

SAN FRANCISCO PLANNING DEPARTMENT

Executive Summary Large Project Authorization

HEARING DATE: MAY 18, 2017

Date:	May 11, 2017
Case No.:	2015-004085ENX
Project Address:	349 8th STREET
Zoning:	WMUG (Western SoMa Mixed-Use, General) Zoning District
	Western SoMa Special Use District
	55-X Height and Bulk District
Block/Lot:	3755/054, 065 & 066
Project Sponsor:	Riyad Ghannam, RG-Architecture
	428 South Van Ness Avenue
	San Francisco, CA 94103
Staff Contact:	Kimberly Durandet – (415) 575-6816
	kimberly.durandet@sfgov.org
Recommendation:	Approval with Conditions

1650 Mission St. Suite 400 San Francisco, CA 94103-2479

Reception: 415.558.6378

Fax: 415.558.6409

Planning Information: 415.558.6377

PROJECT DESCRIPTION

The proposal includes merger of three lots (054, 065, and 066) on Block 3755, demolition of the surface vehicular parking lot and construction of a five-story, 55-foot tall, 40,457 square feet (sf), mixed-use residential building with 38 residential dwelling units and 926 sf of ground floor commercial space. In addition, the project includes a 1,400 sf inner courtyard, 1,100 sf outer courtyard fronting Rodgers Street, and 1,008 sf sky-bridge connecting portions of the fifth floor. All of the dwelling units on the ground floor have private patios facing either the inner or outer courtyards and 8 units have balconies over the outer courtyard. The project includes 39 Class I and 4 Class II bicycle parking spaces and no vehicle parking.

SITE DESCRIPTION AND PRESENT USE

The project site is located on the eastern side of 8th Street midblock between Folsom and Harrison Streets Block in the South of Market (SoMa) neighborhood. The project site occupies a through lot that extends from 8th Street to Rodgers Street. The subject property is currently used as a surface vehicular parking lot and does not possess any buildings or structures. The project site has approximately 60 feet of frontage on 8th Street and 50 feet of frontage on Rodgers Street.

SURROUNDING PROPERTIES AND NEIGHBORHOOD

The surrounding neighborhood is characterized by a mix of residential, retail, office, light industrial, and entertainment uses. The adjacent uses include live/work condominiums and condominiums to the east, across Rodgers Street, and to the west, across 8th Street (350 8th Street). Two entertainment uses, a bar (Driftwood at 1225 Folsom Street) and a club (Cat Club at 1190 Folsom Street), occur within 300 feet of the

proposed project to the north on Folsom Street. Development projects within two blocks of the project site include the remaining phases of the L Seven Development (350 8th Street), a multi-building, mixed-use development with 410 apartments and townhouses, commercial, and production, distribution, and repair, across 8th Street from the project site; and a six story mixed-use building with 42 studios (1174-1178 Folsom), approximately 350 feet north of the project site. The scale of development in the project vicinity along 8th Street varies from one- to seven-stories. Within one-quarter mile of the project site, the San Francisco Municipal Railway (Muni) operates the following transit service: the 12-Folsom/Pacific, 19-Polk, 27-Bryant, and 47 Van Ness bus lines.

ENVIRONMENTAL REVIEW

Pursuant to the Guidelines of the State Secretary of Resources for the implementation of the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA), on December 7, 2016, the Planning Department of the City and County of San Francisco determined that the proposed application was exempt from further environmental review under Section 15183 of the CEQA Guidelines and California Public Resources Code Section 21083.3. The Project is consistent with the adopted zoning controls in the Eastern Neighborhoods Area Plan and was encompassed within the analysis contained in the Eastern Neighborhoods Area Plan Final EIR. Since the Final EIR was finalized, there have been no substantial changes to the Eastern Neighborhoods Area Plan and no substantial changes in circumstances that would require major revisions to the Final EIR due to the involvement of new significant environmental effects or an increase in the severity of previously identified significant impacts, and there is no new information of substantial importance that would change the conclusions set forth in the Final EIR.

ТҮРЕ	REQUIRED PERIOD	REQUIRED NOTICE DATE	ACTUAL NOTICE DATE	ACTUAL PERIOD
Classified News Ad	20 days	April 28 , 2017	April 26, 2017	22 days
Posted Notice	20 days	April 28, 2017	April 28, 2017	20 days
Mailed Notice	20 days	April 28, 2017	April 28, 2017	20 days

HEARING NOTIFICATION

The proposal requires a Section 312-neighborhood notification, which was conducted in conjunction with the notification for the Large Project Authorization.

PUBLIC COMMENT/COMMUNITY OUTREACH

- To date, the Department has received no public comment regarding the proposal.
- Pursuant to Planning Code Section 314, the Entertainment Commission was notified about the project because it is located within 300 feet of a Place of Entertainment. Although a hearing was not held to discuss the project, the sponsor is in direct communication with the Entertainment Commission to address any potential issues.

ISSUES AND OTHER CONSIDERATIONS

• <u>Large Project Authorization</u>: The Commission must grant Large Project Authorization pursuant to Planning Code Section 329 to allow new construction of a project over 25,000 gross square feet.

As part of the Large Project Authorization (LPA), the Commission may grant exceptions from certain Planning Code requirements for projects that exhibit outstanding overall design and are complementary to the design and values of the surrounding area. The proposed project requests exceptions from the Planning Code requirements for: 1) rear yard (Planning Code Section 134); 2) permitted obstructions (Planning Code Section 136); and 3) street frontage (Planning Code Section 145.1). Department staff is generally in agreement with the proposed exceptions given the overall project and its design.

 <u>Affordable Housing</u>: The Project has elected to provide on-site affordable housing as identified in Planning Code Sections 415.6, which requires fourteen and one half (14.5) percent of the total number of units be designated as part of the inclusionary affordable housing program. The Project contains 38 dwelling units and the Sponsor will fulfill this requirement by providing the six affordable units on-site, which will be available for ownership.

REQUIRED COMMISSION ACTION

In order for the project to proceed, the Commission must grant a Large Project Authorization (LPA) pursuant to Planning Code Section 329 to allow the demolition of the existing surface parking lot and new construction of a five-story (55-foot tall) mixed-use project with up to 38 dwelling units and 927 square feet of ground floor commercial space, and to allow exceptions to the requirements for rear yard (Planning Code Section 134), permitted obstructions (Planning Code Section 136), and street frontage (Planning Code Section 145.1).

BASIS FOR RECOMMENDATION

- The Project is consistent with the Planning Code, Priority Policies, and the General Plan.
- The Project is located in a zoning district where residential and retail use is principally permitted.
- The Project in an appropriate in-fill development that will add 38 new dwelling units to the City's housing stock and 927 square feet of commercial space in an area that encourages the development of high-density, mid-rise housing and continuous ground floor commercial frontage with pedestrian-oriented retail activities.
- The Project is compatible with the existing neighborhood character, and provides an appropriate massing and scale for the subject block.
- The Project's design is of high quality and will complement the rapidly changing nature of its location in Western SoMa.
- The Project will provide six permanently affordable housing units on-site.
- The project will convert an underused site into a productive mixed-use development.
- The Project will fully utilize the Eastern Neighborhoods Area Plan controls and pay the appropriate development impact fees.
- The Project complies with the First Source Hiring Program.

RECOMMENDATION: Approval with Conditions

Attachments: Block Book Map

Executive Summary Hearing Date: May 18, 2017

Sanborn Map Zoning Map Height and Bulk Map Context Photos Aerial Photographs Major Project .25 Mile Map Recommended Noise Attenuation Conditions Project Sponsor Submittal, including: - Reduced Plans

- Inclusionary Affordable Housing Program: Affidavit for Compliance
- Anti-Discriminatory Housing Policy
- First Source Hiring Program

Attachment Checklist

\square	Executive Summary	\square	Project sponsor submittal
\square	Draft Motion		Drawings: Existing Conditions
\square	Environmental Determination		Check for legibility
\square	Zoning District Map		Drawings: Proposed Project
\square	Height & Bulk Map		Check for legibility
\square	Parcel Map		3-D Renderings (new construction or significant addition)
\square	Sanborn Map		Check for legibility
\square	Aerial Photo		Wireless Telecommunications Materials
\square	Context Photos		Health Dept. review of RF levels
\square	Site Photos		RF Report
			Community Meeting Notice
		\square	Housing Documents
			Inclusionary Affordable Housing Program: Affidavit for Compliance

Exhibits above marked with an "X" are included in this packet KJD_____

Planner's Initials



SAN FRANCISCO PLANNING DEPARTMENT

Subject to: (Select only if applicable)

- ☑ Affordable Housing (Sec. 415)
- Transportation Sustainability Fee (Sec. 411A)
- Eastern Neighborhoods (Sec. 423)
- E First Source Hiring (Admin. Code)
- Residential Child Care Requirement (Sec. 414A)
- □ Other

Suite 400 San Francisco. CA 94103-2479

415.558.6378

Planning Commission Draft Motion

HEARING DATE: MAY 18, 2017

Case No.:	2015-004085ENX
Project Address:	349 8th STREET
Zoning:	WMUG (Western SoMa Mixed-Use, General) Zoning District
	Western SoMa Special Use District
	55-X Height and Bulk District
Block/Lot:	3755/054, 065 & 066
Project Sponsor:	Riyad Ghannam, RG-Architecture
	428 South Van Ness Avenue
	San Francisco, CA 94103
Staff Contact:	Kimberly Durandet – (415) 575-6816
	kimberly.durandet@sfgov.org
Recommendation:	Approval with Conditions

ADOPTING FINDINGS RELATING TO THE APPROVAL OF A LARGE PROJECT AUTHORIZATION PURSUANT TO SECTION 329 OF THE PLANNING CODE TO CONSTRUCT A FIVE-STORY, 55 FOOT TALL, APPROXIMATELY 40,457 SQUARE FEET, MIXED-USE **RESIDENTIAL BUILDING WITH 38 RESIDENTIAL UNITS AND 926 SQUARE FEET OF GROUND** FLOOR COMMERCIAL SPACE, WITHIN THE WMUG (WESTERN SOMA MIXED-USE, GENERAL) ZONING DISTRICT, WESTERN SOMA SPECIAL USE DISTRICT, AND A 55-X HEIGHT AND BULK DISTRICT AND ADOPTING FINDINGS UNDER THE CALIFORNIA ENVIRONMENTAL **OUALITY ACT.**

PREAMBLE

On November 5, 2015 Rivad Ghannam (hereinafter "Project Sponsor") filed an application with the Planning Department (hereinafter "Department") for Large Project Authorization under Planning Code Section 329 to construct a five-story, 55 foot tall, 40,457 square feet, mixed-use residential building with 38 residential units and 926 square feet of ground floor commercial space with no automobile parking, within the WMUG (Western SoMa Mixed-Use, General) Zoning District, Western SoMa Special Use District and a 55-X Height and Bulk.

1650 Mission St.

The environmental effects of the Project were determined by the San Francisco Planning Department to have been fully reviewed under the Eastern Neighborhoods Area Plan Environmental Impact Report (hereinafter "EIR"). The EIR was prepared, circulated for public review and comment, and, at a public hearing on August 7, 2008, by Motion No. 17661, certified by the Commission as complying with the California Environmental Quality Act (Cal. Pub. Res. Code Section 21000 et seq., (hereinafter "CEQA"). The Commission has reviewed the Final EIR, which has been available for this Commissions review as well as public review.

The Eastern Neighborhoods EIR is a Program EIR. Pursuant to CEQA Guideline 15168(c)(2), if the lead agency finds that no new effects could occur or no new mitigation measures would be required of a proposed project, the agency may approve the project as being within the scope of the project covered by the program EIR, and no additional or new environmental review is required. In approving the Eastern Neighborhoods Plan, the Commission adopted CEQA Findings in its Motion No. 17661 and hereby incorporates such Findings by reference.

Additionally, State CEQA Guidelines Section 15183 provides a streamlined environmental review for projects that are consistent with the development density established by existing zoning, community plan or general plan policies for which an EIR was certified, except as might be necessary to examine whether there are project–specific effects which are peculiar to the project or its site. Section 15183 specifies that examination of environmental effects shall be limited to those effects that (a) are peculiar to the project or parcel on which the project would be located, (b) were not analyzed as significant effects in a prior EIR on the zoning action, general plan or community plan with which the project is consistent, (c) are potentially significant off–site and cumulative impacts which were not discussed in the underlying EIR, or(d) are previously identified in the EIR, but which are determined to have a more severe adverse impact than that discussed in the underlying EIR. Section 15183(c) specifies that if an impact is not peculiar to the parcel or to the proposed project, then an EIR need not be prepared for that project solely on the basis of that impact.

On December 7, 2016, the Department determined that the proposed application did not require further environmental review under Section 15183 of the CEQA Guidelines and Public Resources Code Section 21083.3. The Project is consistent with the adopted zoning controls in the Eastern Neighborhoods Area Plan and was encompassed within the analysis contained in the Eastern Neighborhoods Final EIR. Since the Eastern Neighborhoods Final EIR was finalized, there have been no substantial changes to the Eastern Neighborhoods Area Plan and no substantial changes in circumstances that would require major revisions to the Final EIR due to the involvement of new significant environmental effects or an increase in the severity of previously identified significant impacts, and there is no new information of substantial importance that would change the conclusions set forth in the Final EIR. The file for this project, including the Eastern Neighborhoods Final EIR and the Community Plan Exemption certificate, is available for review at the San Francisco Planning Department, 1650 Mission Street, Suite 400, San Francisco, California.

On May 18, 2017, the San Francisco Planning Commission (hereinafter "Commission") conducted a duly noticed public hearing at a regularly scheduled meeting on Large Project Authorization Application No. 2015-004085ENX.

Planning Department staff prepared a Mitigation Monitoring and Reporting Program (MMRP) setting forth mitigation measures that were identified in the Eastern Neighborhoods Plan EIR that are applicable to the project. These mitigation measures are set forth in their entirety in the MMRP attached to the draft Motion as Exhibit C.

The Planning Department Commission Secretary is the custodian of records; the file for Case No. 2015-004085ENX is located at 1650 Mission Street, Suite 400, San Francisco, California.

The Commission has heard and considered the testimony presented to it at the public hearing and has further considered written materials and oral testimony presented on behalf of the applicant, Department staff, and other interested parties.

MOVED, that the Commission hereby authorizes the Large Project Authorization requested in Application No. 2015-004085ENX, subject to the conditions contained in "EXHIBIT A" of this motion, based on the following findings:

FINDINGS

Having reviewed the materials identified in the preamble above, and having heard all testimony and arguments, this Commission finds, concludes, and determines as follows:

- 1. The above recitals are accurate and constitute findings of this Commission.
- 2. Site Description and Present Use. The project site is located on the eastern side of 8th Street midblock between Folsom and Harrison Streets Block in the South of Market (SoMa) neighborhood. The project site occupies a through lot that extends from 8th Street to Rodgers Street. The subject property is currently used as a surface vehicular parking lot and does not possess any buildings or structures. The project site has approximately 60 feet of frontage on 8th Street and 50 feet of frontage on Rodgers Street.
- 3. Surrounding Properties and Neighborhood. The surrounding neighborhood is characterized by a mix of residential, retail, office, light industrial, and entertainment uses. The adjacent uses include live/work condominiums and condominiums to the east, across Rodgers Street, and to the west, across 8th Street (350 8th Street). Two entertainment uses, a bar (Driftwood at 1225 Folsom Street) and a club (Cat Club at 1190 Folsom Street), occur within 300 feet of the proposed project to the north on Folsom Street. Development projects within two blocks of the project site include the remaining phases of the L Seven Development (350 8th Street), a multi-building, mixed-use development with 410 apartments and townhouses, commercial, and production, distribution, and repair, across 8th Street from the project site; and a six story mixed-use building with 42 studios (1174-1178 Folsom), approximately 350 feet north of the project site. The scale of development in the project site, the San Francisco Municipal Railway (Muni) operates the following transit service: the 12-Folsom/Pacific, 19-Polk, 27-Bryant, and 47 Van Ness bus lines.
- 4. **Project Description.** The proposal includes merger of three lots (054, 065, and 066) on Block 3755, demolition of the surface vehicular parking lot and construction of a five-story, 55-foot tall, 40,457 square feet (sf), mixed-use residential building with 38 residential dwelling units and 926 sf of

ground floor commercial space. In addition, the project includes a 1,400 sf inner courtyard, 1,100 sf outer courtyard fronting Rodgers Street, and 1,008 sf sky-bridge connecting portions of the fifth floor. All of the dwelling units on the ground floor have private patios facing either the inner or outer courtyards and 8 units have balconies over the outer courtyard. The project includes 39 Class I and 4 Class II bicycle parking spaces and no vehicle parking.

