of Supervisors within thirty (30) days after the date of this Motion No. XXXXX. The effective date of this Motion shall be the date of this Motion if not appealed (After the 30-day period has expired) OR the date of the decision of the Board of Supervisors if appealed to the Board of Supervisors. For further information, please contact the Board of Supervisors at (415) 554-5184, City Hall, Room 244, 1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place, San Francisco, CA 94102.

Protest of Fee or Exaction: You may protest any fee or exaction subject to Government Code Section 66000 that is imposed as a condition of approval by following the procedures set forth in Government Code Section 66020. The protest must satisfy the requirements of Government Code Section 66020(a) and must be filed within 90 days of the date of the first approval or conditional approval of the development referencing the challenged fee or exaction. For purposes of Government Code Section 66020, the date of imposition of the fee shall be the date of the earliest discretionary approval by the City of the subject development.

If the City has not previously given Notice of an earlier discretionary approval of the project, the Planning Commission's adoption of this Motion, Resolution, Discretionary Review Action or the Zoning Administrator's Variance Decision Letter constitutes the approval or conditional approval of the development and the City hereby gives **NOTICE** that the 90-day protest period under Government Code Section 66020 has begun. If the City has already given Notice that the 90-day approval period has begun for the subject development, then this document does not re-commence the 90-day approval period.

I hereby certify that the Planning Commission ADOPTED the foregoing Motion on May 18, 2017.

Jonas P. Ionin Commission Secretary

AYES:

NAYS:

ABSENT:

ADOPTED: May 18, 2017

EXHIBIT A

AUTHORIZATION

This authorization is for a conditional use to allow a Hotel Use within a new construction building located at 824 Hyde Street, Lot 017 in Assessor's Block 0280, to exceed the use size limitations and to exceed 50 feet in a RC Zoning District, pursuant to Planning Code Sections 209.3, 253, 303, 303(g) within the RC-4 Zoning District and a 80-A Height and Bulk District; in general conformance with plans, dated **March 22, 2017**, and stamped "EXHIBIT B" included in the docket for Case No. **2016-010544CUA** and subject to conditions of approval reviewed and approved by the Commission on **May 18, 2017** under Motion No. **XXXXXX**. This authorization and the conditions contained herein run with the property and not with a particular Project Sponsor, business, or operator.

RECORDATION OF CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL

Prior to the issuance of the building permit or commencement of use for the Project the Zoning Administrator shall approve and order the recordation of a Notice in the Official Records of the Recorder of the City and County of San Francisco for the subject property. This Notice shall state that the project is subject to the conditions of approval contained herein and reviewed and approved by the Planning Commission on **May 18, 2017** under Motion No. **XXXXXX**.

PRINTING OF CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL ON PLANS

The conditions of approval under the 'Exhibit A' of this Planning Commission Motion No. **XXXXXX** shall be reproduced on the Index Sheet of construction plans submitted with the site or building permit application for the Project. The Index Sheet of the construction plans shall reference to the Conditional Use authorization and any subsequent amendments or modifications.

SEVERABILITY

The Project shall comply with all applicable City codes and requirements. If any clause, sentence, section or any part of these conditions of approval is for any reason held to be invalid, such invalidity shall not affect or impair other remaining clauses, sentences, or sections of these conditions. This decision conveys no right to construct, or to receive a building permit. "Project Sponsor" shall include any subsequent responsible party.

CHANGES AND MODIFICATIONS

Changes to the approved plans may be approved administratively by the Zoning Administrator. Significant changes and modifications of conditions shall require Planning Commission approval of a new Conditional Use authorization.

Conditions of Approval, Compliance, Monitoring, and Reporting

PERFORMANCE

1. **Validity.** The authorization and right vested by virtue of this action is valid for three (3) years from the effective date of the Motion. The Department of Building Inspection shall have issued a Building Permit or Site Permit to construct the project and/or commence the approved use within this three-year period.

For information about compliance, contact Code Enforcement, Planning Department at 415-575-6863, <u>www.sf-planning.org</u>

2. Expiration and Renewal. Should a Building or Site Permit be sought after the three (3) year period has lapsed, the project sponsor must seek a renewal of this Authorization by filing an application for an amendment to the original Authorization or a new application for Authorization. Should the project sponsor decline to so file, and decline to withdraw the permit application, the Commission shall conduct a public hearing in order to consider the revocation of the Authorization. Should the Commission not revoke the Authorization following the closure of the public hearing, the Commission shall determine the extension of time for the continued validity of the Authorization.

For information about compliance, contact Code Enforcement, Planning Department at 415-575-6863, <u>www.sf-planning.org</u>

3. **Diligent pursuit.** Once a site or Building Permit has been issued, construction must commence within the timeframe required by the Department of Building Inspection and be continued diligently to completion. Failure to do so shall be grounds for the Commission to consider revoking the approval if more than three (3) years have passed since this Authorization was approved.

For information about compliance, contact Code Enforcement, Planning Department at 415-575-6863, <u>www.sf-planning.org</u>

4. **Extension.** All time limits in the preceding three paragraphs may be extended at the discretion of the Zoning Administrator where implementation of the project is delayed by a public agency, an appeal or a legal challenge and only by the length of time for which such public agency, appeal or challenge has caused delay.

For information about compliance, contact Code Enforcement, Planning Department at 415-575-6863, <u>www.sf-planning.org</u>

5. **Conformity with Current Law.** No application for Building Permit, Site Permit, or other entitlement shall be approved unless it complies with all applicable provisions of City Codes in effect at the time of such approval.

For information about compliance, contact Code Enforcement, Planning Department at 415-575-6863, <u>www.sf-planning.org</u>

DESIGN – COMPLIANCE AT PLAN STAGE

6. **Final Materials.** The Project Sponsor shall continue to work with Planning Department on the building design. Final materials, glazing, color, texture, landscaping, and detailing shall be subject to Department staff review and approval. The architectural addenda shall be reviewed and approved by the Planning Department prior to issuance. *For information about compliance, contact the Case Planner, Planning Department at 415-558-6378,*

<u>www.sf-planning.org</u>

7. **Garbage, composting and recycling storage.** Space for the collection and storage of garbage, composting, and recycling shall be provided within enclosed areas on the property and clearly labeled and illustrated on the building permit plans. Space for the collection and storage of recyclable and compostable materials that meets the size, location, accessibility and other standards specified by the San Francisco Recycling Program shall be provided at the ground level of the buildings.

For information about compliance, contact the Case Planner, Planning Department at 415-558-6378, <u>www.sf-planning.org</u>

8. **Rooftop Mechanical Equipment.** Pursuant to Planning Code 141, the Project Sponsor shall submit a roof plan to the Planning Department prior to Planning approval of the building permit application. Rooftop mechanical equipment, if any is proposed as part of the Project, is required to be screened so as not to be visible from any point at or below the roof level of the subject building.

For information about compliance, contact the Case Planner, Planning Department at 415-558-6378, <u>www.sf-planning.org</u>

- 9. **Transformer Vault.** The location of individual project PG&E Transformer Vault installations has significant effects to San Francisco streetscapes when improperly located. However, they may not have any impact if they are installed in preferred locations. Therefore, the Planning Department recommends the following preference schedule in locating new transformer vaults, in order of most to least desirable:
 - a. On-site, in a basement area accessed via a garage or other access point without use of separate doors on a ground floor façade facing a public right-of-way;
 - b. On-site, in a driveway, underground;
 - c. On-site, above ground, screened from view, other than a ground floor façade facing a public right-of-way;
 - d. Public right-of-way, underground, under sidewalks with a minimum width of 12 feet, avoiding effects on streetscape elements, such as street trees; and based on Better Streets Plan guidelines;
 - e. Public right-of-way, underground; and based on Better Streets Plan guidelines;
 - f. Public right-of-way, above ground, screened from view; and based on Better Streets Plan guidelines;
 - g. On-site, in a ground floor façade (the least desirable location).

Unless otherwise specified by the Planning Department, Department of Public Work's Bureau of Street Use and Mapping (DPW BSM) should use this preference schedule for all new transformer vault installation requests.

For information about compliance, contact Bureau of Street Use and Mapping, Department of Public Works at 415-554-5810, <u>http://sfdpw.org</u>

- 10. Noise. Plans submitted with the building permit application for the approved project shall incorporate acoustical insulation and other sound proofing measures to control noise. *For information about compliance, contact the Case Planner, Planning Department at* 415-558-6378, <u>www.sf-planning.org</u>
- 11. **Odor Control Unit.** In order to ensure any significant noxious or offensive odors are prevented from escaping the premises once the project is operational, the building permit application to implement the project shall include air cleaning or odor control equipment details and manufacturer specifications on the plans. Odor control ducting shall not be applied to the primary façade of the building.

For information about compliance, contact the Case Planner, Planning Department at 415-558-6378, <u>www.sf-planning.org</u>

PARKING AND TRAFFIC

12. **Bicycle Parking**. Pursuant to Planning Code Sections 155.1 and 155.4, the Project shall provide no fewer than **1 (one)** Class I or **2 (two)** Class II bicycle parking spaces. SFMTA has final authority on the type, placement and number of Class 2 bicycle racks within the public ROW. Prior to issuance of first architectural addenda, the project sponsor shall contact the SFMTA Bike Parking Program at <u>bikeparking@sfmta.com</u> to coordinate the installation of on-street bicycle racks and ensure that the proposed bicycle racks meet the SFMTA's bicycle parking guidelines. Depending on local site conditions and anticipated demand, SFMTA may request the project sponsor pay an in-lieu fee for Class II bike racks required by the Planning Code. *For information about compliance, contact Code Enforcement, Planning Department at 415-575-6863,*

www.sf-planning.org

- 13. **Managing Traffic During Construction.** The Project Sponsor and construction contractor(s) shall coordinate with the Traffic Engineering and Transit Divisions of the San Francisco Municipal Transportation Agency (SFMTA), the Police Department, the Fire Department, the Planning Department, and other construction contractor(s) for any concurrent nearby Projects to manage traffic congestion and pedestrian circulation effects during construction of the Project. *For information about compliance, contact Code Enforcement, Planning Department at* 415-575-6863, *www.sf-planning.org*
- 14. **Transportation Demand Management (TDM) Program.** Pursuant to Planning Code Section 169, the Project shall finalize a TDM Plan prior to the issuance of the first Building Permit or Site Permit to construct the project and/or commence the approved uses. The Property Owner, and all successors, shall ensure ongoing compliance with the TDM Program for the life of the Project, which may include providing a TDM Coordinator, providing access to City staff for site inspections, submitting appropriate documentation, paying application fees associated with

required monitoring and reporting, and other actions. Prior to the issuance of the first Building Permit or Site Permit, the Zoning Administrator shall approve and order the recordation of a Notice in the Official Records of the Recorder of the City and County of San Francisco for the subject property to document compliance with the TDM Program. This Notice shall provide the finalized TDM Plan for the Project, including the relevant details associated with each TDM measure included in the Plan, as well as associated monitoring, reporting, and compliance requirements.

PROVISIONS

15. **Transportation Sustainability Fee.** The Project is subject to the Transportation Sustainability Fee (TSF), as applicable, pursuant to Planning Code Section 411A. *For information about compliance, contact the Case Planner, Planning Department at* 415-558-6378, *www.sf-planning.org*

MONITORING - AFTER ENTITLEMENT

- 16. Enforcement. Violation of any of the Planning Department conditions of approval contained in this Motion or of any other provisions of Planning Code applicable to this Project shall be subject to the enforcement procedures and administrative penalties set forth under Planning Code Section 176 or Section 176.1. The Planning Department may also refer the violation complaints to other city departments and agencies for appropriate enforcement action under their jurisdiction. *For information about compliance, contact Code Enforcement, Planning Department at* 415-575-6863, *www.sf-planning.org*
- 17. **Revocation due to Violation of Conditions.** Should implementation of this Project result in complaints from interested property owners, residents, or commercial lessees which are not resolved by the Project Sponsor and found to be in violation of the Planning Code and/or the specific conditions of approval for the Project as set forth in Exhibit A of this Motion, the Zoning Administrator shall refer such complaints to the Commission, after which it may hold a public hearing on the matter to consider revocation of this authorization.

For information about compliance, contact Code Enforcement, Planning Department at 415-575-6863, <u>www.sf-planning.org</u>

- 18. Sidewalk Maintenance. The Project Sponsor shall maintain the main entrance to the building and all sidewalks abutting the subject property in a clean and sanitary condition in compliance with the Department of Public Works Streets and Sidewalk Maintenance Standards. For information about compliance, contact Bureau of Street Use and Mapping, Department of Public Works, 415-695-2017, <u>http://sfdpw.org</u>
- 19. **Noise Control.** The premises shall be adequately soundproofed or insulated for noise and operated so that incidental noise shall not be audible beyond the premises or in other sections of the building and fixed-source equipment noise shall not exceed the decibel levels specified in the San Francisco Noise Control Ordinance.

For information about compliance with the fixed mechanical objects such as rooftop air conditioning, restaurant ventilation systems, and motors and compressors with acceptable noise levels, contact the Environmental Health Section, Department of Public Health at (415) 252-3800, <u>www.sfdph.org</u>

For information about compliance with the construction noise, contact the Department of Building Inspection, 415-558-6570, <u>www.sfdbi.org</u>

For information about compliance with the amplified sound including music and television contact the Police Department at 415-553-0123, <u>www.sf-police.org</u>

20. **Odor Control.** While it is inevitable that some low level of odor may be detectable to nearby residents and passersby, appropriate odor control equipment shall be installed in conformance with the approved plans and maintained to prevent any significant noxious or offensive odors from escaping the premises.

For information about compliance with odor or other chemical air pollutants standards, contact the Bay Area Air Quality Management District, (BAAQMD), 1-800-334-ODOR (6367), <u>www.baaqmd.gov</u> and Code Enforcement, Planning Department at 415-575-6863, <u>www.sf-planning.org</u>

21. **Community Liaison.** Prior to issuance of a building permit to construct the project and implement the approved use, the Project Sponsor shall appoint a community liaison officer to deal with the issues of concern to owners and occupants of nearby properties. The Project Sponsor shall provide the Zoning Administrator with written notice of the name, business address, and telephone number of the community liaison. Should the contact information change, the Zoning Administrator shall be made aware of such change. The community liaison shall report to the Zoning Administrator what issues, if any, are of concern to the community and what issues have not been resolved by the Project Sponsor.

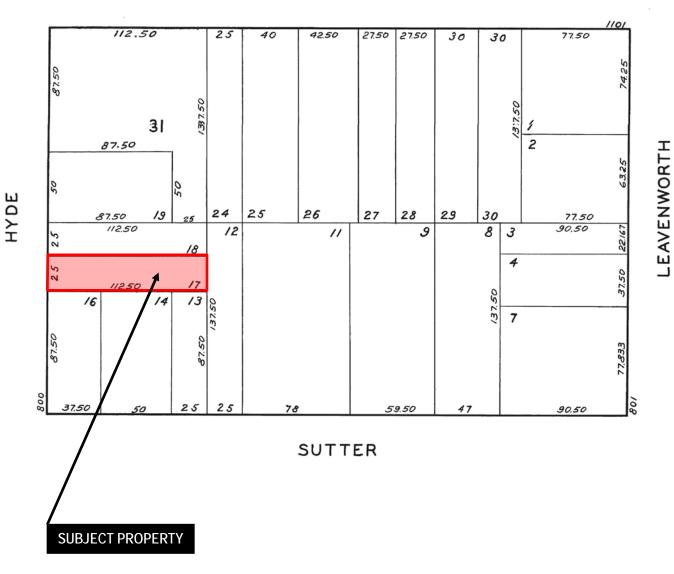
For information about compliance, contact Code Enforcement, Planning Department at 415-575-6863, <u>www.sf-planning.org</u>

OPERATION

22. Garbage, Recycling, and Composting Receptacles. Garbage, recycling, and compost containers shall be kept within the premises and hidden from public view, and placed outside only when being serviced by the disposal company. Trash shall be contained and disposed of pursuant to garbage and recycling receptacles guidelines set forth by the Department of Public Works. *For information about compliance, contact Bureau of Street Use and Mapping, Department of Public Works at* 415-554-.5810, http://sfdpw.org

Exhibits

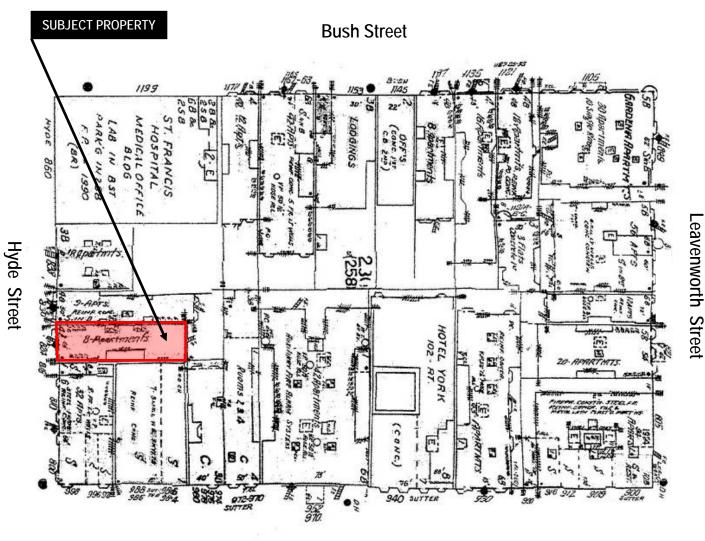
Parcel Map



BUSH



Sanborn Map*



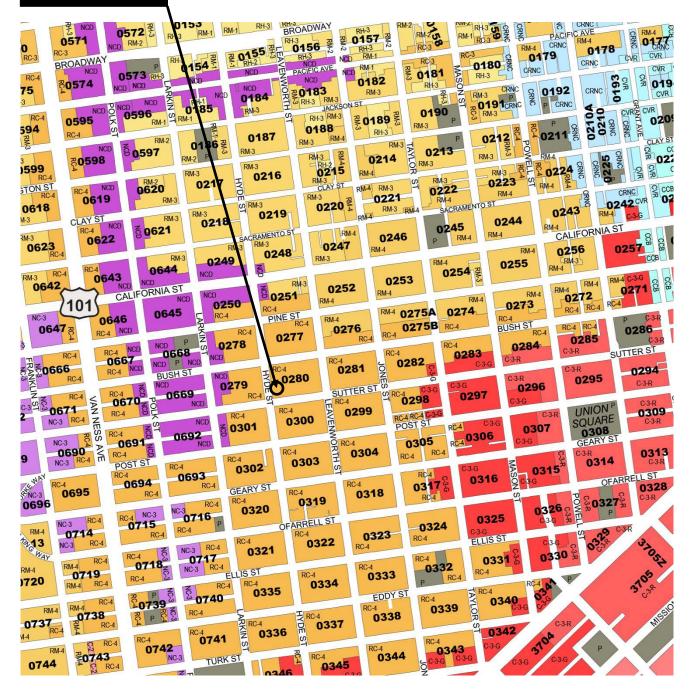
Sutter Street

*The Sanborn Maps in San Francisco have not been updated since 1998, and this map may not accurately reflect existing conditions.



Zoning Map

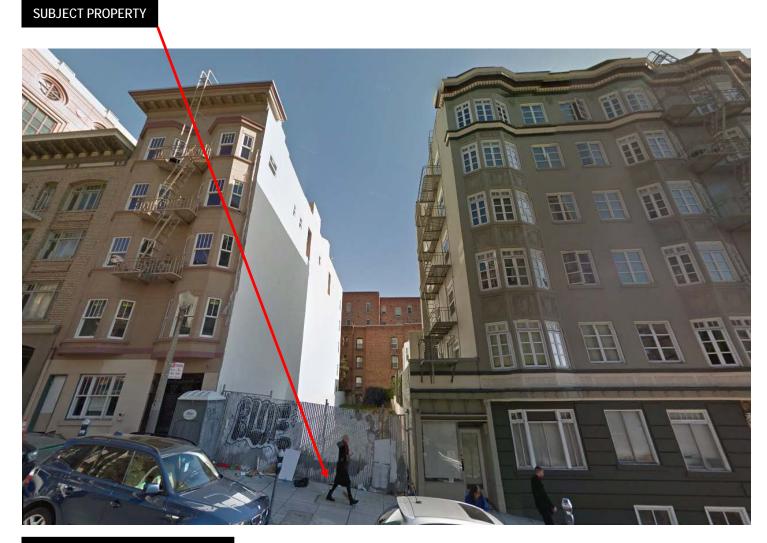
SUBJECT PROPERTY



Aerial Photos



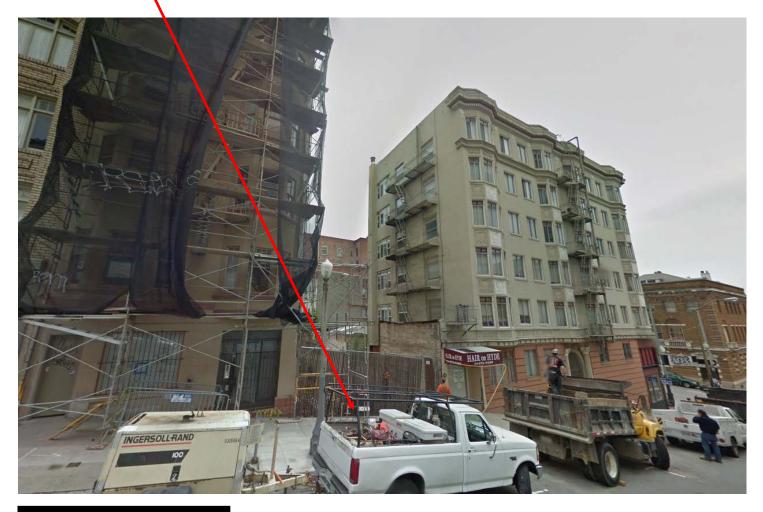
Site Photo



Street View of 824 Hyde Street.

Site Photo

SUBJECT PROPERTY



Street View of 824 Hyde Street.

Conditional Use Authorization Case Number 2016-010544CUA 824 Hyde Street

Site Photo



Street View of 824 Hyde Street.

Conditional Use Authorization Case Number 2016-010544CUA 824 Hyde Street

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SAN FRANCISCO PLANNING DEPARTMENT

Certificate of Determination Exemption from Environmental Review

Case No.:	2016-010544ENV
Project Title:	824 Hyde Street
Zoning:	RC-4 (Residential-Commercial, High Density) Use District
	80-A Height and Bulk District
Block/Lot:	0280/017
Lot Size:	2,812 square feet (0.06 acres)
Project Sponsor:	llene Dick, Farella Braun + Martel
	(415) 954-4958
Staff Contact:	Jennifer McKellar – (415) 575-8754
	Jennifer.Mckellar@sfgov.org

1650 Mission St. Suite 400 San Francisco, CA 94103-2479

Reception: 415.558.6378

Fax: 415.558.6409

Planning Information: 415.558.6377

PROJECT DESCRIPTION:

The project site consists of a vacant 2,812-square-foot (sf) rectangular lot located within the block bounded by Hyde, Bush, Leavenworth and Sutter streets in the Downtown/Civic Center neighborhood and within the Lower Nob Hill Apartment Hotel Historic District. The project site was previously occupied by a four-story, eight-unit residential building, which was destroyed by fire in 2010; the remnants of the damaged structure were removed in accordance with San Francisco Department of Building Inspection (DBI) demolition permit number 201011084503, issued on November 8, 2010.