- 5. **Public Comment**. The Department has received no public comment regarding the proposal.
- 6. **Planning Code Compliance:** The Commission finds that the Project is consistent with the relevant provisions of the Planning Code in the following manner:
 - A. **Permitted Uses in WMUG Zoning District.** Planning Code Sections 844.20 and 844.45 states that residential and retail (≤10,000 sf) uses are principally permitted use within the WMUG Zoning District.

The Project would construct a new 38 dwelling unit residential and 926 sf retail building within the WMUG Zoning District; therefore, the Project complies with Planning Code Sections 844.20 and 844.45.

B. **Rear Yard**. Planning Code Section 134 requires a minimum rear yard equal to 25 percent of the total lot depth.

The Project provides a rear yard in two locations, an outer court adjacent to Rodgers Street and an inner court located 54 feet from the front building wall of the 8th Street property line. The outer court measures 22 feet and the inner court measures 40 feet in depth. The total merged lot depth is 182.5 feet requiring a 25% setback of 45.625 feet of lot depth. Neither proposed rear yard meets the minimum requirement or configuration. Therefore, the Project is seeking an exception to the rear yard requirement as part of the Large Project Authorization per Sec. 134(f) and 329 (see below) because the rear yard is not provided at the lot depth or configuration as required by the Planning Code.

C. **Usable Open Space.** Planning Code Section 135 requires a minimum of 80 sf of open space per dwelling unit, if not publically accessible, or 54 sf of open space per dwelling unit, if publically accessible. Private usable open space shall have a minimum horizontal dimension of six feet and a minimum area of 36 sf if located on a deck, balcony, porch or roof, and shall have a minimum horizontal dimension of 10 feet and a minimum area of 100 sf if located on open ground, a terrace or the surface of an inner or outer court. Common usable open space shall be at least 15 feet in every horizontal dimension and shall be a minimum are of 300 sf.

The Project provides the 3,040 sf of required open space for the 38 dwelling units through 1,775 of common open space located in an outer court and a sky-bridge. In addition, the Project provides 1,625 sf of private open space for 13 dwelling units. In total, the Project provides approximately 3,400 sf of usable open space, which exceeds the required amount for the dwelling units.

D. **Permitted Obstructions.** Planning Code Section 136 requires bay windows to provide glazing on no less than 50% of the vertical surfaces proposed above the required open area and 1/3 of that glazing must be on at least one surface that is at an angle of 30 degrees or

more from the line of the required setback. The Project proposes bay windows which do not meet the glazing requirements of Planning Code Section 136.

The Project provides bay windows, which do not meet the requirements of Planning Code Section 136. Specifically, the Project does not provide the required amount of glazing on the proposed bay windows, which project over the property line. Therefore, the Project is seeking an exception to the bay window requirements under the Large Project Authorization.

E. **Dwelling Unit Exposure.** Planning Code Section 140 requires that at least one room of all dwelling units face onto a public street, rear yard or other open area that meets minimum requirements for area and horizontal dimensions. To meet exposure requirements, a public street, public alley, side yard or rear yard must be at least 25 feet in width, or an open area (inner court) must be no less than 25 feet in every horizontal dimension for the floor at which the dwelling unit is located and the floor immediately above it, with an increase of five feet in every horizontal dimension at each subsequent floor.

The Project organizes the dwelling units to have exposure on 8th Street, Rodgers Street, 7th Street or along the inner court. The inner court meets the dimensional requirements specified in Planning Code Section 140.

F. Street Frontage in Mixed Use Districts. Planning Code Section 145.1 requires off-street parking at street grade on a development lot to be set back at least 25 feet on the ground floor; that no more than one-third of the width or 20 feet, whichever is less, of any given street frontage of a new structure parallel to and facing a street shall be devoted to parking and loading ingress or egress; that non-residential uses have a minimum floor-to-floor height of 14 feet; that the floors of street-fronting interior spaces housing non-residential active uses and lobbies be as close as possible to the level of the adjacent sidewalk at the principal entrance to these spaces; and that frontages with active uses that are not residential or PDR be fenestrated with transparent windows and doorways for no less than 60 percent of the street frontage at the ground level.

With the exception of space allowed for parking and loading access, building egress, and access to mechanical systems, space for active uses shall be provided within the first 25 feet of building depth on the ground floor and 15 feet on floors above from any facade facing a street at least 30 feet in width. Building systems including mechanical, electrical, and plumbing features may be exempted from this requirement by the Zoning Administrator only in instances where those features are provided in such a fashion as to not negatively impact the quality of the ground floor space.

The Project meets the majority of the requirements of Planning Code Section 145.1; however, the Project locates the bicycle parking on the mezzanine level of the residential lobby that is located within first 25 feet of the building depth of the ground floor along 8th Street. Bicycle parking is not considered an active use; therefore, the Project does not meet the requirements of Planning Code Section 145.1 and is seeking an exception under the Large Project Authorization.

G. **Bicycle Parking.** Planning Section 155.2 of the Planning Code requires one Class 1 bicycle parking space per dwelling unit and one Class 2 bicycle parking spaces for every 20 dwelling units. Additional bicycle parking requirements apply based on classification of non-residential use; at least two Class 2 spaces are required for retail uses.

The Project includes 38 dwelling units and 926 sf of retail; therefore, the Project is required to provide 38 Class 1 bicycle parking spaces and 4 Class 2 bicycle parking spaces for residential and retail uses. The Project will provide 39 Class 1 bicycle parking spaces and 4 Class 2 bicycle parking spaces, which meets the requirement. Therefore, the Project complies with Planning Code Section 155.2.

H. **Transportation Demand Management (TDM) Plan.** Pursuant to Planning Code Section 169 and the TDM Program Standards, the Project shall finalize a TDM Plan prior Planning Department approval of the first Building Permit or Site Permit. As currently proposed, the Project must achieve a target of 10 points.

The Project submitted a completed Environmental Evaluation Application prior to September 4, 2016. Therefore, the Project must only achieve 50% of the point target established in the TDM Program Standards, resulting in a required target of 5 points. As currently proposed, the Project will achieve its required 5 points through the following TDM measures:

- Parking Supply
- Bicycle Parking (Option B)
- On-Site Affordable Housing
- I. **Dwelling Unit Mix.** Planning Code Section 207.6 requires that no less than 40 percent of the total number of proposed dwelling units contain at least two bedrooms, or no less than 30 percent of the total number of proposed dwelling units contain at least three bedrooms.

For the 38 dwelling units, the Project is required to provide 15 units with at least two-bedrooms or 11 three-bedroom units. The Project provides 1 studio, 21 one-bedroom, 15 two-bedroom and 1 three-bedroom units. Therefore, the Project meets the requirements for dwelling unit mix (42% 2 or more bedrooms).

J. Additional Height Limits for Narrow Streets and Alleys. Planning Code Section 261.1(d)(1) requires that all subject frontages shall have upper stories set back at least 10 feet at the property line above a height equivalent to 1.25 times the width of the abutting narrow street. Rodgers Street is a narrow street and currently measures

The Project meets the height requirements along a narrow street, since the Project is setback 19 feet from the property line along Rodgers Street. This setback functions as common open space.

K. Entertainment Commission. Planning Code Section 314 requires that in addition to any other factors appropriate for consideration under the Planning Code, the Planning Department and Planning Commission shall consider the compatibility of uses when approving Residential Uses adjacent to or near existing permitted Places of Entertainment and shall take all reasonably available means through the City's design review and approval processes to ensure that the design of such new residential project takes into account the

needs and interests of both the Places of Entertainment and the future residents or guests of the new development. Such considerations may include, among others: (a) the proposed project's consistency with applicable design guidelines; (b) any proceedings held by the Entertainment Commission relating to the proposed project, including but not limited to any acoustical data provided to the Entertainment Commission, pursuant to Administrative Code Section 116.6; and (c) any comments and recommendations provided to the Planning Department by the Entertainment Commission regarding noise issues related to the project pursuant to Administrative Code Section 116.7.

The Project is located within a 300 foot radius of a Place of Entertainment (POE). In accordance with the Entertainment Commission's approved "Guidelines for Entertainment Commission Review of Residential Development Proposals Under Administrative Code Chapter 116," Entertainment Commission staff determined that a hearing on this project was not required under Section 116.7(b) of the Administrative Code because the available evidence indicates that noise from the POE is not likely to create a significant disturbance for residents of the project. The Entertainment Commission has adopted a set of standard "Recommended Noise Attenuation Conditions for Chapter 116 Projects," attached hereto. Accordingly, the Entertainment Commission recommends that the Planning Commission and/or Department of Building Inspection impose these standard conditions on the development permit(s) for this project. In addition, the Commission recommended the following additional conditions:

- The Project Sponsor shall continue outreach to the Cat Club, 1190 Folsom, and F8 Club, 1192 Folsom, which are permitted Places of Entertainment, through all processes and construction, and communicate outreach efforts and outcomes to The Entertainment Commission.
- L. Transportation Sustainability Fee. Planning Code Section 411A establishes the Transportation Sustainability Fee (TSF) and is applicable to project that are the following: (1) More than twenty new dwelling units; (2) New group housing facilities, or additions of 800 gross square feet or more to an existing group housing facility; (3) New construction of a Non-Residential use in excess of 800 gross square feet, or additions of 800 gross square feet or more to an existing Non-Residential use; or (4) New construction of a PDR use in excess of 1,500 gross square feet or more to an existing PDR use; or (5) Change or Replacement of Use, such that the rate charged for the new use is higher than the rate charged for the existing use, regardless of whether the existing use previously paid the TSF or TIDF; (6) Change or Replacement of Use from a Hospital or a Health Service to any other use.

The Project includes more than twenty dwelling units; therefore, the TSF applies as outlined in Planning Code Section 411A.

M. **Inclusionary Affordable Housing Program**. Planning Code Section 415 sets forth the requirements and procedures for the Inclusionary Affordable Housing Program. Under Planning Code Section 415.3, these requirements apply to projects that consist of 10 or more units. The applicable percentage is dependent on the number of units in the project, the zoning of the property, and the date that the project submitted a complete Environmental Evaluation Application. A complete Environmental Evaluation Application was submitted

on October 19, 2015; therefore, pursuant to Planning Code Section 415.3 the Inclusionary Affordable Housing Program requirement for the On-site Affordable Housing Alternative is to provide 14.5% of the proposed dwelling units as affordable.

The Project Sponsor has demonstrated that it is eligible for the On-Site Affordable Housing Alternative under Planning Code Section 415.5 and 415.6, and has submitted an 'Affidavit of Compliance with the Inclusionary Affordable Housing Program: Planning Code Section 415,' to satisfy the requirements of the Inclusionary Affordable Housing Program by providing the affordable housing on-site instead of through payment of the Affordable Housing Fee. In order for the Project Sponsor to be eligible for the On-Site Affordable Housing Alternative, the Project Sponsor must submit an 'Affidavit of Compliance with the Inclusionary Affordable Housing Program: Planning Code Section 415,' to the Planning Department stating that any affordable units designated as on-site units shall be sold as ownership units and will remain as ownership units for the life of the project. The Project Sponsor submitted such Affidavit on April 20, 2017. The applicable percentage is dependent on the total number of units in the project, the zoning of the property, and the date that the project submitted a complete Environmental Evaluation Application. A complete Environmental Evaluation Application was submitted on October 19, 2015; therefore, pursuant to Planning Code Section 415.3 the Inclusionary Affordable Housing Program requirement for the On-site Affordable Housing Alternative is to provide 14.5% of the total proposed dwelling units as affordable. 6 units (1 studio, 3 one-bedroom, and 2 two-bedroom) of the total 38 units provided will be affordable units. If the Project becomes ineligible to meet its Inclusionary Affordable Housing Program obligation through the Onsite Affordable Housing Alternative, it must pay the Affordable Housing Fee with interest, if applicable.

N. **Residential Child-Care Fee**. Planning Code Section 414A is applicable to any residential development citywide that results in the addition of a residential unit.

The Project includes approximately 39,531 sf of new residential use. The Project is subject to fees as outlined in Planning Code Section 414A.

O. **Eastern Neighborhood Infrastructure Impact Fees**. Planning Code Section 423 is applicable to any development project within the WMUG (Western SoMa Mixed-Use, General) Zoning District that results in the addition of a new residential unit and new construction of non-residential space.

The Project includes approximately new construction of 38 residential dwelling units and 926 sf of non-residential use. These uses are subject to Eastern Neighborhood Infrastructure Impact Fees Tier 2 outlined in Planning Code Section 423.

- 7. **Large Project Authorization in Eastern Neighborhoods Mixed Use District.** Planning Code Section 329(c) lists nine aspects of design review in which a project must comply; the Planning Commission finds that the project is compliant with these nine aspects as follows:
 - A. Overall building mass and scale.

The Project proposes the removal of a surface parking lot, and construction of a five-story, 55-foot-tall, 40,457 gross square feet, residential building with 38 dwelling units and would include 926 sf of ground floor retail. Overall, the Project's mass and scale is consistent with the existing block pattern as it relates to the street frontage along 8th Street. Although existing industrial structures on the subject block are generally 2-stories, new development across the street and in the immediate vicinity from the proposed project are consistently 5 or 6-stories. The Rodgers Street façade is set back 19 feet which provides for common open space on the ground floor and assists in meeting the narrow street requirements. Existing buildings along Rodgers Street are generally 3-stories. The neighborhood is characterized by a wide variety of commercial, retail, PDR, public and residential uses. In addition, the Project includes projecting bay windows and massing recesses, which provide vertical modulation along the street facades. Thus, the Project is appropriate for the lot and consistent with the mass and scale of the intent of the WMUG Zoning District and 55-X Height and Bulk District.

B. Architectural treatments, facade design and building materials.

Overall, the Project offers an architectural treatment, which provides for contemporary, yet contextual, architectural design appears consistent and compatible with the surrounding neighborhood and includes the use of high-quality building materials, such as concrete and metal panels.

C. The design of lower floors, including building setback areas, commercial space, townhouses, entries, utilities, and the design and siting of rear yards, parking and loading access.

The Project is consistent with the development density established for the Project Site in the Eastern Neighborhoods Area Plan. The building's ground floor retail and residential entrance and lobby propose an active street frontage which will enhance and offer an effective and engaging connection between the public and private areas. Also, the Rodgers Street frontage building setback allows massing relief at the end of the Street yet will provide an open visual connection to the residential entry. Overall, the design of the lower floors enhances the pedestrian experience and accommodates new street activity.

D. The provision of required open space, both on- and off-site. In the case of off-site publicly accessible open space, the design, location, access, size, and equivalence in quality with that otherwise required on-site.

The Project provides the 3,040 sf of required open space for the 38 dwelling units through 1,775 of common open space located in an outer court and a sky-bridge. In addition, the Project provides 1,625 sf of private open space for 13 dwelling units. In total, the Project provides approximately 3,400 sf of usable open space, which exceeds the required amount for the dwelling units.

E. The provision of mid-block alleys and pathways on frontages between 200 and 300 linear feet per the criteria of Section 270, and the design of mid-block alleys and pathways as required by and pursuant to the criteria set forth in Section 270.2.

The requirement for a mid-block alley (as outlined in Planning Code Section 270.2) does not apply to the Project, since the Project does not have more than 200 feet of street frontage.

F. Streetscape and other public improvements, including tree planting, street furniture, and lighting.

In compliance with Planning Code Section 138.1, the Project will remove curb cuts and provide for street trees as required per the Public Works Code. Further, the project will also add bicycle parking along the 8th Street sidewalk for public use. These improvements will enhance the public realm.

G. Circulation, including streets, alleys and mid-block pedestrian pathways.

Since the subject lot has two street frontages, the Project provides ample circulation around the Project Site. The Project includes ground floor retail along 8th Street. There are two entry points for the residents from both 8th and Rodgers Streets through the residential lobby or the outer court. The building is connected through a common corridor.

H. Bulk limits.

The Project is within an 'X' Bulk District, which does not restrict bulk.

I. Other changes necessary to bring a project into conformance with any relevant design guidelines, Area Plan or Element of the General Plan.

The Project, on balance, meets the Objectives and Policies of the General Plan. See below.

- 8. Large Project Authorization Exceptions. Proposed Planning Code Section 329 allows exceptions for Large Projects in the Eastern Neighborhoods Mixed Use Districts:
 - A. Exception for rear yards, pursuant to the requirements of Section 134(f);

(1) A comparable, but not necessarily equal amount of square footage as would be created in a code conforming rear yard is provided elsewhere within the development;

The Project provides a rear yard in two locations, an outer court adjacent to Rodgers Street and an inner court located 54 feet from the front building wall of the 8th Street property line. The outer court measures 22 feet and the inner court measures 40 feet in depth. The total merged lot depth is 182.5 feet requiring a 25% setback of 45.625 feet of lot depth. Neither proposed rear yard meets the minimum requirement or configuration. However, the area provided by the outer and inner court is a comparable area to the amount of open space, which would have been required by a code-complying rear yard. The outer court measures 22 feet by 50 feet (or 1,100 sf) and the inner court measures 40 feet by 35 feet (or 1,400 sf) for a total of 2,500 sf of open area. The merged lot has an area of 10,314 sf. The proposed open area of 2,500 sf is equivalent to 24% of lot area, which is comparable but not equal to the amount of space for a code-complying rear yard. Although the amount of open area is slightly less than what would be have been required, the Commission finds the proposed rear yard and court configuration to be acceptable given the unique configuration of the lot, amount of frontage along public streets, and the overall project design.

(2) The proposed new or expanding structure will not significantly impede the access to light and air from adjacent properties or adversely affect the interior block open space formed by the rear yards of adjacent properties; and

The Project does not unduly impede access to light and air for the adjacent properties. The adjacent property to the north is an industrial building with some property line windows. Thus, the adjacent building use is not residential and property line windows are not a protected source of light and air. The adjacent properties to the south on 8th and Rodgers Streets likewise are not residential uses and light and air are not significantly impeded. There is no pattern of interior block open space.

(3) The modification request is not combined with any other residential open space modification or exposure variance for the project, except exposure modifications in designated landmark buildings under Section 307(h)(1).

The Project is not seeking a modification to either the open space or the exposure requirements.

B. Where not specified elsewhere in Planning Code Section 329(d), modification of other Code requirements which could otherwise be modified as a Planned Unit Development (as set forth in Section 304), irrespective of the zoning district in which the property is located;

In addition to the exception for rear yard, the Project is seeking exceptions to the requirements for permitted obstructions over streets, alleys, yards, setbacks and usable open space (§136) and street frontages (§145.1).

Planning Code Section 136 requires bay windows to provide glazing on no less than 50% of the vertical surfaces proposed above the required open area and 1/3 of that glazing must be on at least one surface that is at an angle of 30 degrees or more from the line of the required setback. The Project proposes bay windows which do not meet the glazing requirements of Planning Code Section 136. Given the overall design and composition, the Commission finds this exception to be acceptable.

Planning Code Section 145.1 requires active uses be provided within the first 25 feet of building depth on the ground floor and 15 feet on floors above from any facade facing a street at least 30 feet in width. The Project locates the bicycle parking on the mezzanine level of the residential lobby that is located within 25 feet of the building depth of the ground floor façade of 8th Street. Bicycle parking is not considered an active use. Therefore, the Project does not meet the requirements of Planning Code Section 145.1 and is seeking an exception. Given the efficiency of the design and the necessity to provide space for building circulation, exit requirements and maintenance, the alternative location for bicycle parking does not detract from the ground floor pedestrian experience of active frontage. Therefore, the Commission finds this exception to be acceptable.

9. **General Plan Compliance.** The Project is, on balance, consistent with the following Objectives and Policies of the General Plan:

HOUSING ELEMENT

OBJECTIVE 1

IDENTIFY AND MAKE AVAILABLE FOR DEVELOPMENT ADEQUATE SITES TO MEET THE CITY'S HOUSING NEEDS, ESPECIALLY PERMANENTLY AFFORDABLE HOUSING.

Policy 1.1

Plan for the full range of housing needs in the City and County of San Francisco, especially affordable housing.

Policy 1.8

Promote mixed use development, and include housing, particularly permanently affordable housing, in new commercial, institutional, or other single use development projects.

The Project is a higher density residential mixed-use development on an underutilized lot. The Project Site is an ideal infill site. The proposed Project would add 38 units of housing to the site with a dwelling unit mix of 1 studio, 21 one-bedroom, 15 two-bedroom, and 1 three-bedroom units. The Project Site was rezoned to WMUG as part of a long range planning goal to create a cohesive, higher density residential and mixed-use neighborhood. The Project includes six on-site affordable housing units for ownership, which complies with the WMUG District's goal level of affordability.

OBJECTIVE 11

SUPPORT AND RESPECT THE DIVERSE AND DISTINCT CHARACTER OF SAN FRANCISCO'S NEIGHBORHOODS.

Policy 11.1

Promote the construction and rehabilitation of well-designed housing that emphasizes beauty, flexibility, and innovative design, and respects existing neighborhood character.

Policy 11.2

Ensure implementation of accepted design standards in project approvals.

Policy 11.3

Ensure growth is accommodated without substantially and adversely impacting existing residential neighborhood character.

Policy 11.4

Continue to utilize zoning districts which conform to a generalized residential land use and density plan and the General Plan.

Policy 11.6

Foster a sense of community through architectural design, using features that promote community interaction.

Policy 11.8

Consider a neighborhood's character when integrating new uses, and minimize disruption caused by expansion of institutions into residential areas.

The Project involves the removal of the surface parking lot, and construction of a five-story, 55-foot-tall, 40,457 gross square feet, residential mixed-use building with 38 dwelling units with 39 Class I and 4 Class II bicycle spaces. Overall, the Project's massing is consistent with the existing block pattern as it relates to

the street frontage along 8th Street. The neighborhood is characterized by a wide variety of commercial, retail, PDR, and residential uses. In addition, the Project includes projecting bay windows and massing recesses, which provide vertical modulation along the 8th Street façade and a 19 feet building setback along Rodgers Street façade that contributes to the immediate neighborhood character and promotes a sense of community for the Rodgers Street residents. Thus, the Project is appropriate for an interior lot and consistent with the mass and scale of the intent of the WMUG Zoning District and 55-X Height and Bulk District.

OBJECTIVE 13

PRIORITIZE SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT IN PLANNING FOR AND CONSTRUCTING NEW HOUSING.

Policy 13.1

Support "smart" regional growth that locates new housing close to jobs and transit.

Policy 13.3

Promote sustainable land use patterns that integrate housing with transportation in order to increase transit, pedestrian, and bicycle mode share.

The Project Site is located in an area that is transit rich with multiple MUNI lines within a ¹/₄ mile of the project. Further, the subject property is located in the Western SoMa Area Plan that encourages residential development as it transition from non-residential uses south of Harrison Street to residential mixed-use northward.

WESTERN SOMA AREA PLAN

OBJECTIVE 1.1

BUILD ON AN EXISTING MIXED-USE CHARACTER THAT ENCOURAGES PRODUCTION OF RESIDENTIAL USES IN AREAS MOST APPROPRIATE FOR NEW HOUSING WITH A PROXIMATE MIX OF USES AND SERVICES SERVING LOCAL NEEDS AND THEREBY DEVELOPING A COMPLETE NEIGHBORHOOD.

Policy 1.1.2

Western SoMa land uses should progress from non-residential uses south of Harrison Street northward to an increasingly residential neighborhood with retention of a mix of uses and new missed-use developments where appropriate.

The proposed mixed-use residential project is located on an infill site north of Harrison Street.

OBJECTIVE 1.3

MINIMIZE NOISE IMPACTS AND ENSURE APPROPRIATE NOISE ORDINANCE REQUIREMENTS ARE MET.

POLICY 1.3.1

Reduce potential land use conflicts by providing accurate background noise-level data.

POLICY 1.3.2

Reduce potential land use conflicts by carefully considering the location and design of both noisegenerating uses and sensitive uses in the Western SoMa.

The Project is located within a 300 foot radius of a Place of Entertainment (POE). In accordance with the Entertainment Commission's approved "Guidelines for Entertainment Commission Review of Residential Development Proposals Under Administrative Code Chapter 116," Entertainment Commission staff determined that a hearing on this project was not required under Section 116.7(b) of the Administrative Code because the available evidence indicates that noise from the POE is not likely to create a significant disturbance for residents of the project. The Entertainment Commission has adopted a set of standard "Recommended Noise Attenuation Conditions for Chapter 116 Projects," attached hereto. Accordingly, the Entertainment Commission recommends that the Planning Commission and/or Department of Building Inspection impose these standard conditions on the development permit(s) for this project.

OBJECTIVE 3.2

ENCOURAGE NEW NEIGHBORHOOD RESIDENTIAL USES IN LOCATIONS THAT PROVIDE THE GREATEST OPPORTUNITIES TO BUILD ON THE EXISTING NEIGHBORHOOD PATTERNS

POLICY 3.2.1

Discourage housing production that is not in scale with the existing neighborhood pattern.

POLICY 3.2.2

Encourage in-fill housing production that continues the existing built housing qualities in terms of heights, prevailing density, yards and unit sizes.

POLICY 3.2.5

Encourage creation of upper floor residential uses on major streets north of Harrison Street.

POLICY 3.2.6

Promote the production of housing development programs that provide for families and other Western SoMa SUD special population needs in terms of the mix of unit sizes, affordability and tenure.

POLICY 3.2.9 14

Prohibit lot mergers that yield excessive street frontages based on the character of the district.

The Project is an infill project that is in scale, density and height of the existing neighborhood pattern and context north of Harrison Street. Further, it proposes a lot merger that remains in character with the street frontages of the district.

- 10. **Planning Code Section 101.1(b)** establishes eight priority-planning policies and requires review of permits for consistency with said policies. On balance, the project does comply with said policies in that:
 - A. That existing neighborhood-serving retail uses be preserved and enhanced and future opportunities for resident employment in and ownership of such businesses be enhanced.

The proposal would enhance the district by providing a new retail business along 8th Street and a residential building on what is currently a surface parking lot. The Project will provide new opportunities for resident employment and ownership.

B. That existing housing and neighborhood character be conserved and protected in order to preserve the cultural and economic diversity of our neighborhoods.

The project site does not possess any existing housing. The Project preserves the surrounding neighborhood character by providing for appropriate infill development.

C. That the City's supply of affordable housing be preserved and enhanced,

The project site does not possess any existing housing. No housing is removed for this Project.

D. That commuter traffic not impede MUNI transit service or overburden our streets or neighborhood parking.

The site is within one-quarter mile of the San Francisco Municipal Railway (Muni) following transit service: the 12-Folsom/Pacific, 19-Polk, 27-Bryant, and 47 Van Ness bus lines. The Project provides the required amount of bicycle parking and does not include any off-street parking. The Project is supportive of the City's transit first policies and is not anticipated to impede Muni transit service or overburden the street/neighborhood parking.

E. That a diverse economic base be maintained by protecting our industrial and service sectors from displacement due to commercial office development, and that future opportunities for resident employment and ownership in these sectors be enhanced.

The Project does not include commercial office development and will not displace any service or industry establishment. Ownership of industrial or service sector businesses will not be affected by this project.

F. That the City achieve the greatest possible preparedness to protect against injury and loss of life in an earthquake.

The Project is designed and will be constructed to conform to the structural and seismic safety requirements of the City Building Code. This Project will not impact the property's ability to withstand an earthquake.

G. That landmarks and historic buildings be preserved.

A landmark or historic building does not occupy the Project site.

H. That our parks and open space and their access to sunlight and vistas be protected from development.

The Project will have no negative impact on existing parks and open spaces. The Project does not have an adverse impact on open spaces.

11. **First Source Hiring.** The Project is subject to the requirements of the First Source Hiring Program as they apply to permits for residential development (Section 83.4(m) of the Administrative Code), and the Project Sponsor shall comply with the requirements of this Program as to all construction work and on-going employment required for the Project. Prior to the issuance of any building permit to construct or a First Addendum to the Site Permit, the Project Sponsor shall have a First Source Hiring Construction and Employment Program approved by the First Source Hiring Administrator, and evidenced in writing. In the event that both the Director of Planning and the First Source Hiring Administrator agree, the approval of the Employment Program may be delayed as needed.

The Project Sponsor submitted a First Source Hiring Affidavit and prior to issuance of a building permit will execute a First Source Hiring Memorandum of Understanding and a First Source Hiring Agreement with the City's First Source Hiring Administration.

- 12. The Project is consistent with and would promote the general and specific purposes of the Code provided under Section 101.1(b) in that, as designed, the Project would contribute to the character and stability of the neighborhood and would constitute a beneficial development.
- 13. The Commission hereby finds that approval of the Conditional Use authorization would promote the health, safety and welfare of the City.

DECISION

That based upon the Record, the submissions by the Applicant, the staff of the Department and other interested parties, the oral testimony presented to this Commission at the public hearings, and all other written materials submitted by all parties, the Commission hereby **APPROVES Large Project Authorization No. 2015-004085ENX** subject to the following conditions attached hereto as "EXHIBIT A" in general conformance with plans on file, dated March 1, 2017 and stamped "EXHIBIT B", which is incorporated herein by reference as though fully set forth.

The Planning Commission hereby adopts the MMRP attached hereto as Exhibit C and incorporated herein as part of this Motion by this reference thereto. All required mitigation measures identified in the Eastern Neighborhoods Plan EIR and contained in the MMRP are included as conditions of approval.

APPEAL AND EFFECTIVE DATE OF MOTION: Any aggrieved person may appeal this Section 329 Large Project Authorization to the Board of Appeals within fifteen (15) days after the date of this Motion. The effective date of this Motion shall be the date of adoption of this Motion if not appealed (after the 15-day period has expired) OR the date of the decision of the Board of Appeals if appealed to the Board of Appeals. For further information, please contact the Board of Appeals at (415) 575-6880, 1660 Mission, Room 3036, San Francisco, CA 94103.

Protest of Fee or Exaction: You may protest any fee or exaction subject to Government Code Section 66000 that is imposed as a condition of approval by following the procedures set forth in Government Code Section 66020. The protest must satisfy the requirements of Government Code Section 66020(a) and must be filed within 90 days of the date of the first approval or conditional approval of the development referencing the challenged fee or exaction. For purposes of Government Code Section 66020, the date of imposition of the fee shall be the date of the earliest discretionary approval by the City of the subject development.

If the City has not previously given Notice of an earlier discretionary approval of the project, the Planning Commission's adoption of this Motion, Resolution, Discretionary Review Action or the Zoning Administrator's Variance Decision Letter constitutes the approval or conditional approval of the development and the City hereby gives **NOTICE** that the 90-day protest period under Government Code Section 66020 has begun. If the City has already given Notice that the 90-day approval period has begun for the subject development, then this document does not re-commence the 90-day approval period.

I hereby certify that the Planning Commission ADOPTED the foregoing Motion on May 18, 2017.