(Continued on next page)

EXEMPT STATUS:

Categorical Exemption, Class 32 (California Environmental Quality Act [CEQA] Guidelines Section 15332 See pages 2 to 9.

(Continued on next page)

DETERMINATION:

I do hereby certify that the above determination has been made pursuant to State and local requirements.

Lisa M. Gibson Acting Environmental Review Officer

5/5/17

Date

cc: Ilene Dick, Project Sponsor
 Nicholas Foster, Current Planner
 Marcelle Boudreaux , Preservation Planner
 Supervisor Aaron Peskin, District 3, (via Clerk of the Board)

Distribution List Historic Preservation Distribution List Virna Byrd, M.D.F.

PROJECT DESCRIPTION (continued):

The proposed project would construct a new 15,484-sf, 67-foot-tall, six-story-over-basement, 30-room tourist hotel on the sloping lot. Open space would be provided in the form of a rear yard and a sixth-floor sun deck. The project would provide one Class I bicycle parking space in the basement and two Class II bicycle parking spaces on Hyde Street. No off-street parking or off-street loading is proposed. However, the project would seek approval for a 40-foot-long passenger loading zone on Hyde Street in front of the proposed building. The project would require approximately 450 cubic yards of excavation over an area of 2,812 sf to a maximum depth of 10 feet.

Project Approvals

The proposed project would require the following approvals:

- Conditional Use Authorization (Planning Commission)
- Site/Building Permit (Planning Department and Department of Building Inspection)

Approval Action: Conditional Use Authorization by the Planning Commission would constitute the Approval Action for the project. The Approval Action date establishes the start of the 30-day appeal period for this CEQA exemption determination pursuant to Section 31.04(h) of the San Francisco Administrative Code.

EXEMPT STATUS (continued):

CEQA Guidelines Section 15332, or Class 32, provides an exemption from environmental review for in-fill development projects that meet the following conditions. As discussed below, the proposed project satisfies the terms of the Class 32 exemption.

a) The project is consistent with applicable general plan designations and policies as well as with applicable zoning designations.

The *San Francisco General Plan* provides policies and objectives that guide land use decisions in San Francisco, some of which relate to physical environmental topics. The proposed project would not conflict with any applicable General Plan policies and objectives.

The project site is located within an RC-4 (Residential-Commercial, High Density) Zoning District. Pursuant to Planning Code Section 209.3, the proposed hotel use is conditionally permitted in an RC-4 Zoning District. The proposed project is seeking a Conditional Use Authorization from the Planning Commission for the hotel use; therefore, it would be consistent with the RC-4 zoning designation. The project site is also located in an 80-A Height and Bulk District, which limits the height of buildings to a maximum of 80 feet; the height of the proposed building (67 feet) complies with this limit. However, Planning Code Section 253 specifies that construction of a building exceeding 50 feet within an RC district requires Planning Commission approval. Since the proposed project is seeking a Conditional Use Authorization to construct a 67-foot-tall building, it would be consistent with the

requirements of Section 253. For these reasons, the proposed project is consistent with applicable zoning designations.

b) The development occurs within city limits on a site of less than five acres surrounded by urban uses.

The approximately 0.06-acre (2,812-square-foot) project site is located within a fully developed area of San Francisco. The surrounding properties include multi-story residential, commercial, office, and institutional (education, healthcare, philanthropic) uses. Therefore, the proposed project would qualify as an in-fill development occurring within city limits on a site of less than five acres surrounded by urban uses.

c) The project site has no habitat for endangered, rare or threatened species.

The project site consists of a previously developed vacant lot located within a fully developed urban area of San Francisco. The vacant lot is devoid of any landscaping or groundcover and therefore, provides no habitat for endangered, rare or threatened species.

d) Approval of the project would not result in any significant effects relating to traffic, noise, air quality, or water quality.

Traffic

On March 3, 2016, in anticipation of the future certification of revised CEQA Guidelines pursuant to Senate Bill 743, the San Francisco Planning Commission adopted the State Office of Planning and Research (OPR) recommendation in the *Revised Proposal on Updates to the CEQA Guidelines on Evaluating Transportation Impacts in CEQA*¹ to use the Vehicle Miles Traveled (VMT) metric instead of automobile delay to evaluate the transportation impacts of projects (Resolution 19579). (Note: the VMT metric does not apply to the analysis of impacts on non-automobile modes of travel such as riding transit, walking, and bicycling.) Accordingly, this categorical exemption does not contain a separate discussion of automobile delay (i.e., traffic) impacts. Instead, a VMT and induced automobile travel impact analysis is provided within.

Vehicle Miles Traveled (VMT)

Many factors affect travel behavior. These factors include density, diversity of land uses, transportation network design, access to regional destinations, distance to high-quality transit, development scale, demographics, and transportation demand management. Typically, low-density development at great distance from other land uses, located in areas with poor access to non-private vehicular modes of travel, generate more automobile travel compared to development located in urban areas, where a higher density, mix of land uses, and travel options other than private vehicles are available.

Given these travel behavior factors, San Francisco has a lower VMT ratio than the nine-county San Francisco Bay Area region. In addition, some areas of the City, expressed geographically through

¹ Governor's Office of Planning and Research, *Revised Proposal on Updates to the CEQA Guidelines on Evaluating Transportation Impacts in CEQA*, January 20, 2016, accessed March 22, 2017 at <u>https://www.opr.ca.gov/docs/Revised_VMT_CEQA_Guidelines_Proposal_January_20_2016.pdf</u>.

transportation analysis zones (TAZs), have lower VMT ratios than other areas of the City. The Planning Department has prepared a Geographic Information System database (the Transportation Information Map) with current and projected 2040 per capita VMT figures for all TAZs in the City, in addition to regional daily average figures.²

A project would have a significant effect on the environment if it would cause substantial additional VMT. The OPR's *Revised Proposal on Updates to the CEQA Guidelines on Evaluating Transportation Impacts in CEQA* recommends screening criteria to identify types, characteristics, or locations of projects that would not result in significant impacts to VMT. If a project meets one of the three screening criteria provided (Map-Based Screening, Small Projects, and Proximity to Transit Stations), then it is presumed that VMT impacts would be less than significant for the project and a detailed VMT analysis is not required. Map-Based-Screening is used to determine if a project site is located within an area that exhibits low levels of VMT, defined as 15 percent or more below the regional average. Small Projects are projects that would generate fewer than 100 vehicle trips per day. The Proximity to Transit Stations criterion includes projects that are within a half mile of an existing major transit stop, have a floor area ratio (FAR) greater than or equal to 0.75, vehicle parking that is less than or equal to that required or allowed by the Planning Code without conditional use authorization, and are consistent with the applicable Sustainable Communities Strategy.

The project site is located within San Francisco Bay Area transportation analysis zone (TAZ) 322. As shown in Table 1, existing and future VMT values for the proposed hotel use are 2.8 and 2.5, respectively.^{3,4} These values are approximately 80 percent below the corresponding existing and future thresholds (the regional average less 15 percent). Therefore, the proposed project meets the Map-Based Screening criterion because the project site is located within an area that exhibits low levels of VMT for the proposed land use. The proposed project also meets the Small Projects and Proximity to Transit Stations screening criteria, which further indicates that the proposed project would not cause substantial additional VMT.⁵

Land Use	Use Bay Area					TAZ 322		
mark and a set	Existi	ng VMT	Future (2	:040) VMT	Existing	Future		
	Regional	Regional	Regional	Regional	VMT	(2040) VMT		
	Average	Average minus 15%	Average	Average minus 15%				
Residential	17.2	14.6	16.1	13.7	2.8	2.5		

Table 1. Map-Based Screening of Daily Vehicle Miles Traveled Per Capita

Source: San Francisco Transportation Information Map, accessed March 14, 2017 at http://sftransportationmap.org.

Induced Automobile Travel

A project that would substantially induce additional automobile travel by increasing physical roadway capacity in congested areas (i.e., by adding new mixed-flow lanes) or by adding new

² San Francisco Planning Department, *Transportation Information Map*, accessed March 22, 2017, Available online at: <u>http://sftransportationmap.org</u>.

³ Tourist hotels are treated as residential uses for Vehicle Miles Traveled (VMT) screening and analysis.

⁴ San Francisco Planning Department, Eligibility Checklist: CEQA Section 21099–Modernization of Transportation Analysis, 824 Hyde Street, March 23, 2017.

⁵ Ibid.

roadways to the network would have a significant effect on the environment. OPR's proposed transportation impact guidelines includes a list of transportation project types that would not likely lead to a substantial or measureable increase in VMT. If a project fits within the general types of projects (including combinations of types), then it is presumed that VMT impacts would be less than significant and a detailed VMT analysis is not required. The proposed project would not increase physical roadway capacity or add new roadways to the network. The proposed project would seek approval for a 40-foot-long passenger loading zone on Hyde Street. However, if approved, the loading zone would be considered a minor transportation project and would not lead to a substantial increase in VMT.⁶ Therefore, the proposed project would not substantially induce automobile travel and associated impacts would be less than significant.

Construction Traffic

Construction of the proposed project would occur over approximately 12-15 months, which would increase automobile travel due to construction workers traveling to and from the site. However, this increase would be temporary, and therefore, any construction-related induced automobile travel impacts associated with the proposed project would be less than significant.

Noise

In a decision issued on December 17, 2015, the California Supreme Court held that CEQA does not generally require an agency to consider the effects of existing environmental conditions on a proposed project's future users or residents except where a project or its residents may exacerbate existing environmental hazards.⁷ Nonetheless, the proposed project would be subject to the California Building Standards Code (Title 24), which establishes uniform noise insulation standards. The Title 24 acoustical requirement for residential structures (including hotels) is incorporated into Section 1207 of the San Francisco Building Code and requires that these structures be designed to prevent the intrusion of exterior noise so that the noise level with windows closed, attributable to exterior sources, shall not exceed 45 A-weighted decibels (dBA),⁸ in any habitable room.

Potential noise impacts associated with the construction and operation of the proposed project are discussed below.

Construction Noise

Construction of the proposed project would occur over approximately 12-15 months. All construction activities for the proposed project would be subject to the San Francisco Noise Ordinance (Article 29 of the San Francisco Police Code). The Noise Ordinance requires construction work to be conducted in the following manner: (1) noise levels of construction equipment, other than impact tools, must not exceed 80 dBA at a distance of 100 feet from the source (the equipment generating the noise); (2) impact tools must have intake and exhaust mufflers that are approved by the Director of Public

⁶ Ibid.

⁷ California Building Industry Association v. Bay Area Air Quality Management District, December 17, 2015, Case No. S213478, available online at: <u>http://www.courts.ca.gov/opinions/documents/S213478.PDF</u>).

⁸ A decibel (dB) is a unit of measurement describing the amplitude of sound, equal to 20 times the logarithm to the base 10 of the ratio of the pressure of the sound measured to the reference pressure, which is 20 micropascals. The dBA, or A-weighted decibel, refers to a scale of noise measurement that approximates the range of sensitivity of the human ear to sounds of different frequencies. On this scale, the normal range of human hearing extends from about 0 dBA to about 140 dBA. A 10-dBA increase in the level of a continuous noise represents a perceived doubling of loudness.

Works (PW) or the Director of the Department of Building Inspection (DBI) to best accomplish maximum noise reduction; and (3) if the noise from the construction work would exceed the ambient noise levels at the site property line by 5 dBA, the work must not be conducted between 8:00 PM and 7:00 a.m. unless the Director of PW authorizes a special permit for conducting the work during that period.

DBI is responsible for enforcing the Noise Ordinance for private construction projects during normal business hours (8:00 AM to 5:00 PM). The Police Department is responsible for enforcing the Noise Ordinance during all other hours. Nonetheless, during the 12- to 15-month construction period for the proposed project, occupants of the nearby properties could be disturbed by construction noise. Times may occur when noise could interfere with indoor activities in nearby residences and other businesses near the project site. However, the increase in noise in the project area during project construction would not be considered a significant impact of the proposed project because the construction noise would be temporary, intermittent, and restricted in occurrence and level, as the contractor would be required to comply with the Noise Ordinance, which would reduce construction noise impacts to a less-than-significant level.

Operational Noise

The proposed project would construct a six-story, 30-room tourist hotel in a location where the existing Day-Night Average Sound Level (Ldn)⁹ ranges from approximately 65 Ldn to more than 70 Ldn along the Hyde Street property line to approximately 50 Ldn to 55 Ldn at the rear of the property.¹⁰ Ambient noise levels in the vicinity of the project site are typical of noise levels in neighborhoods in San Francisco, which are dominated by vehicular traffic, including trucks, cars, buses, emergency vehicles, and land use activities, such as commercial businesses and periodic temporary construction-related noise from nearby development, or street maintenance. The traffic volume in the vicinity would need to double in order to produce a 3-decibel increase in ambient noise levels, which would be barely perceptible to the human ear.¹¹ The proposed project would add approximately 28 daily vehicle trips to the local street network.¹² Existing traffic volume at the intersection of Hyde and Bush streets exceeds 45,000 vehicles per day.¹³ Therefore, vehicle trips generated by the proposed project would not result in a perceptible increase in ambient noise levels near the project site.

Noises generated by hotel uses are common and generally accepted in urban areas, including the tourist-oriented vicinity of the project site. The proposed project would include a ground-level rear patio, divided between two rear ground-floor hotel rooms, and a sixth-floor sundeck adjoining a hotel room facing Hyde Street that would produce intermittent operational noise on the project site attributed to the hotel guests occupying the associated hotel rooms. The proposed project would also

⁹ The Day-Night Average Sound Level (Ldn) is the A-weighted equivalent continuous sound exposure level for a 24-hour period with a 10 decibel (dB) adjustment added to the sound levels occurring during nighttime hours (10 PM to 7AM).

¹⁰ San Francisco Planning Department, EP_ArcMap Traffic Noise Levels Layer, accessed March 29 2017.

¹¹ United States Department of Transportation, Federal Highway Administration, *Highway Traffic Noise: Analysis and Abatement Guidance*, December 2011, accessed April 3, 2017. Available online at:

http://www.fhwa.dot.gov/environment/noise/regulations and guidance/analysis and abatement guidance/revguidance.pdf. ¹² San Francisco Planning Department, Transportation Calculations for 824 Hyde Street, March 14, 2017.

¹³ San Francisco Municipal Transportation Agency, *SFMTA Traffic Count Data* 1995-2015, accessed April 3, 2017. Available online at: <u>https://www.sfmta.com/about-sfmta/reports/sfmta-traffic-count-data-1995-2015</u>. Traffic data collected at the Hyde Street/ Bush Street intersection.

include new fixed noise sources on the rooftop that would produce operational noise on the project site, such as heating, ventilation, and air conditioning equipment. These sources of operational noise would be subject to Section 2909 (b) and (d) of the San Francisco Noise Ordinance (Article 29 of the San Francisco Police Code). Section 2909 (b) regulates noise from mechanical equipment and devices on commercial property; mechanical equipment and devices operating on commercial property must not produce a noise level more than 8 dBA above the ambient noise level at the property boundary. Section 2909 (d) states that no fixed noise source may cause the noise level measured inside any sleeping or living room in a dwelling unit on residential property to exceed 45 dBA between 10 PM and 7 AM or 55 dBA between 7 AM and 10 PM with windows open, except where building ventilation is achieved through mechanical systems that allow windows to remain closed. The proposed project would be subject to and required to comply with the Noise Ordinance.

For these reasons, operational noise impacts associated with the proposed project would be less than significant.

Air Quality

Criteria Air Pollutants

In accordance with the state and federal Clean Air Acts, air pollutant standards are identified for the following six criteria air pollutants: ozone, carbon monoxide (CO), particulate matter (PM), nitrogen dioxide (NO₂), sulfur dioxide (SO₂) and lead. These air pollutants are termed criteria air pollutants because they are regulated by developing specific public health- and welfare-based criteria as the basis for setting permissible levels. The Bay Area Air Quality Management District (BAAQMD), in their CEQA Air Quality Guidelines (May 2011), has developed screening criteria to determine if projects would violate an air quality standard, contribute substantially to an air quality violation, or result in a cumulatively considerable net increase in criteria air pollutants within the San Francisco Bay Area Air Basin. If a proposed project meets the screening criteria, then the project would result in less-than-significant criteria air pollutant impacts. A project that exceeds the screening criteria may require a detailed air quality assessment to determine whether criteria air pollutant emissions would exceed significance thresholds. The proposed project, at 30 hotel rooms, would not exceed the criteria air pollutant screening levels for operation (489 rooms) or construction (554 rooms) of a hotel.¹⁴ Further, the proposed project would require excavation of approximately 450 cubic yards of soil, which falls below the threshold (10,000 cubic yards) that would trigger extensive material transport and the generation of potentially significant levels of construction-related criteria air pollutants. Therefore, the proposed project would result in less-than-significant air quality impacts resulting from criteria air pollutant emissions.

Health Risks

In addition to criteria air pollutants, individual projects may emit toxic air contaminants (TACs). TACs collectively refer to a diverse group of air pollutants that are capable of causing chronic (i.e., of long-duration) and acute (i.e., severe but short-term) adverse effects to human health, including carcinogenic effects. In response to growing concerns of TACs and their human health effects, the San Francisco Board of Supervisors approved a series of amendments to the San Francisco Building and Health Codes, generally referred to as the Enhanced Ventilation Required for Urban Infill Sensitive

¹⁴ Bay Area Air Quality Management District, *CEQA Air Quality Guidelines*, Updated May 2011. Table 3-1.

Use Developments or Health Code, Article 38 (Ordinance 224-14, effective December 8, 2014)(Article 38). The purpose of Article 38 is to protect the public health and welfare by establishing an Air Pollutant Exposure Zone and imposing an enhanced ventilation requirement for all urban infill sensitive use development within the Air Pollutant Exposure Zone. Projects within the Air Pollutant Exposure Zone require special consideration to determine whether the project's activities would expose sensitive receptors to substantial air pollutant concentrations or add emissions to areas already adversely affected by poor air quality.

The proposed project is not within an Air Pollutant Exposure Zone. Therefore, the proposed project would not result in a significant impact with respect to siting new sensitive receptors in areas with substantial levels of air pollution. The proposed project would require construction activities for the approximate 12- to 15-month construction phase. However, construction emissions would be temporary and variable in nature and would not be expected to expose sensitive receptors to substantial air pollutants. Furthermore, the proposed project would be subject to, and comply with, California regulations limiting idling to no more than five minutes,¹⁵ which would further reduce nearby sensitive receptors' exposure to temporary and variable TAC emissions. Therefore, construction period TAC emissions would not result in a significant impact with respect to exposing sensitive receptors to substantial levels of air pollution.

Water Quality

The project site consists of a vacant lot primarily covered with porous surfaces. While the proposed project would increase the impervious surface area on the project site, the proportion of impervious to porous surface cover would be similar to that found on adjacent and nearby lots and to the fourstory, eight-unit residential building that previously occupied the project site. Project-related wastewater and stormwater would flow into the City's combined sewer system and would be treated to standards contained in the City's National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) Permit prior to discharge. Project construction activities must comply with the Construction Site Runoff Ordinance, which would reduce the discharge of pollution to the local storm drain system. In accordance with this requirement, the project sponsor or its construction contractor is required to prepare an Erosion and Sediment Control Plan (ESCP) that would be reviewed, approved, and enforced by the San Francisco Public Utilities Commission. The ESCP would specify construction best management practices and erosion and sedimentation control measures to prevent sediment from entering the City's combined stormwater/sewer system during project construction. Therefore, the proposed project would not result in significant water quality impacts.

e) The site can be adequately served by all required utilities and public services.

The project site is located within a dense urban area of San Francisco where all public services and utilities are available. The proposed project would be connected to the City's water, electricity and wastewater services. Prior to receiving a building permit, the project would be reviewed by the City to ensure compliance with City and State fire and building code regulations concerning building standards and fire protection. Previously, the project site was occupied by a 7,904-square-foot, four-story, eight-unit residential building; the maximum use intensity of the previous development and

¹⁵ California Code of Regulations, Title 13, Division 3, § 2485 (on-road) and § 2449(d)(2) (off-road).

the proposed project are 40 occupants and 79 occupants, respectively.¹⁶ Although the proposed project would nearly double the project site's intensity of use, this increase would not necessitate any expansion of public utilities or public service facilities.

DISCUSSION OF ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES:

CEQA Guidelines Section 15300.2 establishes exceptions to the application of a categorical exemption for a project. None of the established exceptions applies to the proposed project.

Guidelines Section 15300.2, subdivision (b), provides that a categorical exemption shall not be used where the cumulative impact of successive projects of the same type in the same place, over time, is significant. As discussed below under "Cumulative Impacts," there is no possibility of a significant cumulative effect on the environment due to the proposed project.

Guidelines Section 15300.2, subdivision (c), provides that a categorical exemption shall not be used for an activity where there is a reasonable possibility that the activity will have a significant effect on the environment due to unusual circumstances. As discussed above, the proposed project would not have a significant effect on traffic, noise, air quality and water quality. In addition, the proposed project would not have a significant effect on the environment due to unusual circumstances for other environmental topics, including those discussed below.

CEQA Guidelines Section 15300.2, subdivision (e), provides that a categorical exemption shall not be used for a project located on a site which is included on any list compiled pursuant to Section 65962.5 of the Government Code. Although the project site is one of the sites included on such a list, for the reasons discussed below under "Hazardous Materials," there is no possibility that the proposed project would have a significant effect on the environment related to this circumstance.

CEQA Guidelines Section 15300.2, subdivision (f), provides that a categorical exemption shall not be used for a project that may cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of a historical resource. For the reasons discussed below under "Historic Architectural Resources," there is no possibility that the proposed project would have a significant effect on a historic resource.

Hazardous Materials

The proposed project would disturb more than 50 cubic yards of soil on a site located within approximately 100 feet of a former Leaking Underground Fuel Tank (LUFT) Cleanup site (952 Sutter Street). Therefore, the project is subject to Article 22A of the Health Code, also known as the Maher Ordinance, which is administered and overseen by the Department of Public Health (DPH). The Maher Ordinance requires the project sponsor to retain the services of a qualified professional to prepare a Phase I Environmental Site Assessment (ESA) that meets the requirements of Health Code Section 22.A.6. The Phase I ESA would determine the potential for site contamination and level of exposure risk associated with the project. Based on that information, the project sponsor may be required to conduct soil and/or groundwater sampling and analysis. Where such analysis reveals the presence of hazardous substances

¹⁶ Intensity of use was calculated by dividing the gross square footage (gsf) of the previous building or proposed building by the maximum occupant load (200 gsf/occupant in both cases) for each use. Occupancy loads determined from "Table 1004.1.2: Maximum Floor Area Allowances Per Occupant" of the 2016 California Building Code, accessed March 20, 2017. Available online at: <u>http://codes.iccsafe.org/app/book/content/2016CaliforniaCodes/BuildingVolume1/Chapter10MeansofEgress.pdf</u>.

Exemption from Environmental Review

in excess of state or federal standards, the project sponsor is required to submit a site mitigation plan (SMP) to DPH or other appropriate state or federal agencies, and to remediate any site contamination in accordance with an approved SMP prior to issuance of any building permit.

The project sponsor submitted a Maher Application^{17,18} to DPH with the following supporting documentation: Phase I ESA,¹⁹ geotechnical investigation with supplemental recommendations,^{20,21} Phase II Environmental Site Assessment (Workplan)²² and a site specific health and safety plan.²³ DPH reviewed the application and supporting materials and issued a response letter, which approved the project's proposed Phase II ESA (Workplan) and accepted the submitted geotechnical report and proposed site-specific health and safety plan.²⁴ In the response letter, DPH also requested that the project sponsor confirm the depth and volume of proposed soil excavation/disturbance, provide a complete description of the commercial property in the form of an executive summary, and submit a Phase 2 Site Characterization Report in accordance with Health Code Sections 22.A.7 and 22.A.8 and the details included in the letter.

The project sponsor would be required to comply with all Department of Public Health's requirements and to remediate any potential soil and/or groundwater contamination in accordance with Article 22A of the Health Code. Therefore, the proposed project would not result in a significant hazard to the public or the environment through the release of hazardous materials.

Historic Architectural Resources

The project site consists of a 2,812-square-foot vacant lot located within the Lower Nob Hill Apartment Hotel Historic District. The project site was previously occupied by an eight-unit residential building that was designated a District-contributing historic resource in 1991. However, the building was destroyed by fire in 2010 and the vacant lot is now considered a non-contributing property within the District.

Since the project site is located in the Lower Nob Hill Apartment Hotel Historic District, any proposed construction on the subject property must be assessed for its potential to result in a substantial adverse change to the significance of the District. Therefore, the proposal to construct a new commercial building on the project site is subject to the Planning Department's Historic Preservation Review. Planning staff reviewed the proposed project against the criteria set forth by the Secretary of Interior's Standards for the Treatment of Historic Properties using existing Planning Department records and research materials,

¹⁷ Patel, Ketal (Project Proponent), *Maher Ordinance Application: 824 Hyde Street*, submitted January 25, 2017.

¹⁸ Tabora, Czarina (DPH), Email correspondence with Peter Littman, Environmental Investigation Services, Inc.: *RE: Receipt of Maher application for 824 Hyde Street, San Francisco*, February 2, 2017.

¹⁹ Romig Engineers, Inc., Phase I Preliminary Environmental Site Assessment, 824 Hyde Street, San Francisco, California, April 2013.

²⁰ Romig Engineers, Inc., Geotechnical Investigation for Conley Apartment Building, 824 Hyde Street, San Francisco, California 94109, January 2013.

²¹ Romig Engineers, Inc., Supplemental Recommendations, Hyde St. Hotel Project, 824 Hyde Street, San Francisco, California, September 1, 2016.

²² Environmental Investigation Services, EIS Project # 1704-2 Phase II Environmental Site Assessment for Maher Study for 824 Hyde Street, San Francisco, California (APN 028-0017), January 25, 2017.

²³ Environmental Investigation Services, Site Specific Health and Safety Plan, 824 Hyde Street, San Francisco, California, EIS Project # 1704-2, January 25, 2017.

²⁴ Weden, Martita Lee M. and Mamdouh A. Awwad, *Phase 2 Subsurface Investigation Workplan Approval*, *Commercial Development*, 824 Hyde Street, San Francisco, CA 94109, EHB-SAM No.-SMED: 1521, March 2, 2017.

including a Historic Resource Evaluation (HRE)²⁵ and Historic Resource Evaluation Response (HRER)²⁶ previously completed for the subject property, and subsequently prepared a determination in a Preservation Team Review (PTR) Form.²⁷

The PTR concludes that the proposed project is sufficiently differentiated from the contributors to the District, but incorporates character-defining features of and appears to be compatible with the Lower Nob Hill National Register Historic District. It also determines that the replacement structure is in conformance with the Secretary of the Interior's Standards, including Use, Visibility and Spatial Relationship, Scale and Massing, and Materials, Ornament and Style, and therefore, would not materially impair the significance of the Historic District. Thus, the proposed project would not result in a significant impact to historic architectural resources.

Geology and Soils

The proposed project would construct a new building and excavate in excess of 50 cubic yards of soil on a lot with an average slope of 20 percent or greater.²⁸ Therefore, a geotechnical investigation of the project site was required. Since the project site had been recently evaluated for a previous project²⁹, the project sponsor submitted the associated geotechnical site investigation report³⁰ along with supplemental recommendations³¹ prepared by the original geotechnical consultant that revised the report to address the scope of the currently proposed project.

The geotechnical site investigation included a subsurface investigation, examination of surface soils, a review of pertinent geologic and geotechnical data and literature, laboratory testing of boring samples, and geotechnical analysis of all findings. The subsurface investigation consisted of two exploratory borings to depths of 16.2 and 18.3 feet. These borings generally encountered about eight to 18 feet of stiff to hard sandy lean clay of low to moderate plasticity underlain by severely weathered shale bedrock to the maximum depths explored (16.2 and 18.3 feet). Testing of a sample of surface soil obtained during the exploration revealed a Liquid Limit of 26 and a Plasticity Index of 13, indicating that the surface soils at the site have low plasticity and a relatively low potential for expansion.

The investigation also found no indication that the project site would be subject to a greater degree of geologic hazards than typically found in the San Francisco Bay Area. The subject property is not located in a Liquefaction Hazard Zone, nor is it located in an Earthquake Fault Zone. Surface soils, as previously discussed, range from stiff to hard, and bedrock was observed at relatively shallow, though varying, depths. Therefore, the potential risk of fault ruptures, liquefaction, and differential compaction is low.

²⁵ Knapp Architects, Historic Resources Evaluation, Final, 824 Hyde Street, San Francisco, CA, February 5, 2015.

²⁶ Hilyard, Gretchen, *Historic Resource Evaluation Response: Part II* Analysis, 824 Hyde Street, San Francisco, California, March 18, 2015.

²⁷ Boudreaux, Marcelle, Preservation Team Review Form, 824 Hyde Street, San Francisco, California, April 7, 2017.

²⁸ San Francisco Planning Department, EP_ArcMap CEQA Catex Determination Layers: Topography, accessed April 4, 2017.

²⁹ The previously proposed project consisted of a 12,430-square-foot, 55-foot-tall, five-story-over-basement, 15-unit residential building.

³⁰ Romig Engineers, Inc., Geotechnical Investigation for Conley Apartment Building, 824 Hyde Street, San Francisco, California 94109, January 2013.

³¹ Romig Engineers, Inc., Supplemental Recommendations, Hyde St. Hotel Project, 824 Hyde Street, San Francisco, California, September 1, 2016.

The geotechnical site investigation report concluded that the project site is suitable for construction of a 12,430-square-foot, 55-foot-tall, five-story-over-basement, 15-unit residential building (the previously proposed project) and made the following recommendations: (1) bedrock depth estimates must be used to inform engineering and design planning; (2) the proposed building should be constructed on a drilled pier and grade beam foundation system, with piers that extend 12 feet below the bottom of the grade beam or a minimum of five feet into weathered bedrock, whichever is deeper; (3) retaining walls installed on the eastern end of the property should be supported by continuous spread footing foundations that extend at least 18 inches below the lowest adjacent finished grade; (4) retaining walls for the basement level should be supported by drilled piers; (5) the basement slab should be at least six inches thick and installed with a subsurface drainage system; and (6) finished slopes should have maximum inclinations of 50 percent. The report also included additional specifications for site preparation and grading, foundation and slab-on-grade engineering and installation, drainage, and sloping.

The supplemental recommendations to the geotechnical site investigation report confirmed that the conclusions and recommendations presented in the original report may be applied to the currently proposed project with the following modifications: (1) due to the increased building loads, the drilled piers for the hotel building should increase embedment into weathered bedrock to at least 8 feet; (2) since approximately 18 to 20 feet of native soil is expected above the bedrock and below the basement excavation at the west side of the property, the piers constructed on the west side of the proposed hotel building may need to extend to a depth of about 28 feet below basement excavation, in order to extend at least 8 feet into weathered bedrock; (3) if different conditions than anticipated are exposed during construction, the recommendations for the project must be modified accordingly; (4) due to the close proximity of the adjacent buildings, temporary shoring and/or underpinning will likely be required during the proposed construction.

The proposed project would also be required to conform to the San Francisco Building Code, which ensures the safety of all new construction in the City. Decisions about appropriate foundation and structural design are considered as part of the Department of Building Inspection (DBI) permit review process. DBI would review background information including geotechnical and structural engineering reports to ensure that the security and stability of adjoining properties and the subject property is maintained during and following construction. Therefore, potential damage to structures from geologic hazards on the project site would be addressed through the DBI requirement for a geotechnical report and review of the building permit application pursuant to its implementation of the Building Code.

In light of the above, the proposed project would not result in a significant effect related to seismic and geologic hazards.

Cumulative Impacts

The proposed project would construct a new 15,484-sf, 67-foot-tall, six-story-over-basement, 30-room tourist hotel at 824 Hyde Street. Planning staff analyzed all active Planning applications within one quarter-mile mile of the proposed project site and determined that there are no new hotel developments

proposed within the project site vicinity.³² Therefore, the proposed project would not result in a significant effect related to cumulative impacts.

Public Notice and Comment. On February 15, 2017, the Planning Department mailed a "Notification of Project Receiving Environmental Review" to community organizations, tenants of the affected property and properties adjacent to the project site, and those persons who own property within 300 feet of the project site. The Planning Department received one comment and three requests for documents associated with the environmental case file from the public in response to the notice. The respondent's comments pertained to the impacts the proposed project would have on traffic congestion and parking shortages in the neighborhood. These concerns were taken into consideration during the review and incorporated into this Certificate of Determination, as appropriate for CEQA analysis.

Comments that do not pertain to physical environmental issues and comments on the merits of the proposed project will be considered in the context of project approval or disapproval, independent of the environmental review process. While local concerns or other planning considerations may be grounds for modifying or denying the proposed project, in the independent judgment of the Planning Department, there is no substantial evidence of unusual circumstances surrounding the proposed project or that the project would have a significant effect on the environment.

Conclusion. The proposed project satisfies the criteria for exemption under the above-cited classification(s). In addition, none of the CEQA Guidelines Section 15300.2 exceptions to the use of a categorical exemption applies to the proposed project. For the above reasons, the proposed project is appropriately exempt from environmental review.

³² San Francisco Planning Department, 824 Hyde Street_Active Planning Applications_Quarter-Mile Radius.xlsx, May 1, 2017.



SAN FRANCISCO PLANNING DEPARTMENT

PRESERVATION TEAM REVIEW FORM

1650 Mission St.

Preservation Team Meeting Date:		Date of Form Co	npletion 4/5/201	7	Suite 400 San Francisco, CA 94103-2479
PROJECT INFORMATION:					Reception:
Planner:	Address:			n de la constant de la constant La constant de la cons	415.558.6378
Marcelle Boudreaux	824 Hyde Street		<u> </u>		Fax:
Block/Lot:	Cross Streets:				415.558.6409
0280/017	Sutter Street				Planning
CEQA Category:	Art. 10/11:	BPA/C	ase No.:		Information: 415.558.6377
A - Contributor	N/A	2016-0	10544ENV		
PURPOSE OF REVIEW:	an a	PROJECT DESCRI	PTION:		
CEQA C Article 10/11	C Preliminary/PIC	C Alteration	Demo/New C	Construction	
DATE OF PLANS UNDER REVIEW:	03/17/17				
PROJECT ISSUES:					
Is the subject Property an elig	jible historic resource	?			
If so, are the proposed chang	es a significant impac	:t?			
Additional Notes:					
Submitted: Plans submitted	by HRGA Archited	ture, dated 03/1	7/2017		
Proposed Project: (N) 6-stor	y hotel on a vacan	nt lot			
PRESERVATION TEAM REVIEW:					
Category:		(e)	А СВ	C C C	
Individual		Histor	c District/Context		

Individual		Historic District/Context			
Property is individually eligible California Register under one c following Criteria:		Property is in an eligible Califo Historic District/Context unde the following Criteria:	5		
Criterion 1 - Event:	C Yes 🛈 No	Criterion 1 - Event:	• Yes C No		
Criterion 2 -Persons:	C Yes 💽 No	Criterion 2 -Persons:	C Yes 💽 No		
Criterion 3 - Architecture:	C Yes 💿 No	Criterion 3 - Architecture:	• Yes C No		
Criterion 4 - Info. Potential:	C Yes No	Criterion 4 - Info. Potential:	C Yes No		
Period of Significance:		Period of Significance: 1904	-1936		
		C Contributor 💿 Non-Con	tributor		

Complies with the Secretary's Standards/Art 10/Art 11:	Yes	C No	<u>C</u> N/A
CEQA Material Impairment to the individual historic resource:	C Yes	No	
CEQA Material Impairment to the historic district:	C Yes	No	
Requires Design Revisions:	C Yes	No	
Defer to Residential Design Team:	C Yes	No	

PRESERVATION TEAM COMMENTS:

The project at 824 Hyde Street proposes new construction of a 6-story hotel commercial building at a vacant lot within the boundaries of the Lower Nob Hill Apartment Hotel National Register Historic District. This project would introduce a building which continues the streetwall of comparable height to its adjacent neighbor to the south (6-story) and one story taller than its neighbor to the north (5-story).

Organized in a two-part vertical composition, the new building is compatibly designed as follows: base is defined by an aluminum storefront system with storefront glazing and transom supported by bulkhead and clad in porcelain tile, with a prominently defined lobby entrance; the shaft is clad in thin brick and punctuated with two columns of symmetrical, angled bay windows, clad in non-reflective, coated aluminum decorative panels. The entire building terminates with a projecting cornice. Fenestration in the contemporary bay windows is vertically-oriented aluminum window systems, with a combination of single sash and double sash. A minimal setback from the front property line is provided at the sixth floor to allow for continuation of an existing historic cornice return at the adjacent neighbor to the north.

The proposed project is sufficiently differentiated from the contributors to the District, while incorporating character-defining features of and appears to be compatible with the Lower Nob Hill National Register Historic District. The replacement structure is in conformance with the Secretary of the Interior's Standards, including Use, Visibility and Spatial Relationship, Scale and Massing, and Materials, Ornament and Style. The replacement structure would not materially impair the historical resource, the Historic District.

Signature of a Senior Preservation Planner / Preservation Coordinator: Date:

4-7-2017

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APPLICATION FOR Conditional Use Authorization

I. Owner/	Applicant Info	ormation						
PROPERTY OW	WNER'S NAME:						and the state of the	
824 Hyde	Street Investm	ents, LLC						
PROPERTY OV	WNER'S ADDRESS:				TELEPHONE:			
					(415) 305-04	21		
	incisco Blvd.				EMAIL:			
San Rafael, CA. 94901					maheshp11@a	ol.com		
APPLICANT'S I	NAME:							
							Same as Above 🗶	
APPLICANT'S	ADDRESS:				TELEPHONE:			
					()			
					EMAIL:			
						Andread Sectors and the		
CONTACT FOR	R PROJECT INFORMAT	10N:					Same as Above	
ADDRESS:					TELEPHONE:			
					(415) 954-4958			
235 Mont	gomery, 17th F	loor		EMAIL:				
San Franc	cisco, CA. 9410	4		idick@fbm.com				
COMMUNITY	LIAISON FOR PROJEC	T (PLEASE REPORT CH	ANGES TO THE ZONIN	G ADMINISTRATOR)	:			
							Same as Above	
ADDRESS:					TELEPHONE:			
					()			
					EMAIL:			
2. Locatio	on and Classi	fication						
	RESS OF PROJECT:			SIRVESCOUPSE CLASS	an season or destruction	ane southed	ZIP CODE:	
824 Hyde							94109	
CROSS STRE				a table de racidad			01100	
Press and a second second	Sutter Streets							
ASSESSORS	BLOCK/LOT:	LOT DIMENSIONS:	LOT AREA (SQ FT):	ZONING DISTRIC	r:	HEIGHT/BULK	DISTRICT:	
280	/ 17	25' x 112.5'	2,813	RC-4		80-A		

RECEIVED

AUG 0.3 2016

CITY & COUNTY OF S.F. PLANNING DEPARTMENT RECEPTION DESK

7

3. Project Description

	Use Rear Hours Front truction Height Side Yard	PRESENT OR PREVIOUS USE:			
(Please check all that apply) Change of Use		Vacant lot- prior residential building fire in 2010			
Change of Hours		PROPOSED USE:			
New Construction		33-room hotel			
Alterations		BUILDING APPLICATION PERMIT NO .:	DATE FILED:		
Demolition					
Other Please clarify:					

4. Project Summary Table

If you are not sure of the eventual size of the project, provide the maximum estimates.

	EXISTING USES:	EXISTING USES TO BE RETAINED:	NET NEW CONSTRUCTION AND/OR ADDITION:	PROJECT TOTALS
		PROJECT FEATURES		
Dwelling Units				
Hotel Rooms			33	33
Parking Spaces				
Loading Spaces				
Number of Buildings			1	1
Height of Building(s)			69	69
Number of Stories			6	6
Bicycle Spaces			3	3
	GRO	SS SQUARE FOOTAGE (G	SF)	
Residential				
Retail				
Office				
Industrial/PDR Production, Distribution, & Repair				
Parking				
Other (Specify Use)			15,744 hotel	15,744 hotel
TOTAL GSF			15,744	15,744

Please describe any additional project features that are not included in this table: (Attach a separate sheet if more space is needed)

The project provides usable open space for hotel guests as follows. There is a 375 sf rear yard creating a 15' rear setback at grade accessible only from the basement rooms. There is also a 324 sf sun deck on the roof at the 6th floor accessible by internal stairs and elevator. This creates a setback at the 6th floor level for light to the adjacent property to the south.

CASE NUMBER: For Stalf Use only

- 5. Action(s) Requested (Include Planning Code Section which authorizes action)
- A. Height exceeding 50' in an RC-4 zone. Section 253. The project will be 69' tall.
- B. Table 209.3 requires conditional use authorization for tourist hotels in RC-4 districts.
- C. Table 209.3 requires conditional use authorization for non-residential uses exceeding 6,000 sf.

Conditional Use Findings

Pursuant to Planning Code Section 303(c), before approving a conditional use authorization, the Planning Commission needs to find that the facts presented are such to establish the findings stated below. In the space below and on separate paper, if necessary, please present facts sufficient to establish each finding.

- 1. That the proposed use or feature, at the size and intensity contemplated and at the proposed location, will provide a development that is necessary or desirable for, and compatible with, the neighborhood or the community; and
- 2. That such use or feature as proposed will not be detrimental to the health, safety, convenience or general welfare of persons residing or working in the vicinity, or injurious to property, improvements or potential development in the vicinity, with respect to aspects including but not limited to the following:
 - (a) The nature of the proposed site, including its size and shape, and the proposed size, shape and arrangement of structures;
 - (b) The accessibility and traffic patterns for persons and vehicles, the type and volume of such traffic, and the adequacy of proposed off-street parking and loading;
 - (c) The safeguards afforded to prevent noxious or offensive emissions such as noise, glare, dust and odor;
 - (d) Treatment given, as appropriate, to such aspects as landscaping, screening, open spaces, parking and loading areas, service areas, lighting and signs; and
- 3. That such use or feature as proposed will comply with the applicable provisions of this Code and will not adversely affect the Master Plan.

See attached.

Priority General Plan Policies Findings

Proposition M was adopted by the voters on November 4, 1986. It requires that the City shall find that proposed projects and demolitions are consistent with eight priority policies set forth in Section 101.1 of the City Planning Code. These eight policies are listed below. Please state how the project is consistent or inconsistent with each policy. Each statement should refer to specific circumstances or conditions applicable to the property. Each policy must have a response. IF A GIVEN POLICY DOES NOT APPLY TO YOUR PROJECT, EXPLAIN WHY IT DOES NOT.

1. That existing neighborhood-serving retail uses be preserved and enhanced and future opportunities for resident employment in and ownership of such businesses enhanced;

See attached

 That existing housing and neighborhood character be conserved and protected in order to preserve the cultural and economic diversity of our neighborhoods;

See attached.

3. That the City's supply of affordable housing be preserved and enhanced; See attached.

4. That commuter traffic not impede Muni transit service or overburden our streets or neighborhood parking; See attached.

SAN FRANCISCO PLANNING DEPARTMENT V 08 07.2012

CASE NUMBER: For Stall Use only

 That a diverse economic base be maintained by protecting our industrial and service sectors from displacement due to commercial office development, and that future opportunities for resident employment and ownership in these sectors be enhanced;

See attached.

6. That the City achieve the greatest possible preparedness to protect against injury and loss of life in an earthquake;

See attached.

7. That landmarks and historic buildings be preserved; and

See attached.

8. That our parks and open space and their access to sunlight and vistas be protected from development.

See attached.

Estimated Construction Costs

TYPE OF APPLICATION:	
CU	
OCCUPANCY CLASSIFICATION:	
R-2	
BUILDING TYPE:	
TOTAL GROSS SQUARE FEET OF CONSTRUCTION:	BY PROPOSED USES:
	R-2: 15,744 gsf hotel
15,744	
ESTIMATED CONSTRUCTION COST:	
\$2.4M	
ESTIMATE PREPARED BY:	
llene Dick	
FEE ESTABLISHED:	
\$19,133	

Applicant's Affidavit

Under penalty of perjury the following declarations are made:

- a: The undersigned is the owner or authorized agent of the owner of this property.
- b: The information presented is true and correct to the best of my knowledge.
- c: The other information or applications may be required.

ene XI Signature:

Date: 7721/16

Print name, and indicate whether owner, or authorized agent:

Owner / Authorized Agent (circle one)

CASE NUMBER:

Application Submittal Checklist

Applications listed below submitted to the Planning Department must be accompanied by this checklist and all required materials. The checklist is to be completed and **signed by the applicant or authorized agent and a department staff person**.

APPLICATION MATERIALS	CHECKUST	
Application, with all blanks completed	X	
300-foot radius map, if applicable		
Address labels (original), if applicable		
Address labels (copy of the above), if applicable		
Site Plan	X	
Floor Plan	X	
Elevations	X	
Section 303 Requirements	X	
Prop. M Findings	X	
Historic photographs (if possible), and current photographs	X	NOTES:
Check payable to Planning Dept.	X	the item is not applicable, (e.g. letter of authorization is not required if application is
Original Application signed by owner or agent	X	signed by property owner.)
Letter of authorization for agent	K	Typically would not apply. Nevertheless, in a specific case, staff may require the item.
Other: Section Plan, Detail drawings (ie. windows, door entries, trim), Specifications (for cleaning, repair, etc.) and/or Product cut sheets for new elements (ie. windows, doors)		O Two sets of original labels and one copy of addresses of adjacent property owners and owners of property across street.

After your case is assigned to a planner, you will be contacted and asked to provide an electronic version of this application including associated photos and drawings.

Some applications will require additional materials not listed above. The above checklist does not include material needed for Planning review of a building permit. The "Application Packet" for Building Permit Applications lists those materials.

No application will be accepted by the Department unless the appropriate column on this form is completed. Receipt of this checklist, the accompanying application, and required materials by the Department serves to open a Planning file for the proposed project. After the file is established it will be assigned to a planner. At that time, the planner assigned will review the application to determine whether it is complete or whether additional information is required in order for the Department to make a decision on the proposal.