Jonas P. Ionin Commission Secretary

AYES:

NAYS:

ABSENT:

ADOPTED: May 18, 2017

SAN FRANCISCO PLANNING DEPARTMENT

EXHIBIT A

AUTHORIZATION

This authorization is for a Large Project Authorization to allow demolition of the surface vehicular parking lot and construction of a five-story, 55-foot tall, 40,457 square feet (sf), mixed-use residential building with 38 residential dwelling units and 926 sf of ground floor commercial space located at 349 8th Street, 3755, 054, 065 & 066 pursuant to Planning Code Section(s) 329 within the WMUG District and a 55-X Height and Bulk District; in general conformance with plans, dated **XXXXXX**, and stamped "EXHIBIT B" included in the docket for Case No. **2015-004085ENX** and subject to conditions of approval reviewed and approved by the Commission on **May 18, 2017** under Motion No **XXXXXX**. This authorization and the conditions contained herein run with the property and not with a particular Project Sponsor, business, or operator.

RECORDATION OF CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL

Prior to the issuance of the building permit or commencement of use for the Project the Zoning Administrator shall approve and order the recordation of a Notice in the Official Records of the Recorder of the City and County of San Francisco for the subject property. This Notice shall state that the project is subject to the conditions of approval contained herein and reviewed and approved by the Planning Commission on **May 18, 2017** under Motion No **XXXXXX**.

PRINTING OF CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL ON PLANS

The conditions of approval under the 'Exhibit A' of this Planning Commission Motion No. **XXXXXX** shall be reproduced on the Index Sheet of construction plans submitted with the Site or Building permit application for the Project. The Index Sheet of the construction plans shall reference to the Conditional Use authorization and any subsequent amendments or modifications.

SEVERABILITY

The Project shall comply with all applicable City codes and requirements. If any clause, sentence, section or any part of these conditions of approval is for any reason held to be invalid, such invalidity shall not affect or impair other remaining clauses, sentences, or sections of these conditions. This decision conveys no right to construct, or to receive a building permit. "Project Sponsor" shall include any subsequent responsible party.

CHANGES AND MODIFICATIONS

Changes to the approved plans may be approved administratively by the Zoning Administrator. Significant changes and modifications of conditions shall require Planning Commission approval of a new Conditional Use authorization.

Conditions of Approval, Compliance, Monitoring, and Reporting

PERFORMANCE

1. **Validity.** The authorization and right vested by virtue of this action is valid for three (3) years from the effective date of the Motion. The Department of Building Inspection shall have issued a Building Permit or Site Permit to construct the project and/or commence the approved use within this three-year period.

For information about compliance, contact Code Enforcement, Planning Department at 415-575-6863, <u>www.sf-planning.org</u>

2. Expiration and Renewal. Should a Building or Site Permit be sought after the three (3) year period has lapsed, the project sponsor must seek a renewal of this Authorization by filing an application for an amendment to the original Authorization or a new application for Authorization. Should the project sponsor decline to so file, and decline to withdraw the permit application, the Commission shall conduct a public hearing in order to consider the revocation of the Authorization. Should the Commission not revoke the Authorization following the closure of the public hearing, the Commission shall determine the extension of time for the continued validity of the Authorization.

For information about compliance, contact Code Enforcement, Planning Department at 415-575-6863, <u>www.sf-planning.org</u>

3. **Diligent Pursuit.** Once a site or Building Permit has been issued, construction must commence within the timeframe required by the Department of Building Inspection and be continued diligently to completion. Failure to do so shall be grounds for the Commission to consider revoking the approval if more than three (3) years have passed since this Authorization was approved.

For information about compliance, contact Code Enforcement, Planning Department at 415-575-6863, <u>www.sf-planning.org</u>

4. **Extension.** All time limits in the preceding three paragraphs may be extended at the discretion of the Zoning Administrator where implementation of the project is delayed by a public agency, an appeal or a legal challenge and only by the length of time for which such public agency, appeal or challenge has caused delay.

For information about compliance, contact Code Enforcement, Planning Department at 415-575-6863, <u>www.sf-planning.org</u>

5. **Conformity with Current Law.** No application for Building Permit, Site Permit, or other entitlement shall be approved unless it complies with all applicable provisions of City Codes in effect at the time of such approval.

For information about compliance, contact Code Enforcement, Planning Department at 415-575-6863, <u>www.sf-planning.org</u>

6. **Transportation Demand Management (TDM) Program.** Pursuant to Planning Code Section 169, the Project shall finalize a TDM Plan prior to the issuance of the first Building Permit or Site Permit to construct the project and/or commence the approved uses. The Property Owner, and all

successors, shall ensure ongoing compliance with the TDM Program for the life of the Project, which may include providing a TDM Coordinator, providing access to City staff for site inspections, submitting appropriate documentation, paying application fees associated with required monitoring and reporting, and other actions.

Prior to the issuance of the first Building Permit or Site Permit, the Zoning Administrator shall approve and order the recordation of a Notice in the Official Records of the Recorder of the City and County of San Francisco for the subject property to document compliance with the TDM Program. This Notice shall provide the finalized TDM Plan for the Project, including the relevant details associated with each TDM measure included in the Plan, as well as associated monitoring, reporting, and compliance requirements.

7. **Mitigation Measures.** Mitigation measures described in the MMRP for the Eastern Neighborhoods Plan EIR (Case No. 2015-004085ENV) attached as Exhibit C are necessary to avoid potential significant effects of the proposed project and have been agreed to by the Project Sponsor.

For information about compliance, contact Code Enforcement, Planning Department at 415-575-6863, <u>www.sf-planning.org</u>

MONITORING

8. Enforcement. Violation of any of the Planning Department conditions of approval contained in this Motion or of any other provisions of Planning Code applicable to this Project shall be subject to the enforcement procedures and administrative penalties set forth under Planning Code Section 176 or Section 176.1. The Planning Department may also refer the violation complaints to other city departments and agencies for appropriate enforcement action under their jurisdiction. *For information about compliance, contact Code Enforcement, Planning Department at 415-575-6863, www.sf-planning.org*

DESIGN

9. **Final Materials.** The Project Sponsor shall continue to work with Planning Department on the building design. Final materials, glazing, color, texture, landscaping, and detailing shall be subject to Department staff review and approval. The architectural addenda shall be reviewed and approved by the Planning Department prior to issuance.

For information about compliance, contact the Case Planner, Planning Department at 415-558-6378, <u>www.sf-planning.org</u>

10. **Garbage, Composting and Recycling Storage.** Space for the collection and storage of garbage, composting, and recycling shall be provided within enclosed areas on the property and clearly labeled and illustrated on the building permit plans. Space for the collection and storage of recyclable and compostable materials that meets the size, location, accessibility and other standards specified by the San Francisco Recycling Program shall be provided at the ground level of the buildings.

For information about compliance, contact the Case Planner, Planning Department at 415-558-6378, <u>www.sf-planning.org</u>

11. **Rooftop Mechanical Equipment.** Pursuant to Planning Code 141, the Project Sponsor shall submit a roof plan to the Planning Department prior to Planning approval of the building permit application. Rooftop mechanical equipment, if any is proposed as part of the Project, is required to be screened so as not to be visible from any point at or below the roof level of the subject building.

For information about compliance, contact the Case Planner, Planning Department at 415-558-6378, <u>www.sf-planning.org</u>

- 12. **Transformer Vault.** The location of individual project PG&E Transformer Vault installations has significant effects to San Francisco streetscapes when improperly located. However, they may not have any impact if they are installed in preferred locations. Therefore, the Planning Department recommends the following preference schedule in locating new transformer vaults, in order of most to least desirable:
 - a. On-site, in a basement area accessed via a garage or other access point without use of separate doors on a ground floor façade facing a public right-of-way;
 - b. On-site, in a driveway, underground;
 - c. On-site, above ground, screened from view, other than a ground floor façade facing a public right-of-way;
 - d. Public right-of-way, underground, under sidewalks with a minimum width of 12 feet, avoiding effects on streetscape elements, such as street trees; and based on Better Streets Plan guidelines;
 - e. Public right-of-way, underground; and based on Better Streets Plan guidelines;
 - f. Public right-of-way, above ground, screened from view; and based on Better Streets Plan guidelines;
 - g. On-site, in a ground floor façade (the least desirable location).

Unless otherwise specified by the Planning Department, Department of Public Work's Bureau of Street Use and Mapping (DPW BSM) should use this preference schedule for all new transformer vault installation requests.

For information about compliance, contact Bureau of Street Use and Mapping, Department of Public Works at 415-554-5810, <u>http://sfdpw.org</u>

PARKING AND TRAFFIC

13. **Bicycle Parking.** Pursuant to Planning Code Sections 155, 155.1, and 155.2, the Project shall provide no fewer than **42** bicycle parking spaces (**38** Class 1 spaces for the residential portion of the Project and **4** Class 2 spaces for the residential and commercial portion of the Project). SFMTA has final authority on the type, placement and number of Class 2 bicycle racks within the public ROW. Prior to issuance of first architectural addenda, the project sponsor shall contact the SFMTA Bike Parking Program at <u>bikeparking@sfmta.com</u> to coordinate the installation of onstreet bicycle racks and ensure that the proposed bicycle racks meet the SFMTA's bicycle parking guidelines. Depending on local site conditions and anticipated demand, SFMTA may request the project sponsor pay an in-lieu fee for Class II bike racks required by the Planning Code. *For information about compliance, contact Code Enforcement, Planning Department at 415-575-6863, wwww.sf-planning.org*

14. **Managing Traffic During Construction.** The Project Sponsor and construction contractor(s) shall coordinate with the Traffic Engineering and Transit Divisions of the San Francisco Municipal Transportation Agency (SFMTA), the Police Department, the Fire Department, the Planning Department, and other construction contractor(s) for any concurrent nearby Projects to manage traffic congestion and pedestrian circulation effects during construction of the Project. *For information about compliance, contact Code Enforcement, Planning Department at* 415-575-6863, *www.sf-planning.org*

PROVISIONS

- 15. Anti-Discriminatory Housing. The Project shall adhere to the requirements of the Anti-Discriminatory Housing policy, pursuant to Administrative Code Section 1.61. For information about compliance, contact the Case Planner, Planning Department at 415-558-6378, www.sf-planning.org
- 16. **First Source Hiring.** The Project shall adhere to the requirements of the First Source Hiring Construction and End-Use Employment Program approved by the First Source Hiring Administrator, pursuant to Section 83.4(m) of the Administrative Code. The Project Sponsor shall comply with the requirements of this Program regarding construction work and on-going employment required for the Project.

For information about compliance, contact the First Source Hiring Manager at 415-581-2335, <u>www.onestopSF.org</u>

- 17. **Transportation Sustainability Fee.** The Project is subject to the Transportation Sustainability Fee (TSF), as applicable, pursuant to Planning Code Section 411A. *For information about compliance, contact the Case Planner, Planning Department at 415-558-6378,* <u>www.sf-planning.org</u>
- Child Care Fee Residential. The Project is subject to the Residential Child Care Fee, as applicable, pursuant to Planning Code Section 414A. For information about compliance, contact the Case Planner, Planning Department at 415-558-6378, <u>www.sf-planning.org</u>
- 19. Eastern Neighborhoods Infrastructure Impact Fee. The Project is subject to the Eastern Neighborhoods Infrastructure Impact Fee, as applicable, pursuant to Planning Code Section 423. *For information about compliance, contact the Case Planner, Planning Department at* 415-558-6378, <u>www.sf-planning.org</u>

OPERATION

20. Garbage, Recycling, and Composting Receptacles. Garbage, recycling, and compost containers shall be kept within the premises and hidden from public view, and placed outside only when being serviced by the disposal company. Trash shall be contained and disposed of pursuant to garbage and recycling receptacles guidelines set forth by the Department of Public Works. *For information about compliance, contact Bureau of Street Use and Mapping, Department of Public Works at* 415-554-.5810, <u>http://sfdpw.org</u>

- 21. Sidewalk Maintenance. The Project Sponsor shall maintain the main entrance to the building and all sidewalks abutting the subject property in a clean and sanitary condition in compliance with the Department of Public Works Streets and Sidewalk Maintenance Standards. *For information about compliance, contact Bureau of Street Use and Mapping, Department of Public Works,* 415-695-2017,.<u>http://sfdpw.org/</u>
- 22. **Community Liaison.** Prior to issuance of a building permit to construct the project and implement the approved use, the Project Sponsor shall appoint a community liaison officer to deal with the issues of concern to owners and occupants of nearby properties. The Project Sponsor shall provide the Zoning Administrator with written notice of the name, business address, and telephone number of the community liaison. Should the contact information change, the Zoning Administrator shall be made aware of such change. The community liaison shall report to the Zoning Administrator what issues, if any, are of concern to the community and what issues have not been resolved by the Project Sponsor.

For information about compliance, contact Code Enforcement, Planning Department at 415-575-6863, <u>www.sf-planning.org</u>

ENTERTAINMENT COMMISSION - NOISE ATTENUATION CONDITIONS

- 23. **Chapter 116 Residential Projects.** The Project Sponsor shall comply with the "Recommended Noise Attenuation Conditions for Chapter 116 Residential Projects," which were recommended by the Entertainment Commission on August 25, 2015. These conditions state:
 - a) **Community Outreach.** Project Sponsor shall include in its community outreach process any businesses located within 300 feet of the proposed project that operate between the hours of 9PM-5AM. Notice shall be made in person, written or electronic form.
 - b) Sound Study. Project sponsor shall conduct an acoustical sound study, which shall include sound readings taken when performances are taking place at the proximate Places of Entertainment, as well as when patrons arrive and leave these locations at closing time. Readings should be taken at locations that most accurately capture sound from the Place of Entertainment to best of their ability. Any recommendation(s) in the sound study regarding window glaze ratings and soundproofing materials including but not limited to walls, doors, roofing, etc. shall be given highest consideration by the project sponsor when designing and building the project.
 - c) Design Considerations.
 - i. During design phase, project sponsor shall consider the entrance and egress location and paths of travel at the Place(s) of Entertainment in designing the location of (a) any entrance/egress for the residential building and (b) any parking garage in the building.
 - ii. In designing doors, windows, and other openings for the residential building, project sponsor should consider the POE's operations and noise during all hours of the day and night.
 - d) **Construction Impacts.** Project sponsor shall communicate with adjacent or nearby Place(s) of Entertainment as to the construction schedule, daytime and nighttime, and consider how this schedule and any storage of construction materials may impact the POE operations.

e) **Communication.** Project Sponsor shall make a cell phone number available to Place(s) of Entertainment management during all phases of development through construction. In addition, a line of communication should be created to ongoing building management throughout the occupation phase and beyond.

INCLUSIONARY HOUSING REQUIREMENTS

- 24. **Affordable Units.** The following Inclusionary Affordable Housing Requirements are those in effect at the time of Planning Commission action. In the event that the requirements change, the Project Sponsor shall comply with the requirements in place at the time of issuance of first construction document.
 - a) **Number of Required Units.** Pursuant to Planning Code Section 415.3, the Project is required to provide 14.5% of the proposed dwelling units as affordable to qualifying households. The Project contains 38 units; therefore, 6 affordable units are currently required. The Project Sponsor will fulfill this requirement by providing the 6 affordable units on-site. If the number of market-rate units change, the number of required affordable units shall be modified accordingly with written approval from Planning Department staff in consultation with the Mayor's Office of Housing and Community Development ("MOHCD").

For information about compliance, contact the Case Planner, Planning Department at 415-558-6378, <u>www.sf-planning.org</u> or the Mayor's Office of Housing and Community Development at 415-701-5500, <u>www.sf-moh.org</u>.

b) **Unit Mix.** The Project contains 1 studios, 21 one-bedroom, 15 two-bedroom, and 1 threebedroom units; therefore, the required affordable unit mix is 1 studios, 3 one-bedroom, 2 two-bedroom, and 0 three-bedroom units. If the market-rate unit mix changes, the affordable unit mix will be modified accordingly with written approval from Planning Department staff in consultation with MOHCD.

For information about compliance, contact the Case Planner, Planning Department at 415-558-6378, <u>www.sf-planning.org</u> or the Mayor's Office of Housing and Community Development at 415-701-5500, <u>www.sf-moh.org</u>.

c) **Unit Location.** The affordable units shall be designated on a reduced set of plans recorded as a Notice of Special Restrictions on the property prior to the issuance of the first construction permit.

For information about compliance, contact the Case Planner, Planning Department at 415-558-6378, <u>www.sf-planning.org</u> or the Mayor's Office of Housing and Community Development at 415-701-5500, <u>www.sf-moh.org</u>.

d) **Phasing.** If any building permit is issued for partial phasing of the Project, the Project Sponsor shall have designated not less than fourteen and one half percent (14.5%), or the applicable percentage as discussed above, of the each phase's total number of dwelling units as on-site affordable units.

For information about compliance, contact the Case Planner, Planning Department at 415-558-6378, <u>www.sf-planning.org</u> or the Mayor's Office of Housing and Community Development at 415-701-5500, <u>www.sf-moh.org</u>.

- e) **Duration.** Under Planning Code Section 415.8, all units constructed pursuant to Section 415.6, must remain affordable to qualifying households for the life of the project. *For information about compliance, contact the Case Planner, Planning Department at 415-558-6378,* <u>www.sf-planning.org</u> or the Mayor's Office of Housing and Community Development at 415-701-5500, <u>www.sf-moh.org</u>.
- f) Other Conditions. The Project is subject to the requirements of the Inclusionary Affordable Housing Program under Section 415 et seq. of the Planning Code and City and County of San Francisco Inclusionary Affordable Housing Program Monitoring and Procedures Manual ("Procedures Manual"). The Procedures Manual, as amended from time to time, is incorporated herein by reference, as published and adopted by the Planning Commission, and as required by Planning Code Section 415. Terms used in these conditions of approval and not otherwise defined shall have the meanings set forth in the Procedures Manual. A copy of the Procedures Manual can be obtained at the MOHCD at 1 South Van Ness Avenue or on the Planning Department or MOHCD websites, including on the internet at:

<u>http://sf-planning.org/Modules/ShowDocument.aspx?documentid=4451</u>. As provided in the Inclusionary Affordable Housing Program, the applicable Procedures Manual is the manual in effect at the time the subject units are made available for sale.

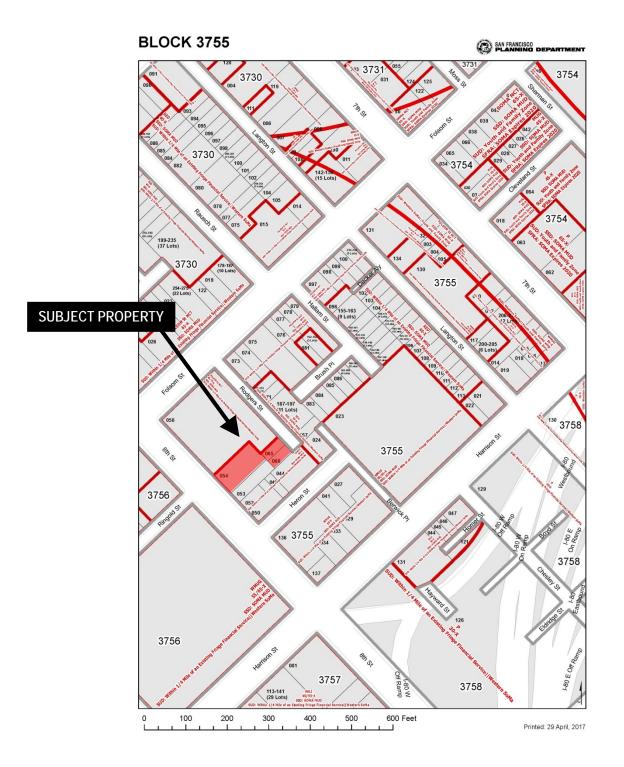
For information about compliance, contact the Case Planner, Planning Department at 415-558-6378, <u>www.sf-planning.org</u> or the Mayor's Office of Housing and Community Development at 415-701-5500, <u>www.sf-moh.org</u>.

- i. The affordable unit(s) shall be designated on the building plans prior to the issuance of the first construction permit by the Department of Building Inspection ("DBI"). The affordable unit(s) shall (1) reflect the unit size mix in number of bedrooms of the market rate units, (2) be constructed, completed, ready for occupancy and marketed no later than the market rate units, and (3) be evenly distributed throughout the building; and (4) be of comparable overall quality, construction and exterior appearance as the market rate units in the principal project. The interior features in affordable units should be generally the same as those of the market units in the principal project, but need not be the same make, model or type of such item as long they are of good and new quality and are consistent with then-current standards for new housing. Other specific standards for on-site units are outlined in the Procedures Manual.
- ii. If the units in the building are offered for sale, the affordable unit(s) shall be sold to first time home buyer households. The affordable unit shall be affordable to low-income households, as defined in the Planning Code and Procedures Manual. The initial sales price of such units shall be calculated according to the Procedures Manual. Limitations on (i) reselling; (ii) renting; (iii) recouping capital improvements; (iv) refinancing; and (v) procedures for inheritance apply and are set forth in the Inclusionary Affordable Housing Program and the Procedures Manual.
- The Project Sponsor is responsible for following the marketing, reporting, and monitoring requirements and procedures as set forth in the Procedures Manual. MOHCD shall be responsible for overseeing and monitoring the marketing of affordable

units. The Project Sponsor must contact MOHCD at least six months prior to the beginning of marketing for any unit in the building.

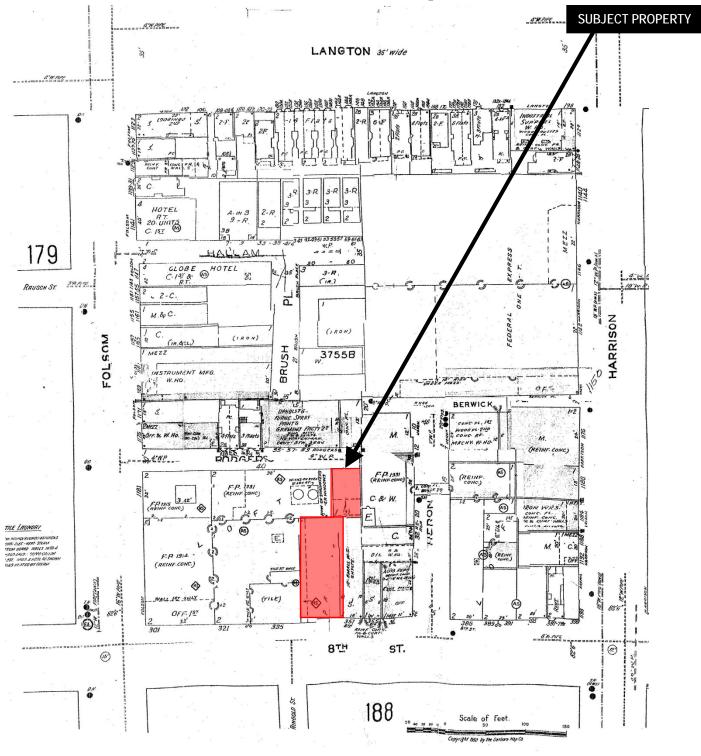
- iv. Required parking spaces shall be made available to initial buyers or renters of affordable units according to the Procedures Manual.
- v. Prior to the issuance of the first construction permit by DBI for the Project, the Project Sponsor shall record a Notice of Special Restriction on the property that contains these conditions of approval and a reduced set of plans that identify the affordable units satisfying the requirements of this approval. The Project Sponsor shall promptly provide a copy of the recorded Notice of Special Restriction to the Department and to MOHCD or its successor.
- vi. The Project Sponsor has demonstrated that it is eligible for the On-site Affordable Housing Alternative under Planning Code Section 415.6 instead of payment of the Affordable Housing Fee, and has submitted the *Affidavit of Compliance with the Inclusionary Affordable Housing Program:* Planning *Code Section 415* to the Planning Department stating that any affordable units designated as on-site units shall be sold as ownership units and will remain as ownership units for the life of the Project.
- vii. If the Project Sponsor fails to comply with the Inclusionary Affordable Housing Program requirement, the Director of DBI shall deny any and all site or building permits or certificates of occupancy for the development project until the Planning Department notifies the Director of compliance. A Project Sponsor's failure to comply with the requirements of Planning Code Section 415 et seq. shall constitute cause for the City to record a lien against the development project and to pursue any and all available remedies at law.
- viii. If the Project becomes ineligible at any time for the On-site Affordable Housing Alternative, the Project Sponsor or its successor shall pay the Affordable Housing Fee prior to issuance of the first construction permit. If the Project becomes ineligible after issuance of its first construction permit, the Project Sponsor shall notify the Department and MOHCD and pay interest on the Affordable Housing Fee and penalties, if applicable.

Parcel Map





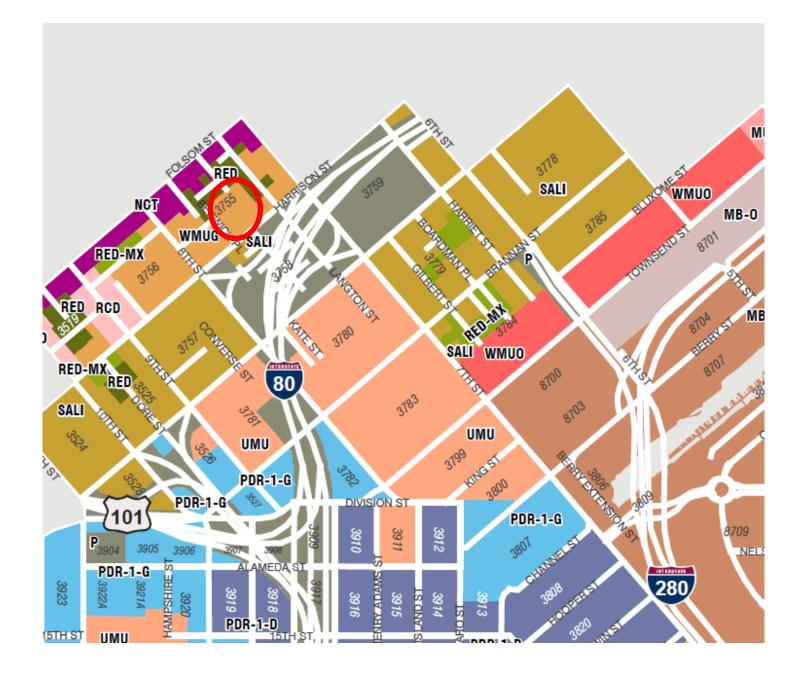
Sanborn Map*



*The Sanborn Maps in San Francisco have not been updated since 1998, and this map may not accurately reflect existing conditions.