For Department Use Only Application received by Planning Department:

Date:

By:

July 12, 2016

San Francisco Planning Department 1650 Mission Street, Suite 400 San Francisco, CA 94103

RE: 824 Hyde Street (Block 0280/Lot 017)

To Whom It May Concern:

On behalf of Hyde Street Investments, LLC, the owner of the above referenced property, I hereby authorize liene Dick, Farella Braun + Martel, LLP, to submit applications to the Planning Department for approval of a proposed 33-room tourist hotel at the above referenced property.

Sincerely, Rate (Mahesh Name

manasim me m 5 Its

32127\5524530.1 7/7/16

824 HYDE STREET (BLOCK 0280, LOT 017) (Mid-block on Hyde Street between Sutter and Bush Streets)

FINDINGS IN SUPPORT OF CONDITIONAL USE FOR TOURIST HOTEL AND FOR A 69' TALL BUILDING IN AN RC-4 ZONING DISTRICT

Project Description

The proposed Project at 824 Hyde Street will transform a vacant 2,813 sf lot into a 6story over basement 33 room hotel. The site was rendered vacant as the result of a 2010 fire that destroyed the 4-story, 8-unit residential building. The site is located in the Lower Nob Hill Apartment-Hotel Historic District ("Lower Nob Hill Historic District"). The destroyed building was an historic resource and a contributor to the Lower Nob Hill Historic District.

On March 3, 2016, the Project Sponsors obtained conditional use authorization of a 14unit residential building exceeding 50'. After assessing the current and future housing market, the project ownership decided to pursue a tourist hotel. Acknowledging that the narrow site would result in minimum residential unit size, they decided to adapt the approved project for 33 tourist hotel rooms averaging 148 sf. A hotel of this density and height is consistent with the prevailing neighborhood development pattern and character. The neighborhood consists of predominantly medium-to-high-density buildings, including numerous 4-8 story apartment buildings with ground floor commercial and small medical offices due to its proximity to St. Francis Memorial Hospital at 900 Hyde Street between Bush and Pine Streets.

The 2,813 sf Project site is zoned RC-4 and is in an 80-A height district. The site has the minimum 25' width on the Bush frontage. The Project proposes a 6-story over basement 33-room tourist hotel. Adjacent buildings are generally built to side lot lines. As a result of the approval of the prior project, the hotel will provide matching lightwells to 830 Hyde Street, the residential building to the north. The project also utilizes many of the design changes made and approved by the Planning Commission for the residential project, with particular emphasis on the materials and differentiation of the front façade, retaining the new building's compatibility with the Lower Nob Hill Historic District. Unlike many small hotels, the proposed Project will provide a 15' rear setback resulting in 375 sf of usable open space accessible only from the basement hotel rooms. Additional usable open space of 399 sf in the form of a sun deck is accessible from the stairs or elevator to the roof of the 6th floor, providing a setback at that level additionally benefiting the building to the north.

Each hotel room will have its own bathroom. The proposed ground floor lobby will serve as another amenity where guests may mingle. Continental breakfast will be served in an area adjacent to the lobby. A recreation room is also available for guests only. No alcoholic beverages are proposed to be sold in the hotel.

The hotel will be 15,744 gsf and will occupy the entire 25' frontage and 75' of the lot depth. No off-street parking or off-street loading is required and none is proposed. The project's is located in a transit-rich neighborhood, which is within walking distance of the 38 Geary, 19-Polk, 27-Folsom, 47-and 49-Van Ness, 1-California, 2-Clement, 3, 27-Bryant, 30-Stockton, and

45-Union bus lines. It is also within walking distance of the Civic Center for the MUNI Metro and BART lines. The Project will provide 3-bicycle parking spaces: The Code-required 1 Class-I space and the 2-Class II bicycle parking spaces will both be provided.

Conditional use authorization is required for 33 tourist hotel rooms in an RC-4 zoning district (Table 209.3). Findings analyzing the potential impacts of and demand for a tourist hotel of this size at this location under Section 303(g) have been prepared by Hausrath Economics Group, and are attached. Section 253 also requires conditional use authorization for a building exceeding 50 feet in height in a RC district. Section 253 requires specific findings to be made in support of the increased height. Additionally, Table 209.3 requires conditional use authorization for non-residential uses that exceed 6,000 sf in an RC-4 zoning district. As a non-residential use, the proposed tourist hotel is subject to this limitation. Since it will result in approximately 13,367 gsf, conditional use authorization is required for the proposed hotel size.

CONDITIONAL USE FINDINGS

Pursuant to Planning Code Section 303(c), before approving a conditional use authorization, the Planning Commission needs to find that the facts presented are such to establish the findings stated below.

1. That the proposed use or feature, at the size and intensity contemplated and at the proposed location, will provide a development that is necessary or desirable for, and compatible with, the neighborhood or the community.

The proposed hotel building is located on a site that was made vacant in 2010 when the then-existing 4 story, 8 unit residential building was destroyed by fire. The Project will provide a 6 story over basement, 33 room tourist hotel. Consistent with many of the buildings in the surrounding neighborhood, the Project will continue the height and active ground floor commercial activity prevalent in the neighborhood in the form of the hotel lobby.

The Project is within walking distance of Union Square and numerous MUNI bus stops. It is also down the block from St. Francis Hospital and within walking distance of the new CPMC Van Ness/Geary campus. The presence of these institutional uses combined with the proximity to Union Square will benefit from the new hotel. The Project will provide community benefits in the form of affordable hotel rooms near the hospital and medical facilities for use by family and friends of patients as well as visiting medical professionals. It will also convert an underutilized site into a small and vibrant hotel, within walking distance of public transit, commerce and services. There are numerous 6- to 8-story buildings on the blocks surrounding the Project on Bush, Sutter and Leavenworth. The Project preserves the streetscape and the existing neighborhood character and is compatible with the Lower Nob Hill Historic District.

In addition, a relatively small hotel like this can provide affordable "stay" options compared to larger Union Square hotels. This will attract the demographic that seeks a hotel that is blended into and part of an existing vibrant neighborhood and that offers alternative travel options like numerous transit lines and on-site bicycle parking as primary modes of travel. The proximity to Union Square is an added benefit for those visitors that want to experience the world class shopping of Union Square and then follow up with the cultural, food and beverage offerings in North Beach, Chinatown and SOMA.

- 2. That such use or feature as proposed will not be detrimental to the health, safety, convenience or general welfare of persons residing or working in the vicinity, or injurious to property, improvements or potential development in the vicinity, with respect to aspects including but not limited to the following:
 - a. The nature of the proposed site, including its size and shape, and the proposed size, shape and arrangement of structures:

The Project site occupies the 75% of the 2,813 square foot rectangular lot to a depth of 87.5'. That setback provides an open space area amenity for hotel guests in the basement

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rooms. The Project reduces potential impacts to adjacent neighbors the buildings that face Sutter and Hyde Streets by providing for lightwells and by providing open use on the roof via a sun deck that will only be used during daylight hours.

b. The accessibility and traffic patterns for persons and vehicles, the type and volume of such traffic, and the adequacy of proposed off-street parking and loading:

The Project site is not required to provide any off-street parking spaces pursuant to Planning Code Section 151 and none are proposed for the Project. The hotel is too small to trigger an off-street loading space under Table 152. The Project is located in such a transit-rich and "walkable" location that there is no need for off-street loading or parking for the hotel use.

The Project site is well served by transit and neighborhood services and is close to downtown and other tourist destinations, such that tourists will not need to be dependent on private automobiles for their City activities. The Project will provide 3-bicycle parking spaces accessible from Hyde Street. The total bike parking satisfies the spaces required by Section 155.2.

c. The safeguards afforded to prevent noxious or offensive emissions such as noise, glare, dust and odor:

The Project, which is commercial in nature, will not emit any noxious odors or other offensive emissions. All window glazing will comply with the Planning Code and relevant design guidelines to eliminate or reduce glare. During construction, appropriate measures will be taken to minimize dust and noise as required by the Building Code.

d. Treatment given, as appropriate, to such aspects as landscaping, screening, open spaces, parking and loading areas, service areas, lighting and signs:

All proposed exterior lighting will comply with the requirements of the Planning Code. All of the proposed private open space for the benefits of the hotel's guests will include appropriate landscaping and other amenities. The Project will include lighting at the hotel entrance that focuses on the entrance area and does not create glare for neighbors. Any signage for the hotel would be on Hyde Street and would comply with applicable Planning Code requirements. Garbage and recycling facilities will remain inside the building and be contained within the ground level with a single access point.

e. That such use or feature as proposed will comply with the applicable provisions of this Code and will not adversely affect the Master Plan:

The Project complies with the Planning Code and furthers the following objectives and policies of the General Plan.

Commerce & Industry Element

- <u>Objective 1:</u> Manage Economic Growth and Change to Ensure Enhancement of the Total City Living and Working Environment.
- Policy 1.1: Encourage development which provides substantial net benefits and minimizes undesirable consequences. Discourage development which has substantial undesirable consequences that cannot be mitigated
 - -- The Project reuses a vacant lot in an active block in the Tenderloin/Nob Hill neighborhood. The 33 hotel rooms will provide new options for a clientele that is not interested in or unable to afford a Union Square hotel address but provides the experience of living in a rich, vibrant and diverse San Francisco neighborhood. The Project embodies and reflects the existing neighborhood character and prevailing development pattern given its height and density. Because there was a prior approval for the site, the proposed design was vetted by both Environmental Planning staff and the Planning Commission as being compatible with the Lower Nob Hill Apartment-Hotel Historic District.

The Project eliminates a blighted vacant lot that has been in that condition for almost 6 years. The Project will remove the fencing locking the site and provide for an active, vibrant use that will minimize daytime activity since most tourists are away from the hotel during that time and result in limited commercial activity during the evening hours as no bar is provided in the hotel. With only 33 rooms, nighttime activity generated by the hotel will be limited to tourists returning to their rooms after a day of activity or family members returning from visiting loved ones at the nearby hospital facilities.

- **<u>Objection 6:</u>** Maintain and Strengthen Viable Neighborhood Commercial Area Easily Accessible to City Residents.
- Policy 6.3: Preserve and Promote the Mixed Commercial-Residential Character in Neighborhood Commercial Districts. Strike a Balance Between the Preservation of Existing Affordable Housing and Needed Expansion of Commercial Activity.
 - -- The Project will not negatively impact any market rate or affordable housing. It maintains the mixed use character of this portion of Hyde Street and the surrounding neighborhood by replacing a blighted and vacant site with 33 tourist hotel rooms. Many of the nearby neighborhood buildings are multiple story residential buildings over ground floor commercial. The Project reflects that pattern and returns activity to a long dormant site in the neighborhood.

Guidelines for Specific Uses: Hotel development should be compatible in scale and design with the overall district character and especially with buildings on the same block.

The Project is compatible with the scale and design of the district and especially with buildings on the block. Its design contains key elements in the prior design that were found to be compatible with the Lower Nob Hill Apartment Hotel Historic District by both Planning Department preservation planners and the Planning Commission. The proposed design, scale and massing reflect the key features of the Historic District through use of materials, massing and moderation of the building front.

Policy 6.2: Promote economically vital neighborhood commercial districts which foster small business enterprises and entrepreneurship and which are responsive to economic and technological innovation in the marketplace and society.

-- The Project is an entrepreneurial small business that is addressing the demand for small, affordable tourist hotel rooms that are near transit-rich locations. It is well documented that the City's hotel stock has not kept pace with tourist needs. While much of the hotel sector's focus is on large hotels for conventions and business gatherings, the many smaller, locally owned and operated hotels are favored by tourists, particularly if they are near and/or accessible to restaurants, nightlife and/or City tourist attractions. This site satisfies all of those criteria.

- Policy 6.9: Regulate Uses so that Traffic Impacts and Parking Problems are minimized
 - -- The Project is not required to provide any off-street parking spaces in the RC-4 zone and none will be provided. Similarly, there is no requirement for offstreet loading spaces for a tourist hotel of less than 100,000 sf under Table 152. The site is within walking distance of the 1, 2, 19, 38 47, and 49 MUNI lines, traversing Van Ness, Geary and Sacramento. These bus lines include stops and/or connections to the MUNI Metro, BART and F-lines on Market Street and connections to buses to tourist attractions like Chinatown, the Haight, the Bay and the Great Highway. The Van Ness BRT line will soon be operational and will expedite travel by tourists to many City destinations as well as connections with City and regional transit lines.
 - -- The Project's location in such a "hub" will eliminate the need for tourists to rely on private transportation to get from the hotel to tourist destinations in the City. The 3 bicycles that will be available on-site will also be an alternative to cars. The Polk Street bicycle lanes are near the Project site and will provide a safe option for bicycle rides to Crissy Field and the Marina neighborhood and across the Golden Gate Bridge into Marin County.
- POLICY 6.10: Promote neighborhood commercial revitalization, including community-based and other economic development efforts where feasible.

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A tourist hotel will add an active and vibrant neighborhood commercial activity. It will also generate more economic multiplier effects than residential uses. Tourists will visit and spend their money in nearby neighborhood commercial districts such as the bars, restaurants and retail shops on nearby Van Ness and Polk Streets, which are not currently regular tourist destinations.

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CONDITIONAL USE FINDINGS UNDER SECTION 253 IN SUPPORT OF GRANTING A HEIGHT LIMIT EXCEEDING 50 FEET.

In determining whether to grant conditional use authorization under Section 253, the Commission shall consider the expressed purposes of this Code, of the RC Districts, and of the height and bulk districts, set forth in Sections 101, 209.1, 209.2, 209.3, and 251 hereof, as well as the criteria stated in Section 303(c) of this Code and the objectives, policies and principles of the General Plan, and may permit a height of such building or structure up to but not exceeding the height limit prescribed by the height and bulk district in which the property is located.

The Project is located in an 80-A height district but proposes a height of 69 feet. Under Section 253, a conditional use authorization is required for a height that exceeds 50' in an RC zoning district. The criteria applied to the Commission's decision whether to grant the conditional use authorization for under Section 253 are the purposes of the RC-4 Districts and whether the proposed height limit furthers the General Plan.

Purpose/Intent of RC-4 zoning: RC-4 zoning is the most intense RC district under the Planning Code. It defines the RC-4 zone as

High Density. These Districts provide for a mixture of high-density dwellings similar to those in RM-4 Districts with supporting Commercial uses. Open spaces are required for dwellings in the same manner as in RM-4 Districts, except that rear yards need not be at ground level and front setback areas are not required.

Based on this scope, the RC-4 zone encourages taller buildings which in turn result in higher density uses, whether residential or commercial. Consistent with the prevailing development pattern that exists in the neighborhood surrounding the Project site, many of the buildings-new and old-are 6-8 stories over ground floor retail/commercial. That level of intensity and the inviting ground floor uses is emblematic of the neighborhood. The proposed Project contributes to that development pattern in building a 6-story over basement hotel building on a narrow lot, with a lobby entrance at grade so that the hotel and the sidewalk activity are interrelated.

The Project satisfies the criteria under Section 303(c) as follows:

(1) The proposed use or feature, at the size and intensity contemplated and at the proposed location, will provide a development that is necessary or desirable for, and compatible with, the neighborhood or the community.

The height limit is consistent with the prevalent heights in the surrounding neighborhood. The project will replace a vacant and blighted lot resulting from a 6-year old fire with an active, well-designed 33 room tourist hotel. This use is compatible with the neighborhood as it matches the intensity, scale and design of the surrounding buildings, which are similarly tall and dense and are often built above active ground floor commercial or retail uses. The proposed height enables the hotel to achieve the number of tourist rooms proposed and to provide the open space and setbacks to enhance its' guests' enjoyment.

(2) Such use or feature as proposed will not be detrimental to the health, safety, convenience or general welfare of persons residing or working in the vicinity, or injurious to property, improvements or potential development in the vicinity, with respect to aspects including but not limited to the following:

(A) The nature of the proposed site, including its size and shape, and the proposed size, shape and arrangement of structures;

The lot is the standard 25' wide and 100' deep. The hotel use is ideal at this location as it ideally fits its site and complements its surrounding neighbors which are multi-family buildings and some hotels.

(B)The accessibility and traffic patterns for persons and vehicles, the type and volume of such traffic, and the adequacy of proposed off-street parking and loading and of proposed alternatives to off-street parking, including provisions of car-share parking spaces, as defined in Section <u>166</u> of this Code.

No off-street parking or loading is required for this use at this site and none is provided. The site has easy access to alternative transit options. The required 3 bicycle parking spaces will be provided.

(C) The safeguards afforded to prevent noxious or offensive emissions such as noise, glare, dust and odor;

All construction will be done in compliance with applicable City and state standards for minimization of noise, dust and odor. The Project will comply with the City's glare requirements.

(D) Treatment given, as appropriate, to such aspects as landscaping, screening, open spaces, parking and loading areas, service areas, lighting and signs; and

The rear setback will provide an open area for hotel guests to enjoy the outdoors and there will be a sun deck for outdoor enjoyment on the roof during daylight hours as well.

(3) Such use or feature as proposed will comply with the applicable provisions of this Code and will not adversely affect the General Plan; and

See the Conditional Use Findings for the Tourist Hotel use for Project compliance with the General Plan.

(4) Such use or feature as proposed will provide development that is in conformity with the stated purpose of the applicable Use District; and

The RC-4 is the densest of all four RC zones. This use, at the proposed height and intensity, is consistent with and furthers the purpose of the RC-4 zone.

PRIORITY POLICY FINDINGS

Pursuant to Planning Code Section 101.1(e), the Planning Commission needs to find that the facts presented are such to establish the findings stated below.

- Priority Policy 1 That existing neighborhood serving retail uses be preserved and enhanced and future opportunities for resident employment in and ownership of such businesses enhanced.
 - -- The lot is currently vacant. The proposed hotel is considered a retail use under the Planning Code. While no ground floor, neighborhood serving retail is proposed, the hotel provides opportunities for resident employment in the hotel.
- Priority Policy 2 That existing housing and neighborhood character be conserved and protected in order to preserve the cultural and economic diversity of our neighborhoods
 - -- Consistent with the height and density of residential and mixed use buildings near the Project site, the Project will provide 33 hotel rooms in a 6-story over basement building. The prevailing development pattern in the neighborhood includes mid-rise buildings like the Project that house hotels and residential uses with ground floor retail. The neighborhood is close to Union Square and reflects that area's mixture of restaurants, bars, housing and ground floor commercial uses, including hotels. The Project retains the prevailing neighborhood character by providing 6 stories over basement commercial activity.

In addition to providing 33 tourist rooms to meet the demand for small, affordable hotel rooms both in the immediate vicinity and in the City, the Project brings additional life and vitality to the neighborhood by eliminating a lot that has been vacant for 5 years and has resulted in blight and been an attractive nuisance. In addition to the hotel's positive impact on the neighborhood's economic diversity, the tourists staying in the hotel are more likely to spend money in nearby restaurants, bars and retail shops on nearby Van Ness Avenue and Polk Streets, thus strengthening the neighborhood's economic diversity.

- Priority Policy 3 That the City's supply of affordable housing be preserved and enhanced.
- -- The Project does not affect affordable housing as there is no housing currently on site.
- Priority Policy 4 That commuter traffic not impede Muni transit service or overburden our streets or neighborhood parking.
 - -- The Project is not required to provide off-street parking or loading and none is provided. The Project site is in a transit-rich location and the

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City's transit-first policy applies equally to tourists. Many of the available MUNI lines-38 Geary, 19-Polk, 47-and 49-Van Ness, 1-California, and 2-Clement, 30-Stockton, and 45-Union bus lines are within walking distance. These bus lines include stops and/or connections to the MUNI Metro, BART and F-lines on Market Street and connections to buses to tourist attractions like Chinatown, the Haight, the Bay and the Great Highway. The Van Ness BRT line will soon be operational and will expedite travel by tourists to many City destinations as well as connections with City and regional transit lines. Tourists do not necessarily travel during peak hours so MUNI service should not be negatively impacted by the Project.

- -- The 33 tourist rooms will have a nominal impact on the availability of onstreet parking resources. First, not every room's guests will have a rental car. Many tourists come to San Francisco with the desire to see the City by foot or transit. Second, even if tourists staying at the hotel have rental cars, because of the hotel's location, there may be on-street parking on the nearby smaller streets available especially during off-peak hours. Thus, while it is anticipated that some tourists will have rental vehicles which need to be parked on the street, it is also anticipated that some percentage of nearby residents who park on the street will drive their cars to work, leaving on-street parking available to tourists. These rental cars will have a minor impact on on-street neighborhood parking. In addition, there will be 3 bicycle parking spaces available for those tourists that are using bicycles to sightsee in San Francisco.
- Priority Policy 5 That a diverse economic base be maintained by protecting our industrial and service sectors from displacement due to commercial development, and that future opportunities for resident employment and ownership in these sectors be enhanced.
 - -- The Project site is currently vacant. No industrial or service sector businesses will be displaced. The hotel is a commercial development that will replace a long-vacant and blighted lot with 33 tourist hotel rooms in a well-designed building compatible with the neighborhood and the Lower Nob Hill Historic District. By doing so, the Project provides the opportunity for resident employment at the hotel, and as a result of the increased demand generated by the tourists for neighborhood goods and services, at nearby retail businesses including bars and restaurants.
- Priority Policy 6 That the City achieve the greatest possible preparedness to protect against injury and loss of life in an earthquake.
 - -- All construction will be done in compliance with applicable San Francisco Building and Fire Code fire and life safety standards. The new building will be built in compliance with the current Building Code requirements for seismic safety. The building plans will be reviewed by the Department of Building Inspection (DBI). Such review will ensure that the project is

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	built to protect against injury and loss of life in an earthquake.
Priority Policy 7	That landmarks and historic buildings be preserved.
	There are no landmarks or historic buildings on this vacant lot. Therefore, no such buildings will be affected by the Project.
Priority Policy 8	That our parks and open space and their access to sunlight and vistas be protected from development.
	The Project is not located near any parks or open spaces.

SECTION 303(g) FINDINGS

With respect to applications for development of tourist hotels and motels, the Planning Commission shall consider, in addition to the criteria above, the following criteria:

(1) The impact of the employees of the hotel or motel on the demand in the City for housing, public transit, child-care, and other social services. To the extent relevant, the Commission shall also consider the seasonal and part-time nature of employment in the hotel or motel;

Hotel operations will require 13 employees, broken down between roles and full-time or part-time as follows:

	FT:	PT:
Manager	1	
Desk Clerks	3	2
Housekeeping	3	2
Janitorial	1	1
TOTAL:	8	5

Consistent with this hotel's small business characterization, only 13 employees will be hired for this hotel's operations. Five of those employees will be part-time, spending part of the work week elsewhere. Given this level of employment, impacts on City services for housing, transit, childcare and social services will be nominal. Moreover, the ownership intends to use multiple sources to hire local residents. Since the hotel's employees will already be living and working in San Francisco, there will be no net new impacts on these City services.

(2) The measures that will be taken by the project sponsor to employ residents of San Francisco in order to minimize increased demand for regional transportation; and,

Due to the small number of new employees required for this hotel, the Project sponsor has committed to hiring San Francisco residents whenever

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possible. The Project Sponsor will work with the Mayor's Office of Economic and Workforce Development to help with job placement for entrylevel positions.

(3) The market demand for a hotel or motel of the type proposed.

Many factors favor a small budget hotel (\$90/night room rate) at this location. Amongst them are the CPMC medical facilities that, once operational, will create heightened demand for this product by patients, their families and visiting medical professionals. The proposed hotel is ideally located to CPMC, being within 6 blocks walking distance of the CPMC facilities. In addition to its proximity to a newly created demand for affordable hotel rooms, the tourist market in San Francisco remains robust.