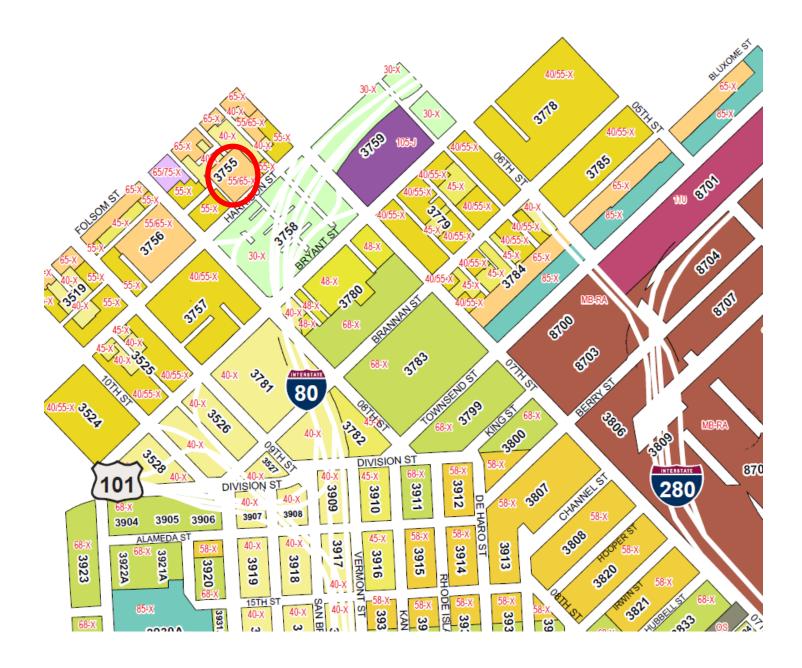


Zoning Map





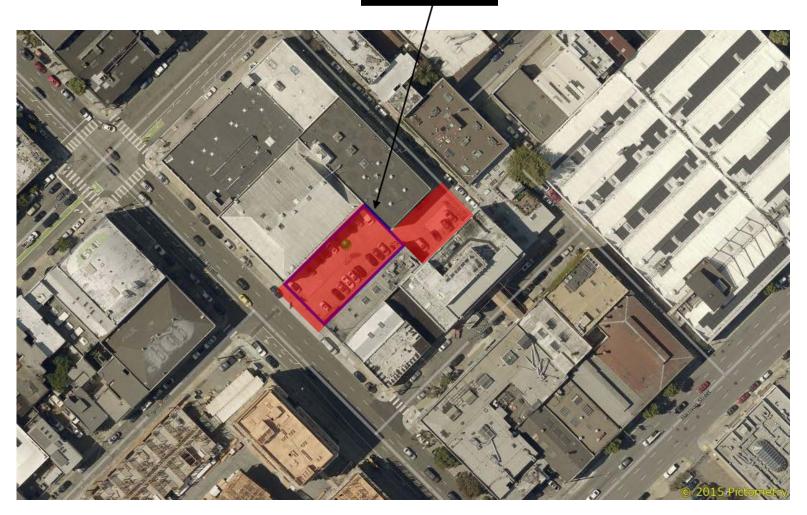
Height and Bulk Map





Arial Photo

SUBJECT PROPERTY





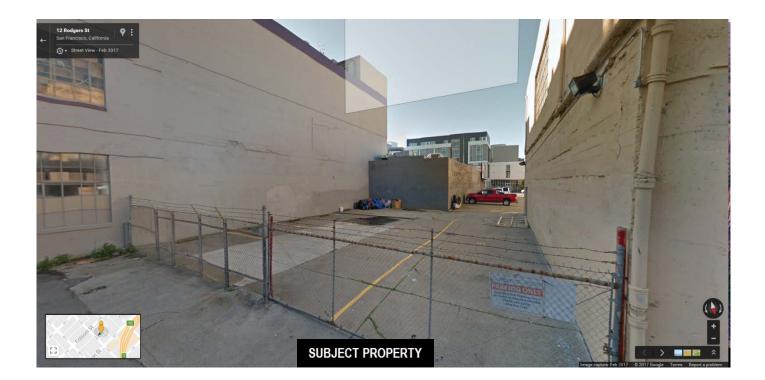
Site Photo 8th Street





Large Project Authorization Case Number 2015-004085ENX 349 8th Street

Site Photo Rogers Street

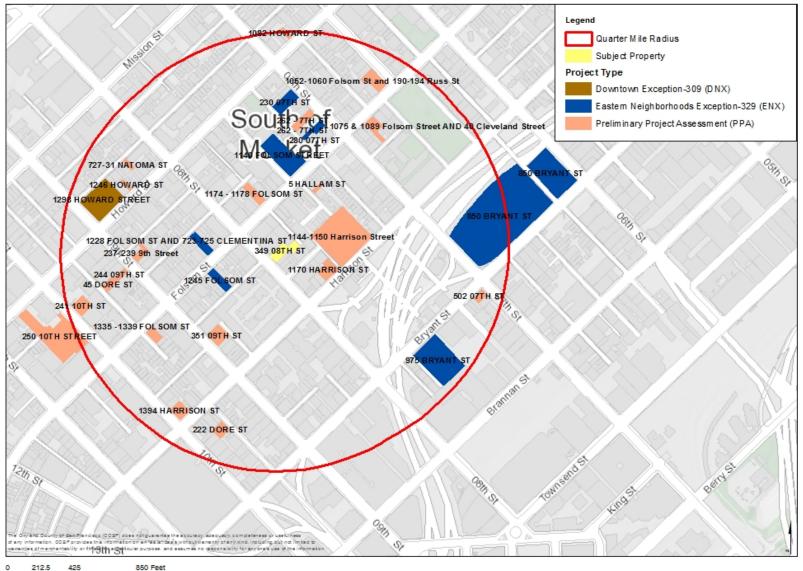




Large Project Authorization Case Number 2015-004085ENX 349 8th Street

349 8th Street- Major Projects within .25 Miles





0	212.5	425	850 F
-			

Printed: 10 May, 2017

Case No.	Address	No. Units	EE Application Status
2014.0011X	1298 HOWARD	124	Completed
2013.0986X	1140 FOLSOM	112	Completed
2014.0964ENX	1228 FOLSOM	24	Completed
2015-014148ENX	1245 FOLSOM	37	Under Review
2014.0244ENX	230 07 th Street		Under Review
2014.0334ENX	262 – 7 th Street	86	Under Review
2016-004946ENX	280 07 th Street		Under Review
2015-004085ENX	349 08 th Street	38	Completed
2014.0198ENX	850 BRYANT	N/A	Closed
2015-005862ENX	975 BRYANT	182	Under Review
2016-004905PPA	1052-1060 Folsom & 190- 194 Russ	42	Under Review
2015-006512PPA	1075 & 1089 Folsom &40 Cleveland	51	Under Review
2015-010371PPA	1082 HOWARD ST	8	Under Review
2016-001738PPA	1144-1150 Harrison	486	Under Review
2015-016239PPA	1170 HARRISON	N/A	Under Review
2012.1553U	1174 - 1178 FOLSOM	42	Closed
2014.0262PPA	1246 HOWARD	9	None Filed
2013.1281PPA	1335 -1339 FOLSOM	53	Completed
2014.1213U	1394 HARRISON	67	Under Review
2015-003229PPA	222 DORE	23	Under Review
2015-008551PPA	237-239 9 th Street	9	None Filed
2014.0666U	241 10 TH Street	28	Completed
2015-010668PPA	244 09 th Street	19	Under Review
2014.0831PPA	250 10 th Street	N/A	Completed
2014.0334PPA	262 7 th Street	87	Under Review
2014.1469PPA	280-282 7 th Street	29	Under Review
2016-000636PPA	351 09 th Street	31	None Filed
2015-006513PPA	45 DORE	36	Under Review
2013.0813U	5 HALLAM	6	Completed
2014.1575PPA	502 7 th Street	16	Completed
2014.1205PPA	727-31	6	Under Review
	NATOMA		



RECOMMENDED NOISE ATTENUATION CONDITIONS FOR CHAPTER 116 RESIDENTIAL PROJECTS:

- <u>Community Outreach</u>: Project sponsor shall include in its community outreach process any businesses located within 300 feet of the proposed project that operate between the hours of 9PM-5AM. Notice shall be made in person, written or electronic form.
- <u>Sound Study</u>: Project sponsor shall conduct an acoustical sound study, which shall include sound readings taken when performances are taking place at the proximate Places of Entertainment, as well as when patrons arrive and leave these locations at closing time. Readings should be taken at locations that most accurately capture sound from the Place of Entertainment to best of their ability. Any recommendation(s) in the sound study regarding window glaze ratings and soundproofing materials including but not limited to walls, doors, roofing, etc. shall be given highest consideration by the project sponsor when designing and building the project.

• <u>Design Considerations</u>:

(1) During design phase, project sponsor shall consider the entrance and egress location and paths of travel at the Place(s) of Entertainment in designing the location of (a) any entrance/egress for the residential building and (b) any parking garage in the building.

(2) In designing doors, windows, and other openings for the residential building, project sponsor should consider the POE's operations and noise during all hours of the day and night.

- <u>Construction Impacts</u>: Project sponsor shall communicate with adjacent or nearby Place(s) of Entertainment as to the construction schedule, daytime and nighttime, and consider how this schedule and any storage of construction materials may impact the POE operations.
- <u>Communication</u>: Project Sponsor shall make a cell phone number available to Place(s) of Entertainment management during all phases of development through construction. In addition, a line of communication should be created to ongoing building management throughout the occupation phase and beyond.



SAN FRANCISCO PLANNING DEPARTMENT

Certificate of Determination EXEMPTION FROM ENVIRONMENTAL REVIEW

Case No.:	2015-004085ENV
Project Address:	349 8th Street
Zoning:	WMUG (Western SoMa Mixed Use District - General)
	Western SoMa Special Use District
	55-X Height and Bulk District
Block/Lot:	3755/054, 065, 006
Lot Size:	10,325 square feet
Plan Area:	Western SoMa Community Area Plan
Project Sponsor:	Rodgers Street, LLC, (760) 214-8753
Staff Contact:	Alana Callagy, (415) 575-8734, <u>alana.callagy@sfgov.org</u>

1650 Mission St. Suite 400 San Francisco, CA 94103-2479

Reception: 415.558.6378

Fax: 415.558.6409

Planning Information: 415.558.6377

PROJECT DESCRIPTION

The 349 Eighth Street Project (proposed project) would merge three lots (054, 065, and 066) on Block 3755 used as a surface vehicular parking lot with a total of approximately 30 spaces and construct a five-story, 55-foot tall (65 feet tall with rooftop structures), mixed-use residential building with 38 residential units (approximately 40,880 square feet (sf)) and approximately 1,240 sf of ground floor commercial space. The 10,325 sf project site is located midblock between Folsom and Harrison streets, extends from Eighth Street to Rodgers Street in San Francisco's South of Market (SoMa) neighborhood, and is within the Western SoMa Mixed Use (WMUG) Zoning District and the 55-X Height and Bulk District.

(Continued on next page.)

EXEMPT STATUS

Exempt per Section 15183 of the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) Guidelines and California Public Resources Code Section 21083.3

DETERMINATION

I do hereby certify that the above determination has been made pursuant to State and Local requirements.

LISA M. GIBSON Acting Environmental Review Officer

12/7/16 Date

cc: Riyad Ghannam, Project Sponsor; Supervisor Jane Kim, District 6; Marvis J. Philips, Alliance for Better District 6; Kimberly Durandet, Current Planning Division; Virna Byrd, M.D.F.; Exemption/Exclusion File

PROJECT DESCRIPTION (continued)

The proposed mixed-use building's residential lobby and commercial space would share a frontage on Eighth Street. In addition to the lobby and commercial space, the first floor (which includes a ground floor with a Mezzanine level) would contain seven one-bedroom units. The second through fourth floors of the proposed project would contain four one-bedroom and four two-bedroom units, each. The fifth floor would contain one studio, three one-bedroom, two two-bedroom, and one three-bedroom units.

The project proposes a 1,400-sf inner courtyard, a 770-sf outer courtyard fronting Rodgers Street, and a 1,000-sf skybridge connecting portions of the fifth floor. Three of the seven one-bedroom units on the first floor would have private patios facing the inner courtyard and another three units would have balconies over the outer courtyard. The project proposes balconies for four of the units on the second floor, with two balconies over the inner courtyard and two over the outer courtyard. The project proposes balconies for two units on each of the third through fifth floors, with these balconies over the outer courtyard.

The project proposes 38 Class I bicycle parking spaces on the ground floor in the center of the building and two Class II bicycle parking spaces along both Eighth and Rodgers streets. The project would remove the existing curb cuts on Eighth and Rogers streets. No vehicle parking, below-grade levels, garage/basement, or curb-cuts are proposed.

Construction of the proposed project would occur over approximately 16 to 18 months. Construction equipment to be used would include backhoes, excavators, and construction cranes. The entire project site would be excavated to a depth of approximately four feet to accommodate the foundation with additional depths of two to three feet beyond (total depths of six to seven feet) for soil improvement measures. The total amount of excavation for the project would be approximately 1,530 cubic yards of soil.

PROJECT APPROVAL

The proposed project would require the following approvals:

- Large Project Authorization (Planning Commission)
- Building Permit (Department of Building Inspection)

The proposed project is subject to Large Project Authorization from the Planning Commission, which is the Approval Action for the project. The Approval Action date establishes the start of the 30-day appeal period for this CEQA exemption determination pursuant to Section 31.04(h) of the San Francisco Administrative Code

COMMUNITY PLAN EXEMPTION OVERVIEW

California Public Resources Code Section 21083.3 and CEQA Guidelines Section 15183 provide an exemption from environmental review for projects that are consistent with the development density established by existing zoning, community plan or general plan policies for which an Environmental Impact Report (EIR) was certified, except as might be necessary to examine whether there are project-specific significant effects which are peculiar to the project or its site. Section 15183 specifies that examination of environmental effects shall be limited to those effects that: a) are peculiar to the project or parcel on which the project would be located; b) were not analyzed as significant effects in a prior EIR on the zoning action, general plan or community plan with which the project is consistent; c) are potentially significant off-site and cumulative impacts that were not discussed in the underlying EIR; or d) are previously identified in the EIR, but which, as a result of substantial new information that was not known

at the time that the EIR was certified, are determined to have a more severe adverse impact than that discussed in the underlying EIR. Section 15183(c) specifies that if an impact is not peculiar to the parcel or to the proposed project, then an EIR need not be prepared for the project solely on the basis of that impact.

This determination evaluates the potential project-specific environmental effects of the 349 Eighth Street project described above, and incorporates by reference information contained in the Programmatic EIR for the Western SoMa Community Plan, Rezoning of Adjacent Parcels, and 350 Eight Street Project (PEIR).¹ Project-specific studies were prepared for the proposed project to determine if the project would result in any significant environmental impacts that were not identified in the Western SoMa PEIR.

The Western SoMa PEIR included analyses of the following environmental issues: land use; aesthetics; population and housing; cultural and paleontological resources; transportation and circulation; noise and vibration; air quality; greenhouse gas emissions; wind and shadow; recreation; public services, utilities, and service systems; biological resources; geology and soils; hydrology and water quality; hazards and hazardous materials; mineral and energy resources; and agricultural and forest resources.

As a result of the Western SoMa rezoning process, the project site was rezoned from SLR (Service/Light-Industrial/Residential) to WMUG (Western SoMa Mixed Use District – General). The WMUG is designed to maintain and facilitate the growth and expansion of small-scale light industrial, wholesale distribution, arts production and performance/exhibition activities, general commercial and neighborhood-serving retail and personal service activities while protecting existing housing and encouraging the development of housing at a scale and density compatible with the existing neighborhood. As currently presented, the proposed project meets the development density for the project site as proposed under the Western SoMa Community Plan.

Individual projects that could occur in the future under the Western SoMa Community Plan will undergo project-level environmental evaluation to determine if they would result in further impacts specific to the development proposal, the site, and the time of development and to assess whether additional environmental review would be required. This determination concludes that the proposed project at 349 Eighth Street is consistent with and was encompassed within the analysis in the Western SoMa PEIR. This determination also finds that the Western SoMa PEIR adequately anticipated and described the impacts of the proposed 349 Eighth Street project, and identified the mitigation measures applicable to the 349 Eighth Street project. The proposed project is also consistent with the zoning controls and the provisions of the Planning Code applicable to the project site.^{2,3} Therefore, no further CEQA evaluation for the 349 Eighth Street project is required. In sum, the Western SoMa PEIR and this Certificate of Exemption for the proposed project comprise the full and complete CEQA evaluation necessary for the proposed project.

¹ Planning Department Case Nos. 2008.0877E and 2007.1035E, State Clearinghouse No. 2009082031. Available: <u>http://www.sf-planning.org/index.aspx?page=1893</u>.

² Adam Varat, San Francisco Planning Department, Community Plan Exemption Eligibility Determination, Citywide Planning and Policy Analysis, 349 8th Street, July 25, 2016. This document (and all other documents cited in this report, unless otherwise noted), is available for review at the San Francisco Planning Department, 1650 Mission Street, Suite 400, as part of Case File No. 2015-004085ENV.

³ Jeff Joslin, San Francisco Planning Department, Community Plan Exemption Eligibility Determination, Current Planning Analysis, 349 8th Street, June 13, 2016.

PROJECT SETTING

The 10,325 square-foot project site is located midblock between Folsom and Harrison streets and extends from Eighth Street to Rodgers Street. The site contains three parcels (349 Eighth Street and 54 and 60 Rodgers Street) used as a surface vehicular parking lot. The site is located in Block 3755, bound by Folsom, Seventh, Harrison, and Eighth streets.

The properties adjacent to the project site consist of one- to three-story buildings occupied by furniture and carpet/rug retail spaces and design services.

The project vicinity is characterized by a mix of residential, retail, office, light industrial, and entertainment uses in an area of land use transition. The closest residential uses to the proposed project are live/work condominiums and condominiums to the east, across Rodgers Street, and to the west, across Eighth Street (350 Eighth Street). Two entertainment uses, a bar (Driftwood at 1225 Folsom Street) and a club (Cat Club at 1190 Folsom Street), occur within 300 feet of the proposed project to the north on Folsom Street.

Development projects within two blocks of the project site include the remaining phases of the L Seven Development (350 Eighth Street), a multi-building, mixed-use development with 410 apartments and townhouses, commercial, and production, distribution, and repair, across Eighth Street from the project site; and a six story mixed-use building with 42 studios (1174-1178 Folsom), approximately 350 feet north of the project site. The scale of development in the project vicinity along Eighth Street varies from one- to seven-stories.

Within one-quarter mile of the project site, the San Francisco Municipal Railway (Muni) operates the following transit service: the 12-Folsom/Pacific, 19-Polk, 27-Bryant, and 47 Van Ness bus lines.

POTENTIAL ENVIRONMENTAL EFFECTS

The proposed 349 Eighth Street project is in conformance with the height, use, and density for the site described in the Western SoMa PEIR and would represent a small part of the growth that was forecast for the Western SoMa Community Plan. Thus, the project analyzed in the Western SoMa PEIR considered the incremental impacts of the proposed 349 Eighth Street project. As a result, the proposed project would not result in any new or substantially more severe impacts than were identified in the Western SoMa PEIR.

Significant and unavoidable impacts were identified in the Western SoMa PEIR for the following topics: historic resources, transportation and circulation, noise, air quality, and shadow. The Western SoMa PEIR identified feasible mitigation measures to address significant impacts related to cultural and paleontological resources, transportation and circulation, noise and vibration, air quality, wind, biological resources, and hazardous materials. Table 1, below, lists the mitigation measures identified in the Western SoMa PEIR and states whether each measure would apply to the proposed project.

Mitigation Measure	Applicability	Compliance	
D. Cultural and Paleontologic			
M-CP-1a: Documentation of a Historical Resource	M-CP-1a: Documentation of Not applicable: site is not a historic		

Mitigation Measure	Applicability	Compliance
M-CP-1b: Oral Histories	Not applicable: site is not a historic resource	Not applicable
M-CP-1c: Interpretive Program	Not applicable: site is not a historic resource	Not applicable
M-CP-4a: Project-Specific Preliminary Archeological Assessment	Applicable: soil disturbing activities proposed	The project sponsor shall retain an archeological consultant, submit an Archeological Testing Plan (ATP) for review, implement the ATP prior to soil disturbance, and, as needed, implement an Archeological Monitoring Program (AMP) with all soil-disturbing activities. Project sponsor and archeologist shall notify and mitigate the finding of any archeological resource in coordination with the Environmental Review Officer (ERO).
M-CP-4b: Procedures for Accidental Discovery of Archeological Resources	Not applicable: negated by implementation of M-CP-4a/ archeological testing	Not applicable
M-CP-7a: Protect Historical Resources from Adjacent Construction Activities	Applicable: adjacent historic resources present	The project sponsor shall incorporate into construction specifications a requirement that the construction contractor(s) use all feasible means to avoid damage to adjacent and nearby historic buildings.
M-CP-7b: Construction Monitoring Program for Historical Resources	Applicable: adjacent historic resources present	The project sponsor shall undertake a monitoring program to minimize damage to adjacent historic buildings and to ensure that any such damage is documented and repaired. Prior to the start of any ground-disturbing activity, the project sponsor shall engage a historic architect or qualified historic preservation professional to undertake a pre-construction survey of historical resource(s) identified by the San Francisco Planning Department within 125 feet of planned construction to document and photograph the buildings' existing conditions.

Mitigation Measure	Applicability	Compliance				
E. Transportation and Circulation						
M-TR-1c: Traffic Signal Optimization (8 th /Harrison/I- 80 WB off-ramp)	Not applicable: automobile delay removed from CEQA analysis	Not applicable				
M-TR-4: Provision of New Loading Spaces on Folsom Street	Not applicable: project would not remove loading spaces along Folsom Street	Not applicable				
M-C-TR-2: Impose Development Impact Fees to Offset Transit Impacts	Not applicable: transit ridership generated by project would not considerably contribute to impact	Not applicable; however, project is subject to Transportation Sustainability Fee (effective December 2015)				
F. Noise and Vibration						
M-NO-1a: Interior Noise Levels for Residential Uses	Not applicable: impacts of the environment on the project no longer a CEQA topic	Not applicable				
M-NO-1b: Siting of Noise- Sensitive Uses	Not applicable: impacts of the environment on the project no longer a CEQA topic	Not applicable				
M-NO-1c: Siting of Noise- Generating Uses	Not applicable: project is not proposing a noise-generating use	Not applicable				
M-NO-1d: Open Space in Noisy Environments	Not applicable: impacts of the environment on the project no longer a CEQA topic	Not applicable				
M-NO-2a: General Construction Noise Control Measures	Applicable: project includes construction activities	The project sponsor shall require the general contractor to ensure that equipment and trucks used for project construction use the best available noise control techniques; locate stationary noise sources as far from adjacent or nearby sensitive receptors as possible; use hydraulically or electrically powered impact tools; and include noise control requirements to construction contractors. The project sponsor shall submit to the San Francisco Planning Department and Department of Building Inspection (DBI) a list of measures to respond to and track complaints pertaining to construction noise.				
M-NO-2b: Noise Control Measures During Pile Driving	Applicable: project could potentially include pile-driving activities	Not applicable				

Mitigation Measure	Applicability	Compliance		
G. Air Quality				
M-AQ-2: Transportation Demand Management Strategies for Future Development Projects	Not applicable: project would not generate more than 3,500 daily vehicle trips	Not applicable, but project could be subject to the Transportation Demand Management Ordinance, if effective at the time of project approval.		
M-AQ-3: Reduction in Exposure to Toxic Air Contaminants for New Sensitive Receptors	Not applicable: superseded by Health Code Article 38	Not applicable		
M-AQ-4: Siting of Uses that Emit PM _{2.5} or other DPM and Other TACs	Not applicable: project-related construction and operation would not introduce substantial emissions	Not applicable		
M-AQ-6: Construction Emissions Minimization Plan for Criteria Air Pollutants	Not applicable: project does not exceed the BAAQMD screening criteria	Not applicable		
M-AQ-7: Construction Emissions Minimization Plan for Health Risks and Hazards	Applicable: project includes construction in an area of poor air quality	The project sponsor shall include all requirements in the Construction Emissions Minimization Plan in contract specifications.		
I. Wind and Shadow				
M-WS-1: Screening-Level Wind Analysis and Wind Testing	Not applicable: project would not exceed 80 feet in height	Not applicable		
L. Biological Resources				
M-BI-1a: Pre-Construction Special-Status Bird Surveys	Not applicable: project site does not contain shrubs	Not applicable		
M-BI-1b: Pre-Construction Special-Status Bat Surveys	Not applicable: project does not include removal of buildings or other habitat for roosting bats	Not applicable		
O. Hazards and Hazardous Materials				
M-HZ-2: Hazardous Building Materials Abatement	Not applicable: project does not include demolition of a pre-1970s building	Not applicable		
M-HZ-3: Site Assessment and Corrective Action	Not applicable: superseded by Health Code Article 22A (Maher Ordinance)	Not applicable		

Please see the attached Mitigation Monitoring and Reporting Program (MMRP) for the complete text of the applicable mitigation measures. With implementation of these mitigation measures the proposed project would not result in significant impacts beyond those analyzed in the Western SoMa PEIR.

PUBLIC NOTICE AND COMMENT

A "Notification of Project Receiving Environmental Review" was mailed on May 3, 2016 to adjacent occupants and owners of properties within 300 feet of the project site. Only one comment was received and the commenter requested a hard copy of the CPE. No other comments were received.

CONCLUSION

As summarized above and further discussed in the CPE Checklist:⁴

- 1. The proposed project is consistent with the development density established for the project site in the Western SoMa Community Plan;
- 2. The proposed project would not result in effects on the environment that are peculiar to the project or the project site that were not identified as significant effects in the Western SoMa Community PEIR;
- 3. The proposed project would not result in potentially significant off-site or cumulative impacts that were not identified in the Western SoMa Community PEIR;
- 4. The proposed project would not result in significant effects, which, as a result of substantial new information that was not known at the time the Western SoMa PEIR was certified, would be more severe than were already analyzed and disclosed in the PEIR; and
- 5. The project sponsor will undertake feasible mitigation measures specified in the Western SoMa PEIR to mitigate project-related significant impacts.

Therefore, the proposed project is exempt from further environmental review pursuant to Public Resources Code Section 21083.3 and CEQA Guidelines Section 15183.

⁴ The CPE Checklist is available for review at the Planning Department, 1650 Mission Street, Suite 400, San Francisco, in Case File No. 2015-004085ENV.

EXHIBIT 1: MITIGATION MONITORING AND REPORTING PROGRAM

	MONITORING AND REPORTING PROGRAM				
	Monitoring/				
	Responsibility for	Mitigation	Mitigation	Reporting	Monitoring
Adopted Mitigation Measures	Implementation	Schedule	Action	Responsibility	Schedule

MITIGATION MEASURES AGREED TO BY PROJECT

SPONSOR

CULTURAL AND PALEONTOLOGICAL RESOURCES

Project Mitigation Measure 1 - Protect Historical Resources from Adjacent Construction Activities (Mitigation Measure M-CP-7a of the Western SoMa PEIR)

) 1	prep or construction activities.	construction specifications that the construction contractor(s) use all feasible means to avoid damage to adjacent and nearby historic	contractor.	Considered complete upon ERO's approval of construction specifications
		buildings.		
rc	, , ,	prep or construction activities.	prep or construction construction specifications that activities. the construction contractor(s) use all feasible means to avoid damage to adjacent and nearby historic	prep or construction contractor. construction activities. the construction activities. the construction contractor(s) use all feasible means to avoid damage to adjacent and nearby historic

Project Mitigation Measure 2 - Construction Monitoring Program for Historical Resources (Mitigation Measure M-CP-7b of the Western SoMa PEIR)

The project sponsor shall undertake a monitoring program to minimize damage to adjacent historic buildings and to ensure that any such damage is documented and repaired. The monitoring program, which shall apply within 25 feet, shall include the following components. Prior to the start of any ground-disturbing activity, the project sponsor shall engage a historic architect or qualified historic preservation professional to undertake a pre-construction survey of historical resource(s) identified by the San Francisco Planning Department within 125 feet of planned construction to document and photograph the buildings' existing conditions. Based on the construction and condition of the resource(s), the consultant shall also establish a maximum vibration level that shall not be exceeded at each building, based on existing condition, character-defining features, soils conditions, and anticipated construction practices (a common standard is 0.2 inch per second, peak particle velocity). To ensure that vibration levels do not exceed the established standard, the project sponsor shall monitor vibration levels at each structure and shall prohibit vibratory construction activities that generate vibration levels in	qualified historic preservation professional, and ERO.	demolition,	A Planning Department Preservation Technical Specialist shall review and approve the construction monitoring program.	Project Sponsor; contractor	During demolition, earth-moving, or construction activities.
excess of the standard.					

Adopted Mitigation Measures	Responsibility for Implementation	Mitigation Schedule	Mitigation Action	Monitoring/ Reporting Responsibility	Monitoring Schedule
Should vibration levels be observed in excess of the standard,					

SI construction shall be halted and alternative construction techniques put in practice, to the extent feasible. (For example, pre-drilled piles could be substituted for driven piles, if feasible based on soils conditions; smaller, lighter equipment might be able to be used in some cases.) The consultant shall conduct regular periodic inspections of each building during ground-disturbing activity on the project site. Should damage to either building occur, the building(s) shall be remediated to its pre-construction condition at the conclusion of ground-disturbing activity on the site.

Project Mitigation Measure 3 – Archeological Testing Program (Mitigation Measure M-CP-4a of the Western SoMa PEIR)

Based on a reasonable presumption that archeological resources Project sponsor may be present within the project site, the following measures shall be undertaken to avoid any potentially significant adverse effect from the proposed project on buried or submerged historical resources. The project sponsor shall retain the services of an archaeological consultant from the rotational Department Qualified Archaeological Consultants List (QACL) maintained by the Planning Department archaeologist. The project sponsor shall contact the Department archeologist to obtain the names and contact information for the next three archeological consultants on the QACL. The archeological consultant shall undertake an archeological testing program as specified herein. In addition, the consultant shall be available to conduct an archeological monitoring and/or data recovery program if required pursuant to this measure. The archeological consultant's work shall be conducted in accordance with this measure at the direction of the Environmental Review Officer (ERO). All plans and reports prepared by the consultant as specified herein shall be submitted first and directly to the ERO for review and comment, and shall be considered draft reports subject to revision until final approval by the ERO. Archeological monitoring and/or data recovery programs required by this measure could suspend construction of the project for up to a maximum of four weeks. At the direction of the ERO, the suspension of construction can be extended beyond four weeks only if such a suspension is the only feasible means to reduce to a less than significant level potential effects on a significant archeological resource as defined in CEOA Guidelines Sect. 15064.5 (a) and (c).

Prior to issuance of grading or building permits

archaeological consultant to undertake archaeological monitoring program in consultation with ERO.

retain

Project Sponsor to Project sponsor,

Environmental

Review Officer

(ERO)

Complete archaeologist and when Project Sponsor retains qualified archaeological consultant.

Adopted Mitigation Measures	Responsibility for Implementation	Mitigation Schedule	Mitigation Action	Monitoring/ Reporting Responsibility	Monitoring Schedule
<i>Consultation with Descendant Communities</i> : On discovery of an archeological site ¹ associated with descendant Native Americans, the Overseas Chinese, or other potentially interested descendant group an appropriate representative ² of the descendant group and the ERO shall be contacted. The representative of the descendant group shall be given the opportunity to monitor archeological field investigations of the site and to offer recommendations to the ERO regarding appropriate archeological treatment of the site, of recovered data from the site, and, if applicable, any interpretative treatment of the associated archeological site. A copy of the Final Archaeological Resources Report shall be provided to the representative of the descendant group.		Discovery of an archeological site associated with descendant group/commun ities	Consultation with descendant communities	Project sponsor, descendant group representative(s), and ERO	After production of the Final Archaeological Resources Report.
<i>Archeological Testing Program.</i> The archeological consultant shall prepare and submit to the ERO for review and approval an archeological testing plan (ATP). The archeological testing program shall be conducted in accordance with the approved ATP. The ATI shall identify the property types of the expected archeological resource(s) that potentially could be adversely affected by the proposed project, the testing method to be used, and the locations recommended for testing. The purpose of the archeological testing program will be to determine to the extent possible the presence on absence of archeological resources and to identify and to evaluate whether any archeological resource under CEQA.	' consultant, at the direction of the ERO	Prior to any soils disturbance	Consultation with ERO on scope of ATP	Project sponsor, archaeologist and ERO	After consultation with and approval by ERO of AMP.
At the completion of the archeological testing program, the archeological consultant shall submit a written report of the findings to the ERO. If based on the archeological testing program the archeological consultant finds that significant archeological resources may be present, the ERO in consultation with the archeological consultant shall determine if additional measures are warranted. Additional measures that may be undertaken include additional archeological testing, archeological monitoring, and/or an archeological data recovery program. No archeological data recovery shall be undertaken without the prior approval of the ERO or the Planning Department archeologist. If the ERO	Project sponsor and archaeological consultant, at the direction of the ERO	After completion of the Archeological Testing Program	Submit report to ERO of the findings of the Archeological Testing Program.	Archaeological consultant and ERO	Considered complete on submittal to ERO of report on ATP findings.

By the term "archeological site" is intended here to minimally include any archeological deposit, feature, burial, or evidence of burial. An "appropriate representative" of the descendant group is here defined to mean, in the case of Native Americans, any individual listed in the current Native American Contact List for the City and County of San Francisco maintained by the California Native American Heritage Commission and in the case of the Overseas Chinese, the Chinese Historical Society of America. An appropriate representative of other descendant groups should be determined in consultation with the Department archeologist.

	MONITORING AND REPORTING PROGRAM				
Adopted Mitigation Measures	Responsibility for Implementation	Mitigation Schedule	Mitigation Action	Monitoring/ Reporting Responsibility	Monitoring Schedule
determines that a significant archeological resource is present and that the resource could be adversely affected by the proposed project, at the discretion of the project sponsor either:					
 A) The proposed project shall be re-designed so as to avoid any adverse effect on the significant archeological resource; or 					
B) A data recovery program shall be implemented, unless the ERO determines that the archeological resource is of greater interpretive than research significance and that interpretive use of the resource is feasible.					
Archeological Monitoring Program. If the ERO in consultation with the archeological consultant determines that an archeological monitoring program shall be implemented the archeological monitoring program shall minimally include the following provisions:	Project Sponsor/ Archeological Consultant/ Archeological Monitor/	ERO and Archeological Consultant meet prior to commencement	Consultation with ERO on scope of AMP	Archaeological consultant and ERO	Considered complete on finding by ERO that AMP implemented.
• The archeological consultant, project sponsor, and ERO shall meet and consult on the scope of the AMP reasonably prior to any project-related soils disturbing activities commencing. The ERO in consultation with the archeological consultant shall determine what project activities shall be archeologically monitored. In most cases, any soils- disturbing activities, such as demolition, foundation removal, excavation, grading, utilities installation, foundation work, driving of piles (foundation, shoring, etc.), site remediation, etc., shall require archeological monitoring because of the risk these activities pose to potential archaeological resources and to their depositional context;	Contractor(s), at the direction of the ERO	of soil- disturbing activity. If ERO determines that an Archeological Monitoring Program is necessary, monitor throughout all soil-disturbing			
• The archeological consultant shall advise all project contractors to be on the alert for evidence of the presence of the expected resource(s), of how to identify the evidence of the expected resource(s), and of the appropriate protocol in the event of apparent discovery of an archeological resource;		activities.			
• The archeological monitor(s) shall be present on the project site according to a schedule agreed upon by the archeological consultant and the ERO until the ERO has, in consultation with project archeological consultant, determined that project construction activities could have no effects on significant archeological deposits;					

• The archeological monitor shall record and be authorized to

MONITOKING AND REPORTING PROGRAM				
Responsibility for Implementation	Mitigation Schedule	Mitigation Action	Monitoring/ Reporting Responsibility	Monitoring Schedule
	After determination by ERO that an archaeological data recovery program is required	Consultation with ERO on scope of ADRP	Archaeological consultant and ERO	Considered complete upon approval of ADRP by ERO.
	Implementation Archaeological consultant in consultation with	ImplementationScheduleArchaeological consultation with EROAfter determination by ERO that an archaeological data recovery program is	ImplementationScheduleActionArchaeological consultation with EROAfter determination by ERO that an archaeological data recovery program isConsultation with ERO and action	Responsibility for ImplementationMitigation ScheduleMitigation ActionResponsibilityArchaeological consultation with EROAfter determination by ERO that an archaeological data recovery program isConsultation with ADRPArchaeological consultant and ERO