This location provides direct transit access to numerous MUNI lines that serve tourist destinations in the City such as Chinatown, the Embarcadero/Fisherman's Wharf, and Golden Gate Park. Once the BRT is operational, travel north towards the Golden Gate Bridge and the waterfront will be expedited. Another attraction to this location is that the hotel will provide 6 bicycle spaces. Considering the hostel-like accommodations proposed, it is expected that many guests will be bringing or renting bicycles to get around. The site's is near the proposed Polk Street bike lanes that connect to bike lanes on Market and to the western side of the City. The needs of guests who wish to see the City by bicycle would be met by this location.

Based on the proposed nightly rate of \$90/room in a hotel of fewer than 150 rooms located in the Civic Center/Van Ness area, 2015 market demand for the proposed rooms reflected in occupancy rates is approximately 78%-80%.¹ Given the location, affordability and size of the hotel, is expected that the 30 rooms will be occupied year-round.

¹ See <u>Exhibit A</u> to Hausrath Economics Group report "Statistics and Trends of Motel-Hotel Business, San Francisco Monthly Trends, May 2015.

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MEMORANDUM

Subject:	San Francisco Planning Code Section 303(g) Report for 824 Hyde Street, Update
From:	Sally Nielsen
То:	Ilene Dick, Farella Braun + Martel
Date:	February 13, 2017

The project sponsor, 824 Hyde Street Investment, LLC., proposes to build a new boutique hotel building on a currently vacant lot at 824 Hyde Street. As part of the Conditional Use Authorization application, San Francisco Planning Code Section 303(g) requires that the Planning Commission consider three criteria: the impact of hotel employees on demand for housing, transit, child care and other social services; measures the project sponsor proposes to employ San Francisco residents; and hotel market demand. This memorandum provides the Section 303(g) assessment for 824 Hyde Street.

Project Characteristics

The proposed project is located on the east side of Hyde Street, mid-block between Bush and Sutter. The 33 tourist hotel rooms will occupy six floors plus the basement of a new building. Each suite will have individual bathrooms, king beds or two double beds and boutique style hotel furnishings. Two basement suites will have private patios, and all guests will have access to a roof top sundeck. The project will provide secure bicycle parking spaces in the basement.

The project, located on the southern slope of Nob Hill, is five blocks west of Union Square and three blocks east of Van Ness Avenue, within the Lower Nob Hill Apartment Hotel National Register Historic District. The project proposes a small number of visitor accommodations in a new building designed to be compatible in scale and texture with nearby structures. The projected room rates range from \$189 - \$379 per night, depending on the season and special event occurrences.

The proposed hotel would generate Hotel Room Tax (transient occupancy tax or TOT) revenue for San Francisco's General Fund and revenue for two hotel-oriented special assessments: the San Francisco Tourism Improvement District and the Moscone Expansion District. Assuming the room rates specified above and average annual occupancy comparable to hotels in this part of the

city, the proposed project at stabilized occupancy would generate in the range of \$400,000 to \$500,000 per year in revenue--\$340,000 - \$420,000 per year in Hotel Tax revenue and \$50,000 to \$70,000 per year to the combined special assessments. (See "Estimate of Hotel Room Tax and Hotel Special Assessment Revenue" in Attachment A.)

Impact of hotel employees on demand for housing and services in San Francisco

The table below summarizes the number of staff positions at the proposed hotel. There will be 8 full-time positions (manager, front desk clerks, housekeeping, and maintenance) and 5 part-time positions (desk clerks, and housekeeping). It is highly likely that the people filling these positions will already live in San Francisco, so there will be no significant increase in demand for housing, transit, child care and other social services. Furthermore, the location is well-served by transit and the secure bicycle parking spaces will help to minimize additional auto trips.

	Staff Count					
		Part				
Position	Full Time	Time				
Manager	1	-				
Front Desk Clerks	3	3				
Housekeeping	3	2				
Maintenance	1	-				
Total	8	5				

Project construction will also generate jobs, including work for existing San Francisco residents. Over the course of a 12 - 18 month construction period, 15 to 20 people will be working on site. Any demands on City services will be minimal and temporary.

Measures to employ residents of San Francisco

The project sponsor plans to fill the job openings by hiring locally. The project sponsor will use the recruitment services offered by community-based agencies such as the Mission Hiring Hall and Chinese for Affirmative Action. This will supplement posting the job openings at HireSF.org, (an initiative of the Office of Economic and Workforce Development), advertising in local newspapers, and on Craigslist. Although the project does not meet the minimum size threshold of 25,000 square feet of commercial development to take advantage of San Francisco's First Source Hiring Program, the project sponsor will complete a First Source hiring agreement.

Generally, most San Francisco hotel employees live in San Francisco. According to the *Economic Impact of San Francisco Hotels* (2013), 57 percent of the people employed at San Francisco hotels also live in San Francisco, higher than the average of 54 percent for all business sectors in San Francisco. (The 2013 report prepared for the Hotel Council of San Francisco by the Bay Area Council Economic Institute is the most current available at the time of the preparation of this memorandum).

Market demand for visitor lodging

Trends in lodging demand in San Francisco

San Francisco's visitor industry is thriving; the number of visitors to the City is at an all-time high and hotel occupancies are at record levels. San Francisco Travel (the private, not-for-profit organization that markets the city as a leisure, convention, and business destination) reports 24.6 million visitors to San Francisco in 2015 (18.9 million leisure travelers and 5.8 million business travelers). Counts for both visitor categories were up 2.7 percent from the prior year. See "San Francisco Tourism Overview 2015" (San Francisco Center for Economic Development, June 2016), "San Francisco Travel Reports Record-Breaking Year for Tourism" (San Francisco Travel, March 29, 2016), and "S.F. had record-setting year for tourism" (*San Francisco Business Times*, March 29, 2016) in Attachment A.

According to San Francisco Travel, just over 60 percent of all overnight visitors to San Francisco stayed in San Francisco hotels in 2015 (about 6.3 million visitors). Consistent occupancy rates between 80 and 90 percent since 2010 have led to significant increases in average daily room rates (average rental income paid per occupied room in one year). Citywide, the average daily room rate was \$268 in 2015, up almost 20 percent from an average of \$229 in 2013. See "Hotel Occupancy Rate and Other Features 2015" (San Francisco Center for Economic Development, May 2016) in Attachment A.

San Francisco's Mediterranean climate and variety of local and regional destinations means that seasonality is not a big factor in the lodging market. This distinguishes San Francisco from many other visitor destinations. Occupancy rates are generally high year-round with peaks in the months of June through October.

Increased lodging supply responds to growth in demand—near term softening of occupancy rates and room rates

While short-term home rental services such as Airbnb capture an increasing share of the overnight visitor market, for the first time since 2008 significant new hotel development is proposed in downtown San Francisco. The pipeline of more than 20 hotels and 4,000 rooms in projects under development or proposed is a direct response to sustained high occupancy rates and strong demand from tourism, business travel, and conventions. This new construction will be developed and absorbed over a period of years, but will moderate the upward trend of occupancy rates and likely reduce the rate of increase in room rates. See "San Francisco Hotel Development Pipeline, Fourth Quarter 2016" in Attachment A.

Longer-term market prospects strong—lodging supply is diverse

The longer-term outlook for the tourist hotel market in San Francisco is strong. Tourism is one of the key sectors in the City's economy, supported by the strength of other economic activity in the City, growth in international travel ("SFO's international travel is growing faster than any other U.S. airport", *San Francisco Business Times*, March 8, 2016, in Attachment A), and the City's broad appeal to both convention and leisure travelers.

Market prospects for the proposed project

Characteristics of the lodging supply in the vicinity of the proposed project

The 824 Hyde Street location borders two San Francisco subareas used to report lodging data: Union/Nob/Moscone and Civic Center/Van Ness. Recent data for the month of May 2016 indicate occupancy of 90 percent for rooms in the Union/Nob/Moscone subarea (essentially unchanged from the same month in 2015) and average daily room rates of \$290 (five percent higher than the same month in 2015). The Civic Center / Van Ness subarea shows a stronger rising trend on these indicators—occupancy of 88 percent (2.6 percent higher than the same month in 2015) and average daily room rates of \$183 (18 percent higher than the same month in 2015). See "Statistics and Trends of Hotel-Motel Business, San Francisco Monthly Trends, Month of May" (San Francisco Travel and CBRE Hotels, May 2016) in Attachment A.

The many existing tourist lodging properties in the vicinity, representing the full range of lodging types, are evidence of the breadth of the market for additional visitor lodging in Lower Nob Hill. The list of representative nearby lodging includes: the 500-room Holiday Inn Golden Gateway on Van Ness and Pine, Hotel Vertigo (102 rooms) at Sutter and Leavenworth— "luxurious and elegant...boutique hotel showcas[ing] a baroque-modern style", Hotel Carlton (161 rooms) on Sutter between Hyde and Larkin—boutique hotel with "eclectic décor and laidback eco-friendly vibe", the Nob Hill Hotel (55 rooms) across the street at 835 Hyde Street— European boutique hotel from 1906, "fully restored to its original grandeur", and Motel 6 (72 rooms) at Geary and Larkin. See "Characteristics of Existing Hotels in the Vicinity of 824 Hyde Street" and Map 1 in Attachment A.

Conclusions about market prospects for proposed boutique hotel use at 824 Hyde Street

There are a number of factors that favor tourist hotel use at 824 Hyde Street and the positioning as a boutique hotel is in-step with development trends in this part of the City. See Map 2 824 Hyde Street Nearby Attractions in Attachment A.

- The site is centrally located in San Francisco near major transportation corridors. The location is well-served by transit heading into Union Square, the Financial District, North Beach, and the Embarcadero.
- Two and three blocks away on Polk and Van Ness, multiple transit lines and dedicated bike lanes head north to Fisherman's Wharf, Aquatic Park, Ghirardelli Square, Fort Mason, the Presidio, and the Golden Gate Bridge and south to the Civic Center, South of Market, Hayes Valley, and the Mission.
- While only six blocks from Union Square proper (shopping, theatre, cable cars), the location in Lower Nob Hill on the edge of the Tenderloin is near some of the trendiest new restaurants, bars, and small boutique in the City and near nationally known and well-established entertainment venues.
- State and federal government activity in nearby Civic Center provides a year-round source of demand for lodging in the Civic Center/Van Ness Corridor.

- Development of the 274-bed hospital at Van Ness and Geary represents an important near-future source of year-round demand for nearby lodging. The hospital project is stimulating a boom in real estate investment for housing, office, and hotel use near Van Ness and Geary.
- While projected room rates in the range of \$189 to \$379 per night are higher than the average for this location, they are consistent with rates at other boutique and small contemporary hotels in the vicinity.
- As new construction, the project will offer a distinctive product in San Francisco's boutique hotel market, where almost all such lodging is in renovated older buildings.

Attachment A Supporting Material

Estimate of Hotel Room Tax and Hotel Special Assessment Revenue

San Francisco levies a Hotel Room Tax ("transient occupancy tax") on hotel room charges. The current tax rate is 14% and applies to gross room revenue.

In addition, there are two special assessment districts that apply to all hotels in San Francisco. The Tourism Improvement District special assessment was established in 2008 to provide stable funding for the San Francisco Travel Association and to fund capital improvements and upgrades of Moscone Center. The assessment applies to all hotels in the city and the rate varies by zone. Zone 1 consists of all hotels on or east of Van Ness Avenue and on or north of 16th Street. Zone 2 is all other hotels in the city. The current assessment for Zone 1 is 1 percent of gross room revenue while the assessment for Zone 2 is 0.75 percent of gross room revenue. The Moscone Expansion District was established in 2013 to fund the expansion of Moscone Center. The district uses the same two zones. The current rate for Zone 1 is 1.25 percent of gross room revenue while the assessment for Zone 2 is 0.3125 percent of gross room revenue.

The proposed project would be subject to the Hotel Room Tax and the Zone 1 special assessments. The table below presents estimates of revenue for these three sources, using a range of potential room rate and occupancy assumptions. The scenarios indicate roughly \$400,000 - \$500,000 in annual revenue to these sources from the proposed project.

Number of rooms	33
Transient Occupancy Tax Rate	14%
SF Tourism Improvement District (Zone 1)	1.0%
Moscone Expansion District (Zone 1)	1.25%

	Higher Scenario	Lower Scenario
Occupancy rate (annual average)	90%	80%
Room Rate (annual average; \$189 - \$379 per night)	\$280	\$250
Annual Average Gross Room Revenue	\$3,035,340	\$2,409,000
Transient Occupancy Tax Revenue, annual	\$424,900	\$337,300
SF Tourism Improvement District Revenue, annual	\$30,400	\$24,100
Moscone Expansion District Revenue, annual	\$37,900	\$30,100
Total Revenue, all sources	\$493,200	\$391,500

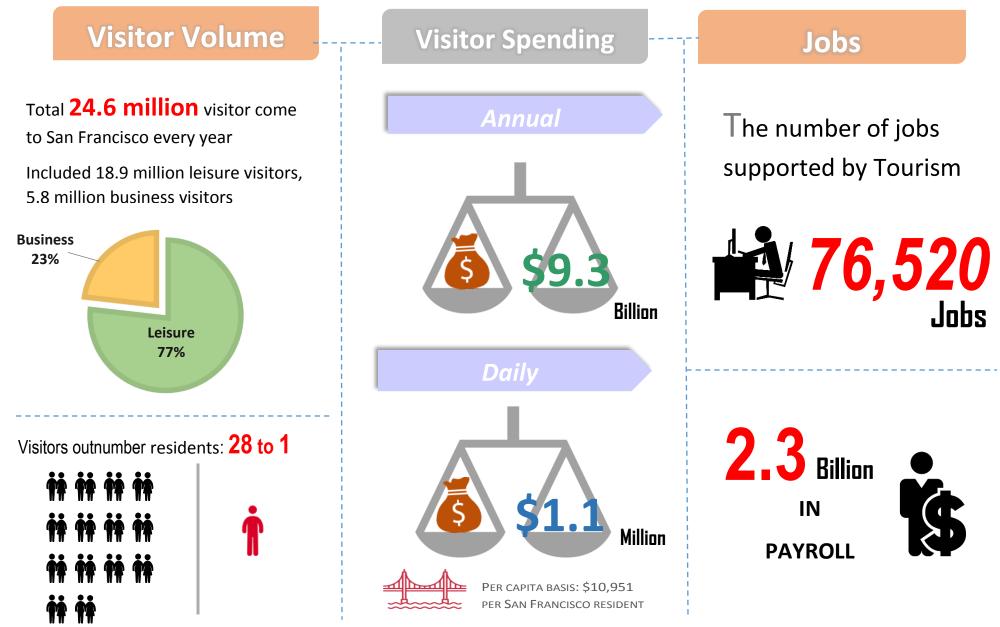
Source: Hausrath Economics Groups based on information from the project sponsor and tax rates and special assessment rates from the Controller's Office, City and County of San Francisco and the San Francisco Office of Economic and Workforce Development.





San Francisco Tourism

Overview 2015







Laurie Armstrong Director, Media Relations – US & Canada 415.227.2615 Laurie@sftravel.com Elisabeth Wieselthaler-Toelly Director, Media Relations – International 415.227.2603 Elisabeth@sftravel.com

FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE

San Francisco Travel Reports Record-Breaking Year for Tourism

Total Visitor Volume Tops 24.6 Million; Visitor Spending Exceeds \$9.3 Billion

March 29, 2016 – The San Francisco Travel Association reported today that San Francisco welcomed a total of 24.6 million visitors in 2015, an increase of 2.7 percent from 2014. This included 18.9 leisure visitors (up 2.7 percent from 2014) and 5.8 million business travelers in 2015 (also up 2.7% from 2014).

In 2015, the 24.6 million visitors brought \$9.3 billion in spending to San Francisco. Visitors directly spent \$8.5 billion in the city, up 3.4 percent from the previous year. An additional \$723 million was spent by meeting planners and exhibitors for goods and services for their meetings. For the year, total spending in San Francisco related to meetings and conventions reached \$2 billion.

The number of jobs supported by tourism rose 1 percent to 76,520 jobs in 2015, with an annual payroll of \$2.3 billion.

The tourism industry generated \$738 million in taxes and fees for the City of San Francisco, up 12.8 percent from the previous year. Major contributors to that figure include hotel tax (54.7 percent) and property tax (23.4 percent)

Visitor spending equated to \$25.4 million daily or \$1.1 million per hour.

On a per capita basis, visitors spent \$10,951 per San Franciscan. Visitors generated \$2,025 in taxes per San Francisco household.

Of the 24.6 million people who visited the city last year, 10.183 million were overnight visitors and spent \$7.4 billion dollars. International overnight visitors totaled 2.85 million and spent \$4.65 billion, which represented 63 percent of all overnight spending. Overnight visitors from the United States totaled 7.33 million and spent \$2.76 billion, representing 37 percent of all overnight guest spending. Sixty two percent of all overnight guests stayed in hotels in the San Francisco.



San Francisco Travel has developed a new research model using internal data and curated research in conjunction with Tourism Economics. Several years of lodging data was curated by San Francisco Travel using research from STR (formerly Smith Travel Research) and PKF Consulting. Data for flight volume was provided by OAG (formerly Official Aviation Guide) and San Francisco International Airport. Domestic visitor data was collected by Longwoods. International visitor data by country came from Tourism Economics' Global City Travel database and global visitor surveys by Destination Analysts as well as tax and household data. Group sales statistics were drawn from USI, San Francisco Travel's CRM (customer relationship management) platform.

San Francisco Travel used their new model to revise data going back to 2008 to ensure consistency going forward.

The above data pertains only to visitors to San Francisco. For the first time, San Francisco Travel's research also includes the city of San Francisco and Bay Area regional markets including Marin County, the Peninsula and San Francisco International Airport.

The Port of San Francisco hosted 82 ship calls and 297,504 passengers in 2015. In addition to passengers, each ship has approximately 1,000 crew members. This is a record number of passengers, breaking the previous high mark of 256,410 set in 2014. Based on passenger, crew, and ship expenditures, the overall economic impact to the Bay Area of a cruise ship call in San Francisco is approximately \$1 million.

In 2015, San Francisco Travel booked 44 conventions at Moscone Center, which will fill 1,153,258 hotel room nights between 2015 and 2032. Their attendees and exhibitors will spend an estimated \$1,001,190,532.

"These record-breaking numbers once again prove that tourism is the most important industry in San Francisco. The 24.6 million visitors and \$9.3 billion in spending create jobs and support services for people throughout the city and the entire Bay Area," said Joe D'Alessandro, president and CEO of San Francisco Travel. "We are experiencing sustained growth in all market segments – domestic, international, leisure and business – as a result of our highly professional and sophisticated community of hotels, restaurants, cultural organizations and SFO, one of the finest airports in the world," he added.

The San Francisco Travel Association is a private, not-for-profit organization that markets the city as a leisure, convention and business travel destination. With more than 1,500 partner businesses, San Francisco Travel is one of the largest membership-based tourism promotion agencies in the country.

The San Francisco Travel business offices are located at One Front St., Suite 2900, San Francisco, CA 94111.



San Francisco Travel also operates Visitor Information Centers at Hallidie Plaza, 900 Market Street at the corner of Powell and Market streets and on the lower level of Macy's Union Square. For more information, visit www.sanfrancisco.travel.

San Francisco International Airport (SFO) offers non-stop flights to more than 39 international cities on 33 international carriers. The Bay Area's largest airport connects non-stop with 77 cities in the U.S. on 14 domestic airlines. SFO offers upgraded free Wi-Fi with no advertising. For up-to-the-minute departure and arrival information, airport maps and details on shopping, dining, cultural exhibitions, ground transportation and more, visit www.flysfo.com. Follow SFO on www.twitter.com/flysfo and www.facebook.com/flysfo.

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From the San Francisco Business Times: http://www.bizjournals.com/sanfrancisco/blog/2016/03/sf-record-setting-year-for-tourismnew-report.html

S.F. had record-setting year for tourism, new report shows

SUBSCRIBER CONTENT: Mar 29, 2016, 1:55pm PDT

2015 turned out to be a record-breaking year for tourism in the city, with increases in the numbers of visitors, spending, jobs and tax revenue, according to a new report from the **San Francisco Travel Association** given to the Business Times on Tuesday.

San Francisco welcomed 24.6 million visitors in 2015, a 2.7 percent increase from the previous year. That included 18.9 million visitors who came for leisure, and 5.8 million business travelers.



DAVID PAUL MORRIS/BLOOMBERG NEWS Retail rents in San Francisco's Union Square soared 30 percent over the last year, making it the fastestrising shopping destination in the world.

Visitor spending brought in \$9.3 billion to the city — equating to around \$25.4 million daily or \$1.1 million per hour. Tourism also generated \$738 million in taxes and fees for San Francisco, up 12.8 percent from 2014.

"These record-breaking numbers once again prove that tourism is the most important industry in San Francisco," said Joe D'Allessandro, president and CEO of San Francisco Travel, in a statement. D'Allessandro said that the numbers in the report are the highest numbers ever for tourism in the city.

Jobs supported by the tourism industry also saw a 1 percent increase to 76,520 in 2015, with an annual payroll of \$2.3 billion. The Port of San Francisco reached a record number of 297,504 passengers — breaking the previous high record of 256,410 in 2014.

The first quarter of this year also saw strong tourism numbers, which can be attributed largely to the area hosting Super Bowl 50. Although the game was held at Santa Clara's Levi Stadium, about 40 miles southeast of San Francisco, a significant number of tourists who visited the Bay Area for Superbowl weekend opted to stay in the city, due to a limited number of vacancies around the stadium, according to a survey.

"We are experiencing sustained growth in all market segments – domestic, international, leisure and business – as a result of our highly professional and sophisticated community of hotels, restaurants, cultural organizations and SFO, one of the finest airports in the world," D'Allessandro said.

D'Allessandro said a big factor for last year's tourism success was its international visitors; the city's international market share is growing, and international visitors tend to spend more money and stay longer. He told the Business Times there is more international service from San Francisco International Airport, with new flights to and from Asia and Europe.

SFO reached a record breaking 50 million annual passengers in 2015— with a 33 percent growth rate between 2007 and 2014, according to a report from the city. Efforts have been made in recent years to attract growth, such as taking on a 10-year improvement project to renovate terminals, add new amenities, and build a four-star hotel at the airport.

San Francisco's hotel market has seen significant success recently. After the last couple decades of averaging 72 percent hotel occupancy in the city, it reached 85 percent occupancy in 2015 — and experts expect it to increase in 2016.

However, D'Allessandro told the Business Times that there are signs from the global economy that indicate a potential tourism slowdown in the next couple years — but despite that, there are many things San Francisco has to look forward to this year, such as the opening of the SF MOMA.

"We are one of the most successful cities in the United States in terms of overall visitor growth," D'Allessandro told the Business Times.

Jean Lee Researcher San Francisco Business Times



San Francisco Tourism

Hotel Occupancy Rate & Other Features (2015)

All Hotels	2013	2014	2015	% Change 13-15
Occupancy Rate	85.4%	86.3%	86.6%	1.41%
ADR*	\$228.97	\$253.84	\$268.17	17.12%
RevPAR**	\$195.56	\$219.18	\$232.22	18.75%



By Room Rate		Occup	ancy Rate		ADR				RevPAR			
Room Rate	2013	2014	2015	VAR 13-15	2013	2014	2015	VAR 13-15	2013	2014	2015	VAR 13-15
Over \$175	82.3%	83.3%	82.9%	0.7%	\$235.04	\$256.91	\$273.52	16.37%	\$194.58	\$213.92	\$226.79	16.55%
\$125-\$175	80.0%	82.4%	83.6%	4.5%	\$148.68	\$162.79	\$177.98	19.71%	\$118.98	\$134.19	\$148.73	25.00%
\$75-\$125	73.0%	75.8%	77.9%	6.7%	\$101.80	\$105.30	\$114.37	12.35%	\$74.30	\$79.80	\$89.08	19.89%
Under \$75	64.4%	65.9%	68.4%	6.2%	\$51.00	\$54.40	\$59.55	16.76%	\$32.82	\$35.86	\$40.72	24.07%

*ADR: Average Daily Rate, average rental income per paid occupied room in one year. (Hotel revenue divided by the number of rooms sold.) **RevPAR: Revenue Per Available Room. Source: PKF Reports from Hotel Council of SF

Update: May 2016

San Francisco Hotel Development Pipeline, Fourth Quarter 2016

		Number of		Date of Most	Date First
Project/Address		Rooms	Status	Recent Action	Filed
250 4th Street		208	Under Construction	12/30/2016	1/14/2011
1095 Market Street		202	Under Construction	12/1/2016	9/11/2014
144 King Street		160	Under Construction	11/16/2016	6/21/2005
1100 Market Street - improvements to existing hotel		na	Under Construction	2/4/2016	8/29/2012
400 Bay Street		13	Building Permit Issued	12/30/2016	2/12/2016
Mission Bay Block 1		250	Building Permit Issued	10/5/2016	9/22/2015
701 3rd Street		230	Building Permit Issued	11/29/2016	11/24/2014
555 Howard Street		255	Building Permit Filed	12/27/2016	7/20/2015
744 Harrison		50	Building Permit Filed	11/7/2016	6/16/2016
950 - 974 Market Street		232	Building Permit Filed	2/8/2016	8/5/2013
72 Ellis Street		156	Building Permit Filed	8/3/2015	12/2/2009
Oceanwide (Mission Street Tower)		169	Planning Approved	6/30/2016	12/21/2006
Hunters PoInt Shipyard, Phase II		220	Planning Approved	4/10/2014	8/24/2007
Treasure Island/ Yerba Buena Island Area Plan		500	Planning Approved	3/15/2011	8/9/2007
425 Mason Street		77	Project Application Filed	11/30/2016	9/8/2016
447 Battery Street		144	Project Application Filed	6/23/2016	6/23/2016
996 Mission Street		105	Project Application Filed	6/9/2016	6/9/2016
48 Tehama Street		120	Project Application Filed	5/10/2016	3/13/2015
400 - 416 2nd Street		300	Project Application Filed	4/29/2016	10/31/2012
1196 Columbus Avenue		75	Project Application Filed	10/16/2015	12/17/2014
1025 Howard Street		181	Project Application Filed	4/24/2015	4/24/2015
1053 Market Street		155	Project Application Filed	6/16/2014	3/18/2014
350 Second Street		480	Preliminary Project Assessment	9/15/2016	9/15/2016
	Total Rooms	4,282			

Source: San Francisco Planning Department

San Francisco International Airport posts highest rate of international trav... http://www.bizjournals.com/sanfrancisco/blog/2016/03/sfo-international-...

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From the San Francisco Business Times: http://www.bizjournals.com/sanfrancisco/blog/2016/03/sfo-international-travel-tourism-chinesevisitors.html

SFO's international travel is growing faster than any other U.S. airport

Mar 8, 2016, 10:26am PST Updated: Mar 8, 2016, 10:40am PST

San Francisco International Airport is setting records this year.

Following recent news that the airport served a record 50 million total passengers in 2015, a new report from the International Trade Administration shows that SFO had the highest rate of international visitors of any American airport in 2015.

SFO had a 9 percent increase in international passengers, putting it above other major gateway airports like Los Angeles' LAX and New York's John F. Kennedy International airport.



PAOLO VESCIA San Francisco International Airport has the fastest growing rate of international passengers of any airport in the United States.

The "report on international traffic growth further highlights the success of our efforts, which include improved facilities, a keen eye on cost control, and an unwavering commitment to the guest experience," Airport Director John Martin said in a statement.

Last year, SFO added new airlines and new international flights, including a nonstop flight to Istanbul from Turkish Airlines, a new nonstop service to Guangzhou, China, from China Southern Airline, and the launch of the first nonstop flight from the U.S. West Coast to Delhi, India, from Air India. In the last three years, 13 new airlines have started service to and from SFO. The airport will continue adding airlines and flights in 2016, including a nonstop service to Tel Aviv launching this month, and <u>low-cost flights to Reykjavik, Iceland, on Wow Air</u>.

Tourism overall is San Francisco's largest industry, sustaining roughly 87,000 jobs. International visits to San Francisco increased by 21 percent from 2010 to 2014, according to the **San Francisco Travel Association**. The number of visits is expected to grow another 19 percent from 2015 through 2018.

Leading that growth is the Chinese market. Here's how the numbers break down:

Chinese visitors to San Francisco spent an \$813 million in 2015. Visitors from the United Kingdom shell out \$465 million. Indian visitors spent \$404 million. Visitors from Germany, Scandinavia, South Korea and Japan also make up large portions of San Francisco's international visitors.

The International Trade Administration report showed that across the country, international traffic included 209.1 million passengers traveling to and from the United States in 2015, an increase of 6 percent over 2014's growth. Traffic between the United States and China increased by 25 percent in 2015.

California tourism bureaus are making a push to educate businesses about Chinese tourism as the number of Chinese visitors to California — and the Bay Area — continues to rise. Visit California, the state's tourism association, and SFTravel have hosted seminars called "China Ready" that are aimed at helping businesses prepare for the growing number of Chinese tourists visiting the state every year.

Those preparations include everything from having staff that speak Mandarin to offering certain foods and amenities to which Chinese visitors are accustomed, Antonette Eckert, the director of international tourism for the Asia-Pacific market at the San Francisco Travel Association, told the Business Times last year.

SFO, for its part, has undergone a 10-year capital improvement plan that includes terminal renovations, new amenities and even a new hotel. It recently snagged a <u>large lease for some high-end</u> <u>restaurant offerings in its international terminal</u>.

Annie Sciacca

Reporter San Francisco Business Times

STATISTICS AND TRENDS OF HOTEL-MOTEL BUSINESS SAN FRANCISCO MONTHLY TRENDS MONTH OF MAY

REPORT OF ROOMS BUSINESS BY LOCATION

	AVERAGE DAILY ROOM RATE			OCCUPANCY PERCENT			REVENUE PER AVAILABLE ROOM			
	2016	2015	VAR	2016	2015	VAR	2016	2015	VAR	
UNION/NOB/MOSCONE	\$290.31	\$276.63	4.9%	89.9%	89.9%	0.1%	\$261.12	\$248.62	5.0%	
FINANCIAL DISTRICT	292.76	268.01	9.2%	93.2%	90.8%	2.6%	272.95	243.44	12.1%	
FISHERMAN'S WHARF	243.34	220.38	10.4%	88.8%	87.6%	1.4%	216.12	193.05	12.0%	
CIVIC CENTER/VAN NESS	182.96	154.49	18.4%	87.6%	85.3%	2.6%	160.23	131.83	21.5%	
OVERALL AVERAGE	\$278.23	\$260.80	6.7%	90.0%	89.4%	0.7%	\$250.37	\$233.16	7.4%	

REPORT OF ROOMS BUSINESS BY AVERAGE DAILY RATE

	AVERAGE DAILY ROOM RATE		OCCUPANCY PERCENT			REVENUE PER AVAILABLE ROOM			
	2016	2015	VAR	2016	2015	VAR	2016	2015	VAR
OVER \$200.00	\$285.33	\$268.46	6.3%	90.4%	89.7%	0.7%	\$257.81	\$240.94	7.0%
\$150.00 TO \$200.00	\$176.89	\$154.41	14.6%	85.1%	84.9%	0.2%	\$150.49	\$131.08	14.8%
OVERALL AVERAGE	\$278.23	\$260.80	6.7%	90.0%	89.4%	0.7%	\$250.37	\$233.16	7.4%

REPORT OF ROOMS BUSINESS BY SIZE OF PROPERTY

	AVERAGI	DAILY RO	OM RATE	OCCUPANCY PERCENT		RCENT	REVENUE PER AVAILA		BLE ROOM	
	2016	2015	VAR	2016	2015	VAR	2016	2015	VAR	
OVER 400 ROOMS	\$274.37	\$257.84	6.4%	91.0%	92.0%	-1.1%	\$249.68	\$237.19	5.3%	
250 TO 400 ROOMS	299.08	279.01	7.2%	89.2%	85.9%	3.8%	266.64	239.58	11.3%	
150 TO 250 ROOMS	248.93	208.80	19.2%	85.9%	76.5%	12.2%	213.77	159.75	33.8%	
UNDER 150 ROOMS	241.16	221.71	8.8%	84.3%	78.9%	6.9%	203.32	174.84	16.3%	
OVERALL AVERAGE	\$278.23	\$260.80	6.7%	90.0%	89.4%	0.7%	\$250.37	\$233.16	7.4%	

SOURCE: CBRE HOTELS

From Trends in the Hotel Industry, Northern California, May 2016 Provided by San Francisco Travel

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Characteristics of Existing Hotels in the Vicinity of 824 Hyde Street as of February 2017, with focus on small - to mid-sized boutique hotels (see Map 1)

Name	Rooms	Rate range	Address	Description
Small Budget Hotels				
Embassy Hotel	18 rooms	winter low \$92/summer low \$169	610 Polk at Turk	simple budget digs in an art deco building
Layne Hotel	40 rooms	winter low \$62/summer low \$189	545 Jones Street	basic amenities
Mithila Hotel	40 rooms	winter low \$79/summer low \$109	972 Sutter Street	affordable downtown San Francisco hotel
Super 8 San Francisco Union Square	52 rooms	winter low \$191/summer low \$191	415 O'Farrell at Taylor	Contemporary budget hotel
Motel 6	72 rooms	winter low \$129/summer low \$209	895 Geary at Larkin	modern budget lodging with free parking
Beresford Arms	80 rooms	year-round low \$179	701 Post at Jones	spacious rooms and suites in historic building
Herbert Hotel	99 rooms	winter low \$89/summer low \$169	161 Powell at O'Farrell	newly-designed rooms in the heart of Union Square
Small Boutique Hotels (less than 3	100 rooms)			
Payne Mansion Hotel	10 rooms	winter low \$299/summer low \$319	1409 Sutter at Franklin	refined Victorian hotel (all private baths)
Andrews Hotel	48 rooms	year-round low \$209	624 Post at Shannon	warm-colored rooms
Queen Anne Hotel	48 rooms	winter low \$139/summer low \$219	1590 Sutter at Octavia	elegant lodging in a restored Victorian
Nob Hill Hotel	55 rooms	winter low \$140/summer low \$240	835 Hyde Street	ornate decor and period paintings grace the boutique hotel interior
Hotel Majestic	58 rooms	winter low \$118/summer low \$178	1500 Sutter at Gough	elegant boutique hotel with period décor
Warwick San Francisco	74 rooms	winter low \$260/summer low \$405	490 Geary at Taylor	Victorian décor and modern amenities
Hotel Epik	76 rooms	winter low \$100/summer low \$290	706 Polk at Eddy	brand-new, modern boutique
lotel Beresford	90 rooms	winter low \$98/summer low \$169	635 Sutter at Mason	traditional British restaurant on-site and offers Victorian-style rooms
Hotel Abri	91 rooms	winter low \$280/summer low \$350	127 Ellis at Cyril Magnin	urban boutique hideaway with modern décor
Adante Hotel	92 rooms	winter low \$169/summer low \$309	610 Geary at Jones	classic cosmopolitan boutique, historic charm
The Alise	93 rooms	winter low \$180/summer low \$300	580 Geary at Jones	stately, cassic hotel with bright rooms
Hotel Rex	94 rooms	winter low \$230/summer low \$340	562 Sutter at Mason	boutique hotel inspired by the 1920s and '30s
Cova Hotel	95 rooms	winter low \$119/summer low \$183	655 Ellis at Larkin	modern rooms & suites with free shuttle
Phoenix Hotel	99 rooms	winter low \$269/summer low \$309	601 Eddy Street	mid-century boutique hotel/chic motor lodge; retro style; pool
/lid-Sized Boutique Hotels (100 o	r more rooms)			
he Monarch Hotel	101 rooms	winter low \$107/summer low \$170	1015 Geary at Polk	no-frills rooms
lotel Vertigo	102 rooms	winter low \$189/summer low \$220	940 Sutter	contemporary hotel occupying the site made famous in Hitchcock's 'Vertigo
lotel Diva	115 rooms	winter low \$199/summer low \$169	440 Geary	sleek property with ultramodern rooms
lotel Fusion	118 rooms	winter low \$135/summer low \$200	140 Ellis	classic Asian design, modern creative energy
The Buchanan	130 rooms	winter low \$125/summer low \$205	1800 Sutter at Buchanan	hip lodging with anime themed rooms
Hotel Union Square	131 rooms	winter low \$220/summer low \$339	114 Powell	SF's first boutique hotel
Axiom Hotel	152 rooms	winter low \$169/summer low \$329	28 Cyril Magnin	tech-savvy amenities, pet-friendly rooms
Hotel Carlton	161 rooms	winter low \$199/summer low \$235	1075 Sutter at Larkin	laid-back Nob Hill hotel
he Opal	167 rooms	winter low \$104/summer low \$140	1050 Van Ness and Geary	budget lodging in historic 1908 Building
/illa Florence	189 rooms	winter low \$150/summer low \$310	225 Powell	elegant, contemporary Italian design
Hotel Zeppelin	196 rooms	winter low \$270/summer low \$325	545 Post Street	boutique modern
The Marker Hotel	208 rooms	winter low \$159/summer low \$332	501 Geary at Taylor	upscale boutique, spa amenities
Large Middle-Market Hotels				
Holiday Inn San Francisco Golden Gate	199 rooms	winter low at \$199/summer low \$219	1500 Van Ness and Pine	modern botel with on-site dining and pool

Holiday Inn San Francisco Golden Gate 499 rooms

winter low at \$199/summer low \$219

1500 Van Ness and Pine

modern hotel with on-site dining and pool

Source: Hausrath Economics Group, based on Google Search, Google Maps, Booking.com, SF Travel, Tripadvisor.com, field work, and the websites of and phone calls to various hotels

Note: "low" pricing represents generally mid-week availability for the smallest available room, in the months of February (winter) and June-September (summer)



Map 2 - 824 Hyde Street Nearby Attractions

 824 Hyde St
 Asian Art Museum
 Cable Car Museum
 Tenderloin Museum
 826 Valencia Tenderloin Center

C Kayo Books

PanIQ Escape Room San Francisco

Onsen

Float Matrix

Nob Hill Spa at The Scarlet Huntington

🙆 Encore Karaoke Lounge

Gauntlet Gallery

SMAart Gallery & Studio

Father Alfred E. Boeddeker Park

O Tenderloin National Forest

Black Cat

🕑 Bill Graham Civic Auditorium

Great American Music Hall

SHN Orpheum Theatre

🔀 Brenda's French Soul Food 🔀 Common Sage \mathbf{x} Heart of the City Farmers Market 🔀 Liholiho Yacht Club 🔀 Mensho Tokyo SF 🔀 Morty's Delicatessen 🔀 Mymy 🔀 The Saratoga 🔀 Swan Oyster Depot Ales Unlimited: Beer Basement 🕜 Nite Cap The Royale Edinburgh Castle Pub Huxley Grass Roots HYDE OUT Playland Bar The Wreck Room Upcider Hemlock Tavern Jackalope 🕜 Zeki's Bar



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Source: HEG research, February 2017

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Planning

TRANSPORTATION DEMAND MANAGEMENT (TDM) PLAN APPLICATION

Property Owner's Inf	ormation				-1			
Name: Mahesh Pate	:1		· //			,		
Address: 737 E. Francisco Blvd. San Rafael CA 94901				Email Address: maheshp11@aol.com				
San Rafael	CA 94901			Telephone:	415-	305-0421		
Applicant Informatio	n (if applicable	;)						
Name:				-		Same as above 🗹		
Company/Organization						ΥΥ/Α		
Address:				Email Address	-			
	+10- 			Telephone:				
Please Select Billing	g Contact:		Owner	Applicant		Other (see below for details)		
Name:		Email:				_ Phone:		
Please Select Prima Contact:	ry Project/TD	M	🗋 Owner	Applicant	Billing	Other (see below for details)		
Name: Mahesh	Parte 1	Email:	Maher	-LPII AT ADC	Ge #1	Phone: 415= 305=0421		
Property Information	1							
Project Address: 824 H	yde Street			Block/Lot(s): 2	280/17	1		
Project Description	r							
Please provide a narrative	project description	on that su	immarizes the	project and its purpo	ose. 🗌	3 See Attachment		
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						t under Table-209.3 because-		
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building height exc	eeds 50 [°] in an	RC-4 2	zoning distr	ict.				
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APPLICANT'S AFFIDAVIT

Under penalty of perjuty the following declarations are made:

- a) The undersigned is the owner or authorized agent of the owner of this property,
- The information presented is true and correct to the best of my knowledge. b)
- c) The TDM Program Standards included multiple options to meet the target, and of those options, the owner has selected the TDM measures included in the TDM Plan application.
- Other information or applications may be required. d)

Signature

MaHESH PATEL Name (Printed) _____Mahesh PII AT AOL COM Email

Owner Relationship to Project (i.e. Owner, Architect, etc.)

415-305-0421 Phone

8 SAN FRANCISCO PLANNING V.03.07.8017

Me Alexander House Harman appears

TDM PLAN WORKSHEET

				Land Use	Category	
		Pointe	A Botail	B Office	C Residential	D Other
	Measure Improve Walking Conditions: Option A; or	Points	Retail			
	Improve Walking Conditions: Option B	'				
	Bicycle Parking: Option A; or	1	Ē	E 1	ē	
	Bicycle Parking: Option B; or	2	E			
	Bicycle Parking: Option C; or	3				
	Bicycle Parking: Option D	4	e			· · · ·
	Showers and Lockers	1	E	B	Õ	E Contraction
	Bike Share Membership: Location A; or	1	E			Ŭ –
	Bike Share Membership: Location B	2	ē	®	B	· · · · · ·
·····	Bicycle Repair Station	1	B	B	E	0 -
TWE-5B	Bicycle Maintenance Services	1		e	e	o —
TIVE-6	Fleet of Bicycles	1	E	E	۲	o —
TWE-7	Bicycle Valet Parking	1	B	0	0	° –
HARE-1	Car-share Parking and Membership: Option A; or	1	P	P	P	P
	Car-share Parking and Membership: Option B; or	2	P	P	P	P
	Car-share Parking and Membership: Option C; or	3	9	(P)	P	P
	Car-share Parking and Membership: Option D; or	4	P	P	P	0 -
	Car-share Parking and Membership: Option E	5	(P)	(P)	P	· · –
IVERY-1	Delivery Supportive Amenities	1	E			0 -
	Provide Delivery Services	1	®	0	0	O —
	Family TDM Amenities: Option A; and/or	1	0	0		0
	Family TDM Amenities: Option B	1	\oslash	\oslash		Ø
1118-2	On-site Childcare	2	۲	e	۲	0
	Family TDM Package	2	0	0	۲	0
	Contributions or Incentives for Sustainable Transportation: Option A; or	2				<u> </u>
(Contributions or Incentives for Sustainable Transportation: Option B; or	4				• <u>–</u>
(Contributions or Incentives for Sustainable Transportation: Option C; or	6				O
(Contributions or Incentives for Sustainable Transportation: Option D	8				O
	Shuttle Bus Service: Option A; or	7	B	ø	B	O 🗕
	Shuttle Bus Service: Option B	14	®	B	B	° –

B = applicable to land use category.

(B) = applicable to land use category, see fact sheets for further details regarding project size and/or location.

(P) = applicable to land use catgory only if project includes some parking.

 \oslash = not applicable to land use category.

6

 \bigcirc = project sponsor can select these measures for

land use category D, but will not receive points.

NOTE: Please tally the points on the next page.

NOTE: A project sponsor can only receive	
up to 14 points between HOV-2 and HOV-3.	

to 14 points betw	reen HOV-2 and HOV-3.			Land Use	Category	
tegory Me	sasure	Points	A Retail	B Office	C Residential	D Other
	anpool Program: Option A; or	1	۲	®	0	0 -
Va	anpool Program: Option B; or	2	B	B	\otimes	· · · ·
Va	anpool Program: Option C; or	3	B	₿	\bigcirc	0 —
Va	anpool Program: Option D; or	4	B	®	0	° –
Va	npool Program: Option E; or	5	ø	B	Ø)
Va	npool Program: Option F; or	6	B	B	\oslash	0 -
Va	inpool Program: Option G	7	P	®	Ø	O <u>—</u>
()-1) Mi	ultimodal Wayfinding Signage	1		e	®	۲
0-2 Re	eal Time Transportation Information Displays	1	®	E 1	۲	e
0-% Ta	ilored Transportation Marketing Services: Option A; or	1	۲	۲	E	— ()
Ta	ilored Transportation Marketing Services: Option B; or	2	۲	e	۲	O —
Та	ilored Transportation Marketing Services: Option C; or	3	B	Þ	B	o —
Ta	ilored Transportation Marketing Services: Option D	4	®	B	®	O —
1 He	ealthy Food Retail in Underserved Area	2	B	Ø	0	0
2 Or	n-site Affordable Housing: Option A; or	1	0	Ø	۲	Ø
Or	n-site Affordable Housing: Option B; or	2	\oslash	Ø	۲	Ø
Or	n-site Affordable Housing: Option C; or	3	\oslash	\oslash	B	\oslash
Or	n-site Affordable Housing: Option D	4	\oslash	\oslash	B	\oslash
9-1 Ur	bundle Parking: Location A; or	1	P	®P	BP	o —
Un	bundle Parking: Location B; or	2	P	®	®P	O <u>—</u>
Un	bundle Parking: Location C; or	3	P	BP	P	<u> </u>
Un	bundle Parking: Location D; or	4	(F) (P)	B P	ØØ	· ·
Un	bundle Parking: Location E	5	BP	BP	BD	<u> </u>
-2 Pa	rking Pricing	2	P	(P)	0	· –
Pa Pa	rking Cash Out: Non-residential Tenants	2	•	P	Ø	O —
-4 Pa	rking Supply: Option A; or	1	۹	P	P	P
Pa	rking Supply: Option B; or	2	•	(P)	P	P
Pa	rking Supply: Option C; or	3	P	P	P	P
Pa	rking Supply: Option D; or	4	P	(P)	P	0 —
Pa	rking Supply: Option E; or	5	9	۹	P	<u> </u>
Pa	rking Supply: Option F; or	6	P	(P)	P	<u> </u>
Pa	rking Supply: Option G; or	7	(9)	P	P	
Pa	rking Supply: Option H; or	8	P	P	P	<u> </u>
Pai	rking Supply: Option I; or	9	P	(9)	P	
Pai	rking Supply: Option J; or	10	P	P	(P)	\circ –
Pai	rking Supply: Option K	11		11 1	B	<u> </u>

B = applicable to land use category.

Land Use Category Totals

		0,		
А	в	С	D	
Retail	Office	Residential	Other	
int Subtotal from Page 1:	1			
int Subtotal from Page 2:	12	.		
Totals:	13			
	Retail nt Subtotal from Page 1: nt Subtotal from Page 2:	RetailOfficent Subtotal from Page 1:1Int Subtotal from Page 2:121212	Retail Office Residential nt Subtotal from Page 1: 1 int Subtotal from Page 2: 12	Retail Office Residential Other nt Subtotal from Page 1: 1 1

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SAN FRANCISCO

DEPARTMENT

AFFIDAVIT FOR FIRST SOURCE HIRING PROGRAM Administrative Code Chapter 83

1650 Mission Street, Suite 400 • San Francisco CA 94103-2479 • 415.558.6378 • http://www.sfplanning.org

Section 1: Project Information

PROJECT ADDRESS		BLOCK/LOT(S)				
824 HYDE ST-SF			LOT 0 [,]	17 BLOCK 0280		
BUILDING PERMIT APPLICATION NO.	CASE NO. (IF APPLICABLE)		MOTION NO. (IF APPLICABLE)			
PROJECT SPONSOR		MAIN CONTACT		PHONE		
824 HYDE ST INVESTME	NTS, LLC	KETAL PATEL		415-837-8933		
ADDRESS						
737 FRANCISCO BLVD E						
CITY, STATE, ZIP			EMAIL			
SAN RAFAEL, CA 94901			KETAL@ME.COM			
ESTIMATED RESIDENTIAL UNITS	ESTIMATED SQ FT 0	COMMERCIAL SPACE	ESTIMATED HEIGHT/FL	OORS	ESTIMATED CONSTRUCTION COST	
13,376 SQ FT			6 FLOORS 3,500,000			
ANTICIPATED START DATE						
OCTOBER 2017						

Section 2: First Source Hiring Program Verification

CHECK	ALL BOXES APPLICABLE TO THIS PROJECT
	Project is wholly Residential
X	Project is wholly Commercial
	Project is Mixed Use
	A: The project consists of ten (10) or more residential units;
	B: The project consists of 25,000 square feet or more gross commercial floor area.
Ă	C: Neither 1A nor 1B apply.
Depa If you Depa to Ad For q visit v If the	a checked C , this project is <u>NOT</u> subject to the First Source Hiring Program. Sign Section 4: Declaration of Sponsor of Project and submit to the Planning interment. In checked A or B , your project <u>IS</u> subject to the First Source Hiring Program. Please complete the reverse of this document, sign, and submit to the Planning interment prior to any Planning Commission hearing. If principally permitted, Planning Department approval of the Site Permit is required for all projects subject ministrative Code Chapter 83. uestions, please contact OEWD's CityBuild program at CityBuild@sfgov.org or (415) 701-4848. For more information about the First Source Hiring Program <i>www.workforcedevelopmentsf.org</i> project is subject to the First Source Hiring Program, you are required to execute a Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) with OEWD's CityBuild program prior zeiving construction permits from Department of Building Inspection.

1

Section 3: First Source Hiring Program – Workforce Projection

Per Section 83.11 of Administrative Code Chapter 83, it is the developer's responsibility to complete the following information to the best of their knowledge.

Provide the estimated number of employees from each construction trade to be used on the project, indicating how many are entry and/or apprentice level as well as the anticipated wage for these positions.

Check the anticipated trade(s) and provide accompanying information (Select all that apply):

TRADE/CRAFT	ANTICIPATED JOURNEYMAN WAGE	# APPRENTICE POSITIONS	# TOTAL POSITIONS	TRADE/CRAFT	ANTICIPATED JOURNEYMAN WAGE	# APPRENTICE POSITIONS	# TOTAL POSITIONS		
Abatement Laborer				Laborer					
Boilermaker				Operating Engineer					
Bricklayer				Painter					
Carpenter				Pile Driver					
Cement Mason				Plasterer					
Drywaller/ Latherer				Plumber and Pipefitter					
Electrician				Roofer/Water proofer					
Elevator Constructor				Sheet Metal Worker					
Floor Coverer				Sprinkler Fitter					
Glazier				Taper					
Heat & Frost Insulator				Tile Layer/ Finisher					
Ironworker				Other:					
	i	TOTAL:			i	TOTAL:			
YES NO 1. Will the anticipated employee compensation by trade be consistent with area Prevailing Wage? I I									
2. Will the awarded contractor(s) participate in an apprenticeship program approved by the State of California's Department of Industrial Relations?									

- 3. Will hiring and retention goals for apprentices be established?
- 4. What is the estimated number of local residents to be hired?

Section 4: Declaration of Sponsor of Principal Project

PRINT NAME AND TITLE OF AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE	EMAIL	PHONE NUMBER					
KETAL PATEL/ PARTNER	KETAL@ME.COM	415.837.8933					
I HEREBY DECLARE THAT THE INFORMATION PROVIDED HEREIN IS ACCURATE TO THE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE AND THAT I COORDINATED WITH OEWD'S CITYBUILD PROGRAM TO SATISFY THE REQUIREMENTS OF ADMINISTRATIVE CODE CHAPTER 83.							
KETAL PATEL 3/29/2017							
(SIGNATURE OF AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE)		(DATE)					
FOR PLANNING DEPARTMENT STAFF ONLY: PLEASE EMAIL AN ELECTRONIC COPY OF THE COMPLETED AFFIDAVIT FOR FIRST SOURCE HIRING PROGRAM TO OEWD'S CITYBUILD PROGRAM AT CITYBUILD@SFGOV.ORG							
Cc: Office of Economic and Workforce Development, CityBuild Address: 1 South Van Ness 5th Floor San Francisco, CA 94103 Phone: 415-701-4848							
Website: www.workforcedevelopmentsf.org Email: CityBuild@sfgov.c							

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February 17, 2017

Mr. n. Foster S. F. Planning Dept. 1650 Mission St. San Francisco, Ca Dear Mr. Foster, As per our conversation about the proposed hotel project at 824 Hyde St. I would like to state my objections. First, there is already a 55 room hotel across the storet. Is another one on the same block really needed? I don't believe this is a high traffic area for tourists. The original project of a residential 15-unit property is much more needed than a "boutique" hotel. Thank you for considering my comments. Joan Cooper

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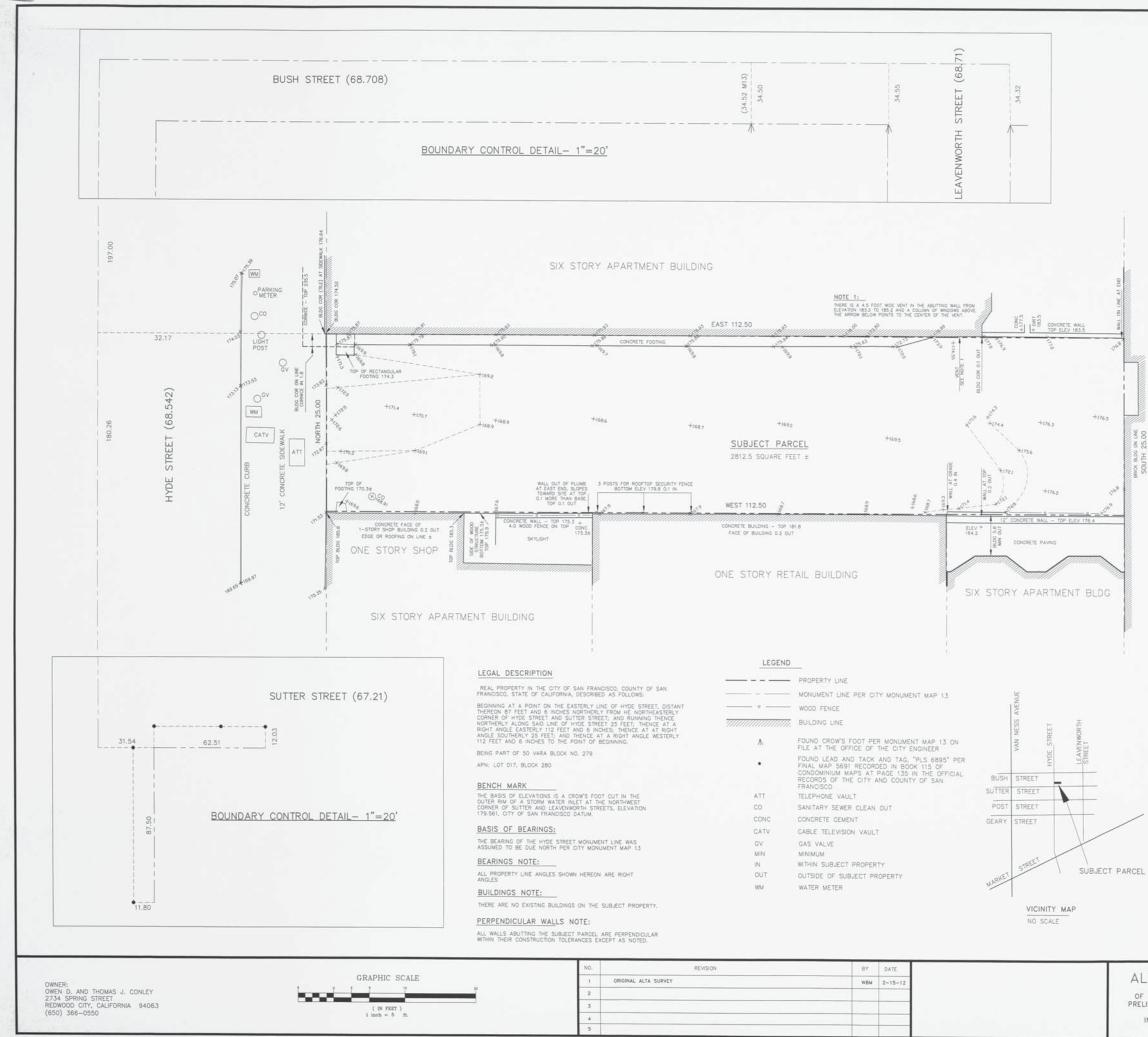








04/10/17



ON LINE 25.00

E

EXCEPTIONS TO COVERAGE:

1 - 4	TAXES AND ASSESSMENTS
5	DEED OF TRUST
6	PARAPET AGREEMENT, RECORDED 2-6-1988, BOOK E758, PAGE 1305, OFFICIAL RECORDS, THIS APPARENTLY REFERS TO THE PREVIOUS BUILDING, NOW DEMOLISHED.
7 - 9	DEEDS
10	BUILDING DEPARTMENT EMERGENCY ORDER. THIS WAS APPARENTLY FOR REMOVAL OF THE PREVIOUS BUILDING, DESTROYED BY FIRE
11	RIGHTS OF PARTIES IN POSSESSION. THIS IS CURRENTLY A VACANT LOT.
12	DOCUMENTS REQUIRED FOR TITLE POLICY ISSUANCE

SURVEYOR'S CERTIFICATE

TO FIRST AMERICAN TITLE COMPANY AND OWEN D. CONLEY AND THOMAS J. CONLEY, SR.

THIS IS TO CERTIFY THAT THIS MAP OR PLAT AND THE SURVEY ON WHICH IT IS BASED WERE MADE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE 2011 MINIUM STANDARD DETAU, REDURENETS FOR ALTA/ASSL MAND THLE SURVEYS, JOINTLY ESTABLISHED AND ADOPTED BY ALTA AND NSPS, AND INCLUDES ITEMS 4. 5, 7, 8 AND 11A OF TABLE A THEREOF, THE FILLD WORK WAS COMPLETED ON FERRUARY 12, 2012.

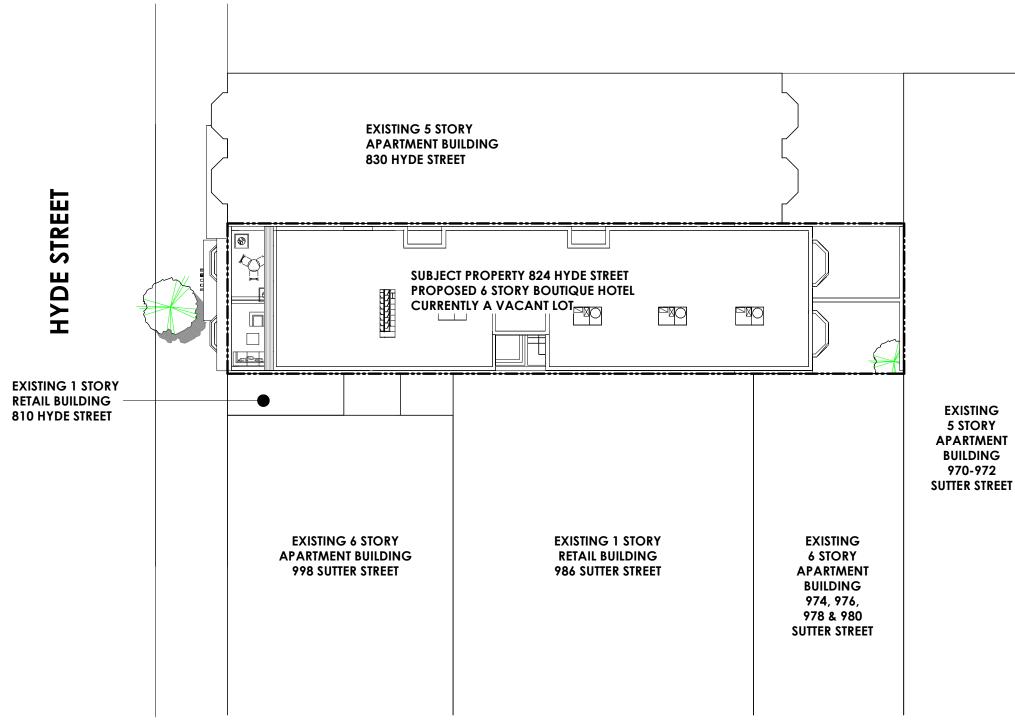
Wash WILLIAM B, MASTERSON, LS 4818, LICENSE EXPIRES 9-30-12 SIGNED 2-15-12



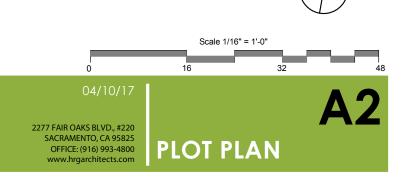
ALTA/ACSM LAND TITLE SURVEY

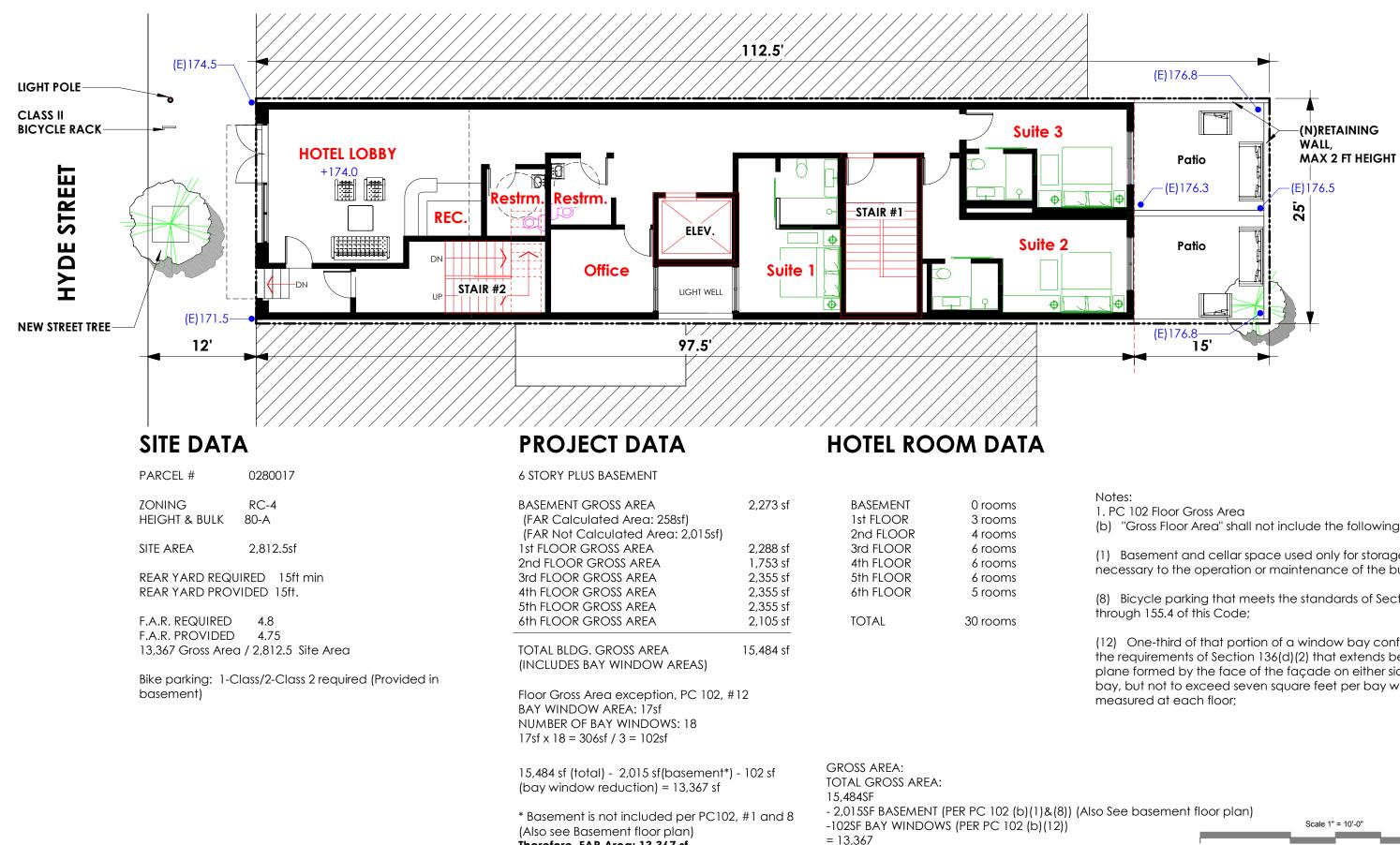
OF THE LANDS DESCRIBED IN FIRST AMERICAN TITLE COMPANY PRELIMINARY REPORT 4101-3944461 DATED DECEMBER 13, 2011, AT 824 HYDE STREET IN THE CITY AND COUNTY OF SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA





HRGA 16050





Therefore, FAR Area: 13,367 sf

824 HYDE STREET INVESTMENT, LLC HYDE ST. HOTEL PROJECT 824 HYDE STREET, SAN FRANCISCO CA



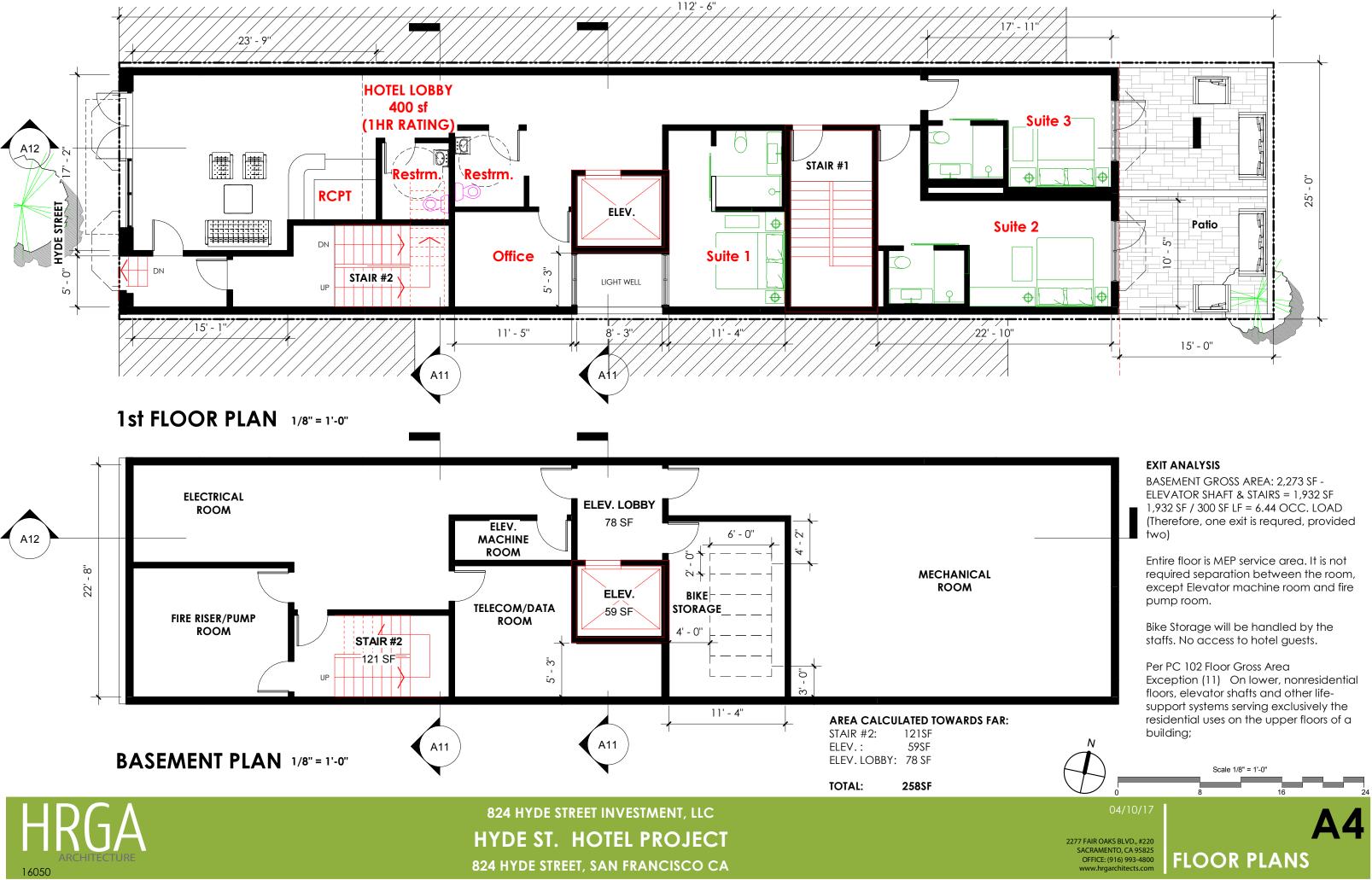
(b) "Gross Floor Area" shall not include the following:

(1) Basement and cellar space used only for storage or services necessary to the operation or maintenance of the building itself;

(8) Bicycle parking that meets the standards of Sections 155.1

(12) One-third of that portion of a window bay conforming to the requirements of Section 136(d)(2) that extends beyond the plane formed by the face of the facade on either side of the bay, but not to exceed seven square feet per bay window as





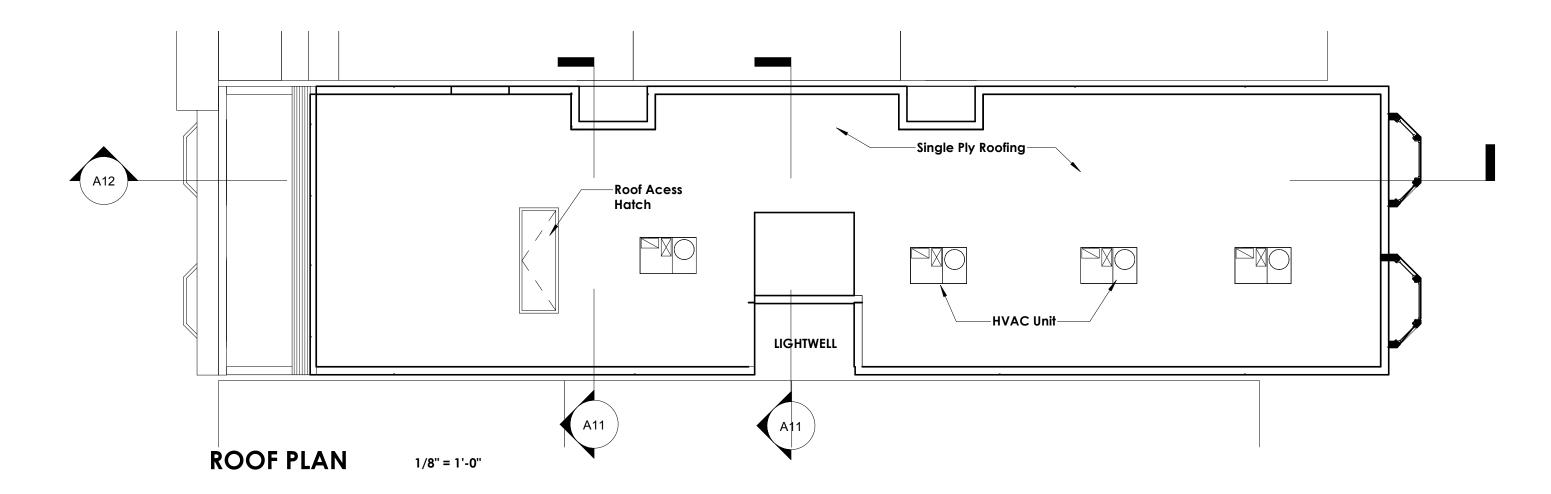






Notes:

If more than 70 percent of the perimeter of such an area is enclosed, either by building walls (exclusive of a railing or parapet not more than three feet eight inches high) or by such walls and interior lot lines, and the clear space is less than 15 feet in either dimension, the area shall not be excluded from Gross Floor Area unless it is fully open to the sky (except for roof eaves, cornices, or belt courses that project not more than two feet from the face of the building







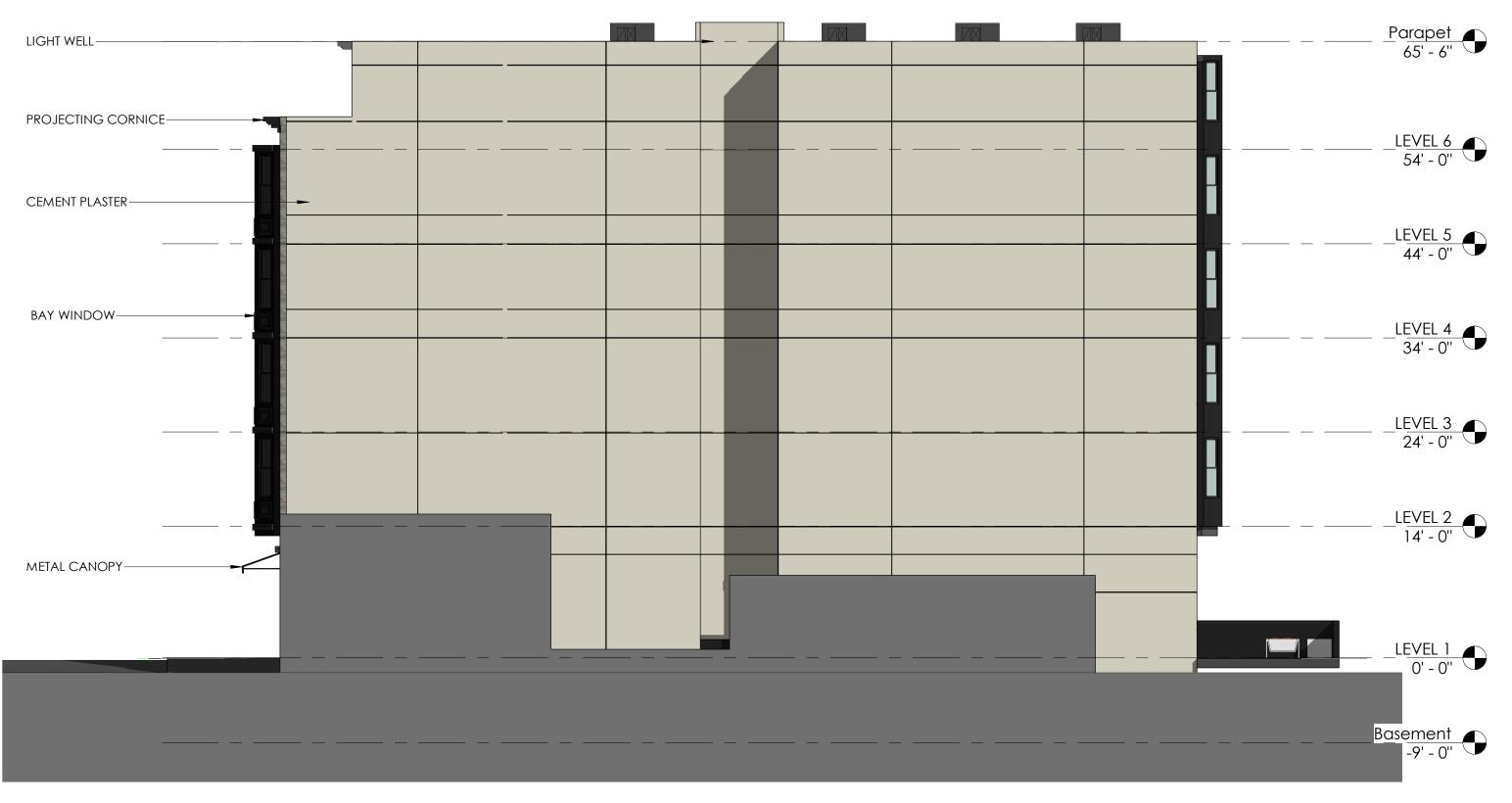
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2277 FAIR OAKS BLVD., #220 SACRAMENTO, CA 95825 OFFICE: (916) 993-4800 www.hrgarchitects.com

ROOF PLAN

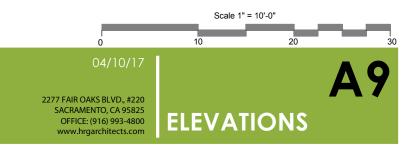






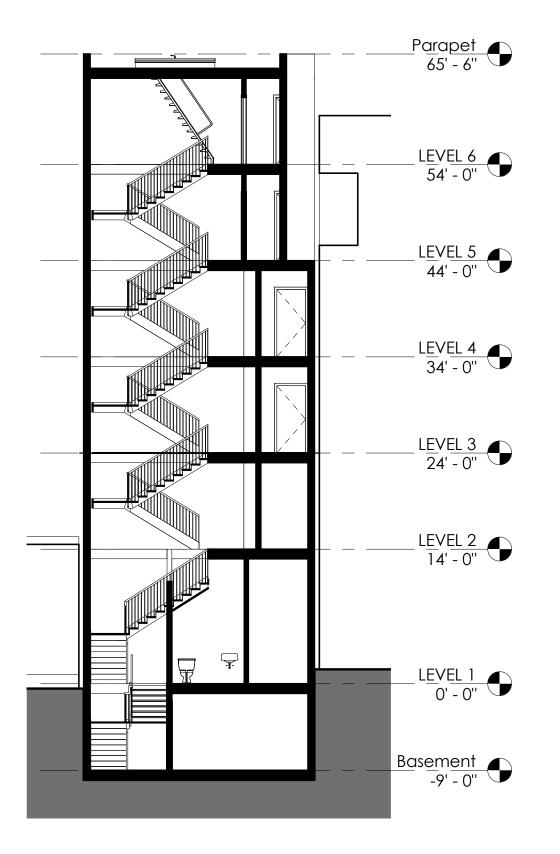
SOUTH ELEVATION 1" = 10'-0"

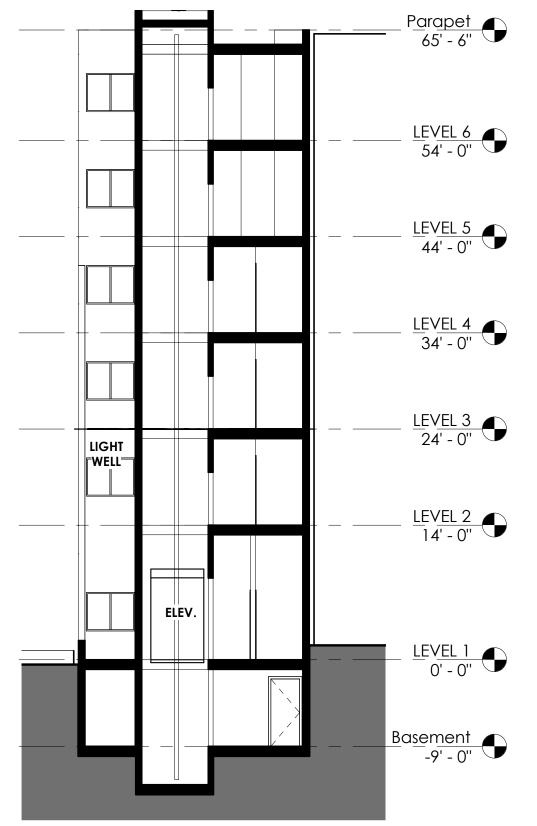








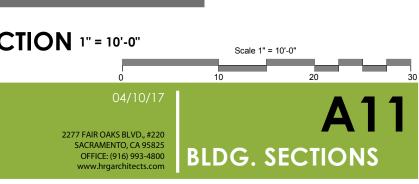


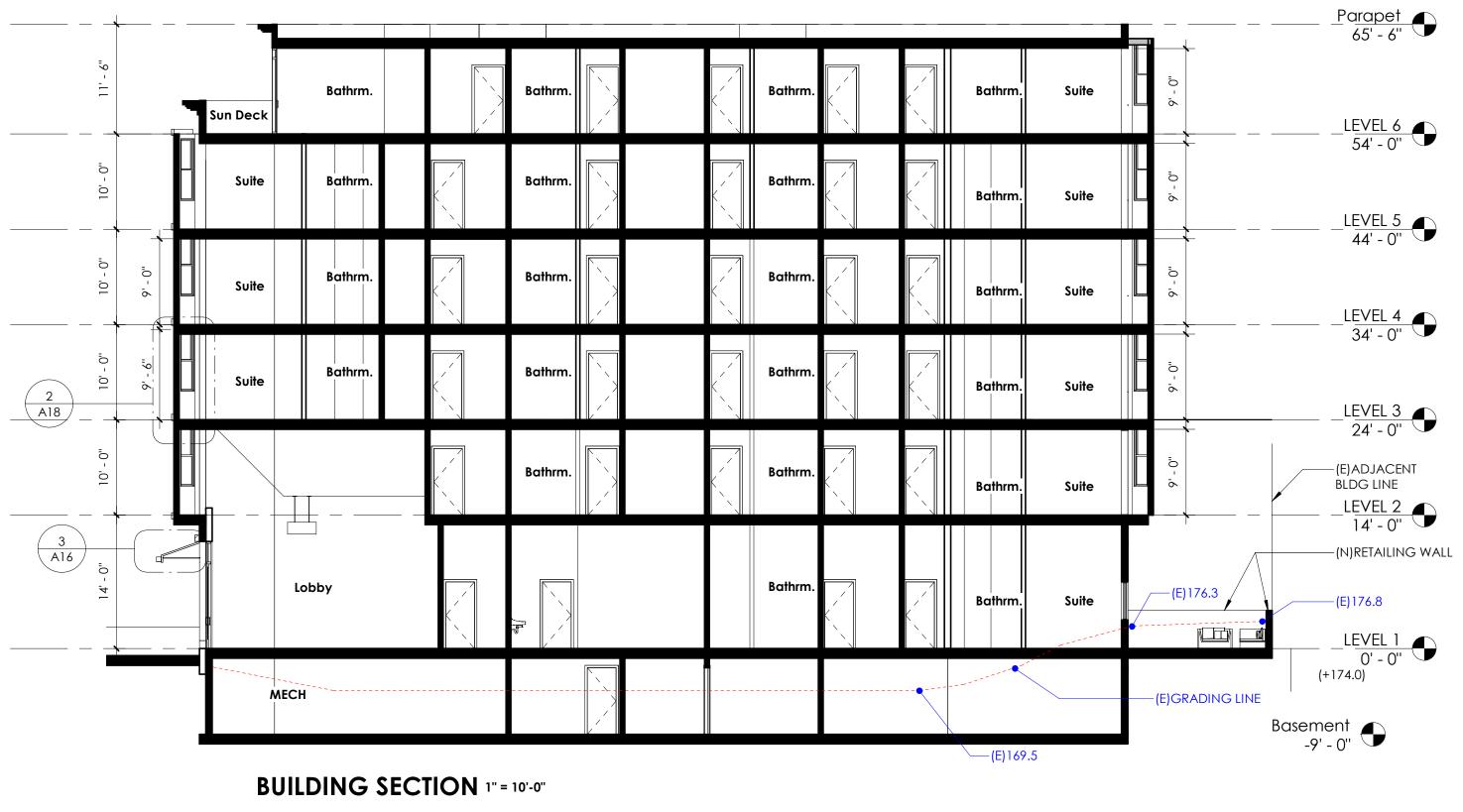


BUILDING SECTION 1" = 10'-0"

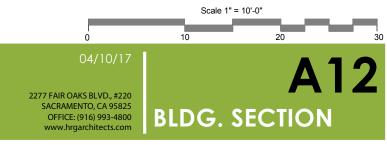
BUILDING SECTION 1" = 10'-0"

















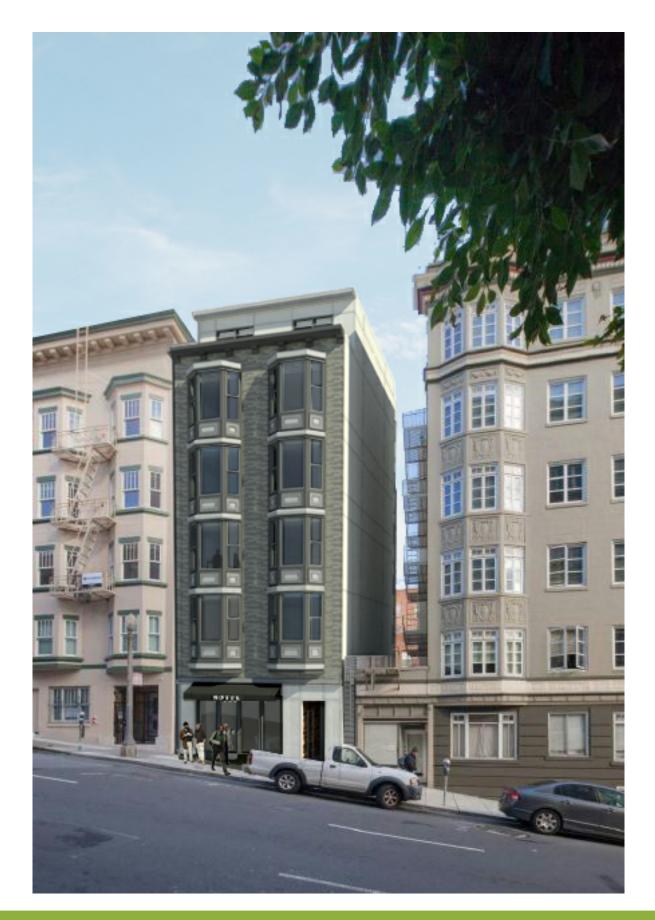
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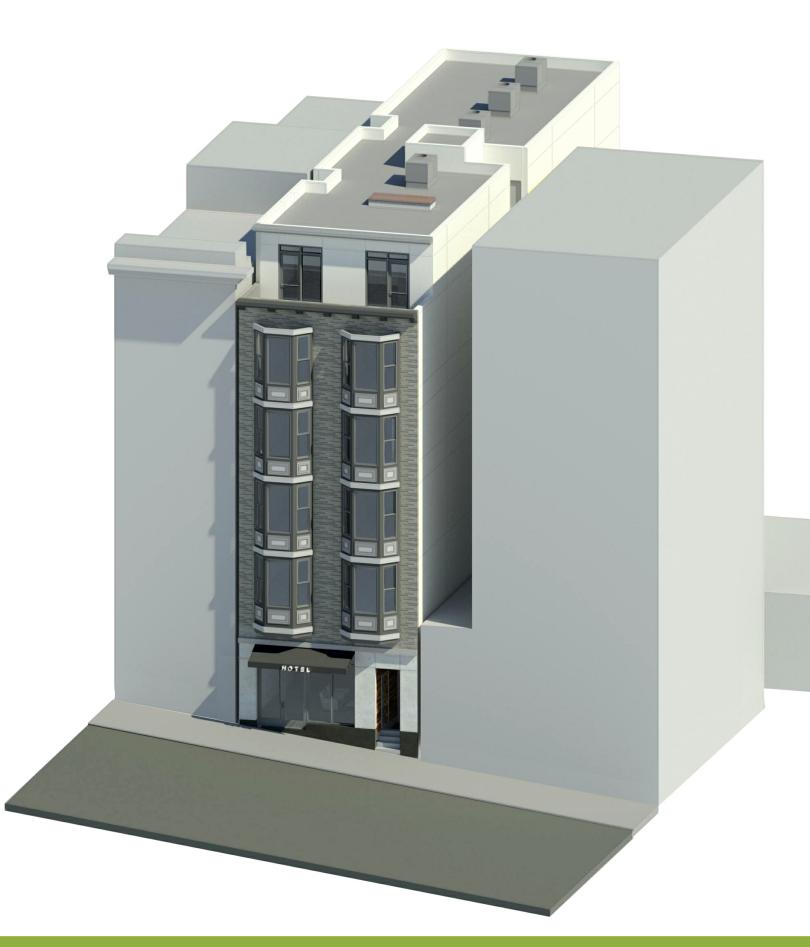
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LIGHT COLORED THIN BRICK





824 HYDE STREET INVESTMENT, LLC HYDE ST. HOTEL PROJECT 824 HYDE STREET, SAN FRANCISCO CA

SMOOTH CEMENT PLASTER

ALUMINUM-NON-REFLECTIVE, UNPOLISHED COATING

PORCELAIN TILE-NON REFLECTIVE, UNPOLISHED COATING

PORCELAIN TILE-NON REFLECTIVE, UNPOLISHED COATING







NOTES: MAX. DIAGONAL: 125' PROPOSED DIAGONAL: 102'6" 102'6" < 125'

SEC. 270. BULK LIMITS: MEASUREMENT. (a) The limits upon the bulk of buildings and structures shall be as stated in this Section and in Sections 271 and 272. The terms "height," "plan dimensions," "length" and "diagonal dimensions" shall be as defined in this Code. In each height and bulk district, the maximum plan dimensions shall be as specified in the following table, at all horizontal cross-sections above the height indicated.

TABLE 270 BULK LIMITS				
District Symbol on <u>Zoning Map</u>	Height Above Which Maximum Dimensions Apply (in feet)	Maximum Plan Dimensions (in feet)		
		Length	Diagonal Dimension	
A	40	110	125	
В	50	110	125	
С	80	110	125	
D	40	110	140	
E	65	110	140	
F	80	110	140	
G	80	170	200	
H	100	170	200	
I	150	170	200	
J	40	250	300	



824 HYDE STREET INVESTMENT, LLC HYDE ST. HOTEL PROJECT 824 HYDE STREET, SAN FRANCISCO CA

1. PER PC SEC. 270 BULK MEASUREMENTS. TABLE 270



BAY WINDOW GLASS CALCS.

CENTER BAY: 3'9" (BAY WIDTH) x 10' (HEIGHT) = 37.5' 45 DEGREE BAY: 2'10" (BAY WIDTH) x 10' (HEIGHT) = 28.3'

BAY WINDOW TOTAL AREA: 37.5' + 28.3' + 28.3' = 94.1'

CENTER BAY GLASS: 3'6" (GLASS WIDTH) x 6'6" (HEIGHT) = 22.75' 45 DEGREE BAY: 2' (GLASS WIDTH) x 6'6" (HEIGHT) = 13'

TOTAL BAY WINDOW GLASS AREA: 22.75' + 13' + 13' = 48.75'

PER PC SEC. 136 (c)(2)(C) BAY WINDOW TOTAL AREA/2 < TOTAL BAY WINDOW GLASS AREA

94.1' / 2 = 47.05' < 48.75'

NOTES: 1. PER PC SEC. 136 (c)(2)

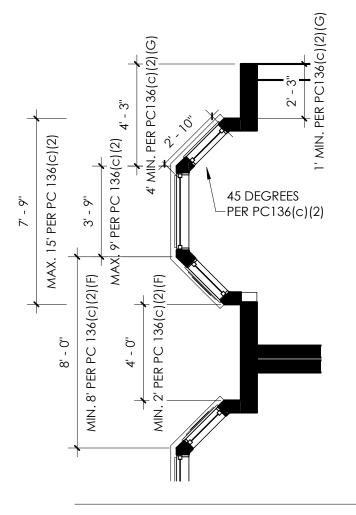
(2) Bay (projecting) windows, balconies (other than balconies used for primary access to two or more dwelling units or two or more bedrooms in group housing), and similar features that increase either the floor area of the building or the volume of space enclosed by the building above grade, when limited as specified herein. With respect to obstructions within yards and usable open space, the bay windows and balconies specified in Paragraph (c) (3) below shall be permitted as an alternative to those specified in this Paragraph (c) (2).

(A) The minimum headroom shall be 71/2 feet.

(B) Projection into the required open area shall be limited to three feet, provided that projection over streets and alleys shall be further limited to two feet where the sidewalk width is nine feet or less, and the projection shall in no case be closer than eight feet to the centerline of any alley.

(C) The glass areas of each bay window, and the open portions of each balcony, shall be not less than 50 percent of the sum of the areas of the vertical surfaces of such bay window or balcony above the required open area. At least 1/3 of such required glass area of such bay window, and open portions of such balcony, shall be on one or more vertical surfaces situated at an angle of not less than 30 degrees to the line establishing the required open area. In addition, at least 1/3 of such required glass area or open portions shall be on the vertical surface parallel to, or most nearly parallel to, the line establishing each open area over which the bay window or balcony projects.

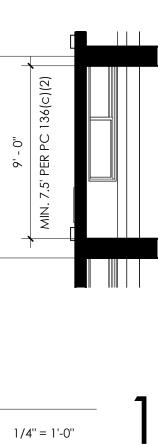
(D) The maximum length of each bay window or balcony shall be 15 feet at the line establishing the required open area, and shall be reduced in proportion to the distance from such line by means of 45 degree angles drawn inward from the ends of such 15-foot dimension, reaching a maximum of nine feet along a line parallel to and at a distance of three feet from the line establishing the required open area.





HRGA ARCHITECTURE

824 HYDE STREET INVESTMENT, LLC HYDE ST. HOTEL PROJECT 824 HYDE STREET, SAN FRANCISCO CA



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04/10/17