				• •	Monitoring/	
	Adopted Mitigation Measures	Responsibility for Implementation	Mitigation Schedule	Mitigation Action	Reporting Responsibility	Monitoring Schedule
•	<i>Field Methods and Procedures.</i> Descriptions of proposed field strategies, procedures, and operations.					
•	<i>Cataloguing and Laboratory Analysis.</i> Description of selected cataloguing system and artifact analysis procedures.					
•	<i>Discard and Deaccession Policy</i> . Description of and rationale for field and post-field discard and deaccession policies.					
•	<i>Interpretive Program.</i> Consideration of an on-site/off-site public interpretive program during the course of the archeological data recovery program.					
•	<i>Security Measures</i> . Recommended security measures to protect the archeological resource from vandalism, looting, and non- intentionally damaging activities.					
•	<i>Final Report</i> . Description of proposed report format and distribution of results.					
•	<i>Curation.</i> Description of the procedures and recommendations for the curation of any recovered data having potential research value, identification of appropriate curation facilities, and a summary of the accession policies of the curation facilities.					
tree fun sha inco Co de rer He arco ha rea hu wi agg exo an	<i>uman Remains and Associated or Unassociated Funerary Objects.</i> The atment of human remains and of associated or unassociated herary objects discovered during any soils disturbing activity all comply with applicable State and Federal laws. This shall clude immediate notification of the Coroner of the City and bunty of San Francisco and in the event of the Coroner's termination that the human remains are Native American mains, notification of the California State Native American eritage Commission (NAHC) who shall appoint a Most Likely escendant (MLD) (Pub. Res. Code Sec. 5097.98). The cheological consultant, project sponsor, ERO, and MLD shall ve up to but not beyond six days of discovery to make all asonable efforts to develop an agreement for the treatment of man remains and associated or unassociated funerary objects th appropriate dignity (CEQA Guidelines. Sec. 15064.5(d)). The reement should take into consideration the appropriate cavation, removal, recordation, analysis, custodianship, curation, d final disposition of the human remains and associated or associated funerary objects. Nothing in existing State	Project Sponsor/Archeolo gical Consultant in consultation with the San Francisco Coroner, NAHC and MLD.	Discovery of human remains and/or funerary objects.	Notify San Francisco coroner. Implement regulatory requirements, if applicable, regarding discovery of Native American human remains and associated/ unassociated funerary objects.	Project sponsor, archaeologist and ERO	Considered complete on notification of the San Francisco County Coroner. and NAHC, if necessary

	MONITORING AND REPORTING PROGRAM				
Adopted Mitigation Measures	Responsibility for Implementation	Mitigation Schedule	Mitigation Action	Monitoring/ Reporting Responsibility	Monitoring Schedule
regulations or in this mitigation measure compels the project sponsor and the ERO to accept recommendations of an MLD. The archeological consultant shall retain possession of any Native American human remains and associated or unassociated burial objects until completion of any scientific analyses of the human remains or objects as specified in the treatment agreement if such as agreement has been made or, otherwise, as determined by the archeological consultant and the ERO.					
<i>Final Archeological Resources Report</i> . The archeological consultant shall submit a Draft Final Archeological Resources Report (FARR) to the ERO that evaluates the historical significance of any discovered archeological resource and describes the archeological and historical research methods employed in the archeological testing/monitoring/data recovery program(s) undertaken. Information that may put at risk any archeological resource shall be provided in a separate removable insert within the final report.	Project sponsor and archaeological consultant at the direction of the ERO	Completion of archeological data recovery, inventoring, analysis and interpretation.	Prepare and submit FARR.	Archaeological consultant and ERO	Considered complete on submittal of FARR.
Once approved by the ERO, copies of the FARR shall be distributed as follows: California Archaeological Site Survey Northwest Information Center (NWIC) shall receive one (1) copy and the ERO shall receive a copy of the transmittal of the FARR to the NWIC. The Environmental Planning division of the Planning Department shall receive one bound, one unbound and one unlocked, searchable PDF copy on CD of the FARR along with copies of any formal site recordation forms (CA DPR 523 series) and/or documentation for nomination to the National Register of Historic Places/California Register of Historical Resources. In instances of high public interest in or the high interpretive value of the resource, the ERO may require a different final report content, format, and distribution than that presented above.	Archeological Consultant at the direction of the ERO	Written certification submitted to ERO that required FARR distribution has been completed	Distribute FARR	Archaeological consultant and Environmental Review Officer (ERO)	Considered complete on distribution of FARR.
 Project Mitigation Measure 4 - General Construction Noise Control To ensure that project noise from construction activities is minimized to the maximum extent feasible, the sponsor of a subsequent development project shall undertake the following: The sponsor of a subsequent development project shall require the general contractor to ensure that equipment and trucks used for project construction use the best available noise control techniques (e.g., improved mufflers, equipment redesign, use of intake silencers, ducts, engine enclosures, and acoustically attenuating shields or shrouds, wherever feasible). 	Project sponsor and construction contractor.	<i>ion Measure M-N</i> Prior to issuance of a building permit and during construction activities.	IO-2a of the Weste	<i>rn SoMa PEIR)</i> The project sponsor shall prepare and submit monthly noise reports during construction	During construction activities.

	Monitoring/				
	Responsibility for	Mitigation	Mitigation	Reporting	Monitoring
Adopted Mitigation Measures	Implementation	Schedule	Action	Responsibility	Schedule
Adopted Mitigation Measures	Implementation	Scheudle	Action	Responsibility	Scheune

- The sponsor of a subsequent development project shall require the general contractor to locate stationary noise sources (such as compressors) as far from adjacent or nearby sensitive receptors as possible, to muffle such noise sources, and to construct barriers around such sources and/or the construction site, which could reduce construction noise by as much as 5 dBA. To further reduce noise, the contractor shall locate stationary equipment in pit areas or excavated areas, if feasible.
- The sponsor of a subsequent development project shall require the general contractor to use impact tools (e.g., jack hammers, pavement breakers, and rock drills) that are hydraulically or electrically powered wherever possible to avoid noise associated with compressed air exhaust from pneumatically powered tools. Where use of pneumatic tools is unavoidable, an exhaust muffler on the compressed air exhaust shall be used, along with external noise jackets on the tools, which could reduce noise levels by as much as 10 dBA.
- The sponsor of a subsequent development project shall include noise control requirements in specifications provided to construction contractors. Such requirements could include, but not be limited to: performing all work in a manner that minimizes noise to the extent feasible; undertaking the noisiest activities during times of least disturbance to surrounding residents and occupants, as feasible; and selecting haul routes that avoid residential buildings inasmuch as such routes are otherwise feasible.
- Prior to the issuance of each building permit, along with the submission of construction documents, the sponsor of a subsequent development project shall submit to the San Francisco Planning Department and Department of Building Inspection (DBI) a list of measures to respond to and track complaints pertaining to construction noise. These measures shall include: (1) a procedure and phone numbers for notifying DBI, the Department of Public Health, and the Police Department (during regular construction hours and off-hours); (2) a sign posted on-site describing noise complaint procedures and a complaint hotline number that shall be answered at all times during construction; (3) designation of an on-site construction complaint and enforcement manager for the

		MONITORING AND REPORTING PROGRAM					
	Adopted Mitigation Measures	Responsibility for Implementation	Mitigation Schedule	Mitigation Action	Monitoring/ Reporting Responsibility	Monitoring Schedule	
1]]]	project; and (4) notification of neighboring residents and non-residential building managers within 300 feet of the project construction area at least 30 days in advance of extreme noise-generating activities (defined as activities generating noise levels of 90 dBA or greater) about the estimated duration of the activity.						
Proje PEII	ect Mitigation Measure 5 – Construction Emissions Minimizati R).	ion Plan for Health	Risks and Haza	rds (Mitigation M	easure M-AQ-7 of th	e Western SoMa	
The j	project sponsor or the project sponsor's Contractor shall ply with the following:		Prior to construction	Submit certification statement	Project sponsor, contractor(s), and the ERO.	Considered complete upon submittal of certification statement.	
A.	Engine Requirements		activities requiring the				
1.	All off-road equipment greater than 25 hp and operating for more than 20 total hours over the entire duration of construction activities shall have engines that meet or exceed either U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) or California Air Resources Board (ARB) Tier 2 off-road emission standards, and have been retrofitted with an ARB Level 3 Verified Diesel Emissions Control Strategy. Equipment with engines meeting Tier 4 Interim or Tier 4 Final off-road emission standards automatically meet this requirement.		use of off-road equipment.				
2.	Where access to alternative sources of power are available, portable diesel engines shall be prohibited.						
3.	Diesel engines, whether for off-road or on-road equipment, shall not be left idling for more than two minutes, at any location, except as provided in exceptions to the applicable state regulations regarding idling for off-road and on-road equipment (e.g., traffic conditions, safe operating conditions). The Contractor shall post legible and visible signs in English, Spanish, and Chinese, in designated queuing areas and at the construction site to remind operators of the two minute idling limit.						
4.	The Contractor shall instruct construction workers and equipment operators on the maintenance and tuning of construction equipment, and require that such workers and operators properly maintain and tune equipment in accordance with manufacturer specifications.						

			MONITORING AND REPORTING PROGRAM				
	Adopted Mitigation	1 Measures	Responsibility for Implementation	Mitigation Schedule	Mitigation Action	Monitoring/ Reporting Responsibility	Monitoring Schedule
3. Waivers	s.						
designee (requireme power is li grants the documenta	ERO) may waive the nt of Subsection (A)(2 imited or infeasible at waiver, the Contracto ation that the equipm	vironmental Review Officer or alternative source of power) if an alternative source of the project site. If the ERO or must submit ent used for onsite power nts of Subsection (A)(1).					
2. The ERO may waive the equipment requirements of Subsection (A)(1) if: a particular piece of off-road equipment with an ARB Level 3 VDECS is technically not feasible; the equipment would not produce desired emissions reduction due to expected operating modes; installation of the equipment would create a safety hazard or impaired visibility for the operator; or, there is a compelling emergency need to use off-road equipment that is not retrofitted with an ARB Level 3 VDECS. If the ERO grants the waiver, the Contractor must use the next cleanest piece of off-road equipment, according to Table below.							
Compliance Alternative	Engine Emission Standard	ance Step-down Schedule Emissions Control					
1	Tier 2	ARB Level 2 VDECS					
	Tion 0						
2	Tier 2	ARB Level 1 VDECS					
3	Tier 2 Tier 2 able: If the ERO determin	Alternative Fuel*					

	Adopted Mitigation Measures	Responsibility for Implementation	Mitigation Schedule	Mitigation Action	Monitoring/ Reporting Responsibility	Monitoring Schedule
how 1.	v the Contractor will meet the requirements of Section A. The Plan shall include estimates of the construction timeline by phase, with a description of each piece of off-road equipment required for every construction phase. The description may include, but is not limited to: equipment type, equipment manufacturer, equipment identification number, engine model year, engine certification (Tier rating), horsepower, engine serial number, and expected fuel usage and hours of operation. For VDECS installed, the description may include: technology type, serial number, make, model, manufacturer, ARB verification number level, and installation date and hour meter reading on installation date. For off-road equipment using alternative fuels, the description shall also specify the type of alternative fuel being used.		Section 106A.3.2.6 of the Francisco Building Code.			is complete.
2.	The ERO shall ensure that all applicable requirements of the Plan have been incorporated into the contract specifications. The Plan shall include a certification statement that the Contractor agrees to comply fully with the Plan.					
3.	The Contractor shall make the Plan available to the public for review on-site during working hours. The Contractor shall post at the construction site a legible and visible sign summarizing the Plan. The sign shall also state that the public may ask to inspect the Plan for the project at any time during working hours and shall explain how to request to inspect the Plan. The Contractor shall post at least one copy of the sign in a visible location on each side of the construction site facing a public right-of-way.					
D. Monitoring. After start of Construction Activities, the Contractor shall submit quarterly reports to the ERO documenting compliance with the Plan. After completion of construction activities and prior to receiving a final certificate of occupancy, the project sponsor shall submit to the ERO a final report summarizing construction activities, including the start and end dates and duration of each construction phase, and the specific information required in the Plan.			Quarterly.	Submit quarterly reports.	Project sponsor/ contractor(s) and the ERO.	Considered complete on findings by ERO that Plan is being/was implemented.



SAN FRANCISCO PLANNING DEPARTMENT

Community Plan Exemption Checklist

Case No.:	2015-004085ENV
Project Address:	349 8th Street
Zoning:	WMUG (Western SoMa Mixed Use District – General)
	Western SoMa Special Use District
	55-X Height and Bulk District
Block/Lot:	3755/054, 065, 006
Lot Size:	10,325 square feet
Plan Area:	Western SoMa Community Area Plan
Project Sponsor:	Rodgers Street, LLC, (760) 214-8753
Staff Contact:	Alana Callagy, (415) 575-8734, <u>alana.callagy@sfgov.org</u>

1650 Mission St. Suite 400 San Francisco, CA 94103-2479

Reception: 415.558.6378

Fax:

415.558.6409 Planning

Information: 415.558.6377

PROJECT DESCRIPTION

The 10,325 square foot (sf) project site is located midblock between Folsom and Harrison streets and extends from Eighth Street to Rodgers Street. The site contains three parcels (349 Eighth Street and 54 and 60 Rodgers Street) used as a surface vehicular parking lot with a total of approximately 30 spaces. The site is located in Block 3755, bound by Folsom, Seventh, Harrison, and Eighth streets, in San Francisco's South of Market (SoMa) neighborhood and is within the Western SoMa Mixed Use (WMUG) Zoning District and the 55-X Height and Bulk District. **Figure 1** (page 2) shows the location of the project.

The 349 Eighth Street Project (proposed project) would merge three lots (054, 065, and 066) on Block 3755 and construct a new five-story, 55-foot tall (65 feet tall with rooftop structures), mixed-use residential building with 38 residential units (approximately 40,880 square feet (sf)) and approximately 1,240 sf of ground floor commercial space.

The residential lobby and commercial space of the proposed project would share a frontage on Eighth Street. In addition to the lobby and commercial space, the first floor (which includes a ground floor with a Mezzanine level) would contain seven one-bedroom units. The second through fourth floors of the proposed project would contain four one-bedroom and four two-bedroom units, each. The fifth floor would contain one studio, three one-bedroom, two two-bedroom, and one three-bedroom units.

The project proposes a 1,400-sf inner courtyard, a 770-sf outer courtyard fronting Rodgers Street, and a 1,000-sf skybridge connecting portions of the fifth floor. Three of the seven one-bedroom units on the first floor would have private patios facing the inner courtyard and another three units would have balconies over the outer courtyard. The project proposes balconies for four of the units on the second floor, with two balconies over the inner courtyard and two over the outer courtyard. The project proposes balconies for four of the units on the second floor, with two balconies over the inner courtyard and two over the outer courtyard. The project proposes balconies for two units on each of the third through fifth floors, with those balconies over the outer courtyard.





The project proposes 38 Class I bicycle parking spaces on the ground floor in the center of the building and two Class II bicycle parking spaces along both Eighth and Rodgers streets. The project would remove the existing curb cuts on Eighth and Rodgers streets. No vehicle parking, below-grade levels, garage/basement, or curb-cuts are proposed.

Construction of the proposed project would occur over approximately 16 to 18 months. Construction equipment to be used would include backhoes, excavators, and construction cranes. The entire project site would be excavated to a depth of approximately four feet to accommodate the foundation with additional depths of two to three feet beyond (total depths of six to seven feet) for soil improvement measures. The total amount of excavation for the project would be approximately 1,530 cubic yards (cy) of soil.

Figure 2 (page 4) shows the site plan for the proposed project, and **Figures 3** through 7 (pages 5 through 9) show the floor plans, building elevations, and building sections.

PROJECT APPROVAL

The proposed project would require the following approvals:

- Large Project Authorization (Planning Commission)
- **Building Permit** (Department of Building Inspection)

The proposed project is subject to Large Project Authorization from the Planning Commission, which is the Approval Action for the project. The Approval Action date establishes the start of the 30-day appeal period for this CEQA exemption determination pursuant to Section 31.04(h) of the San Francisco Administrative Code.

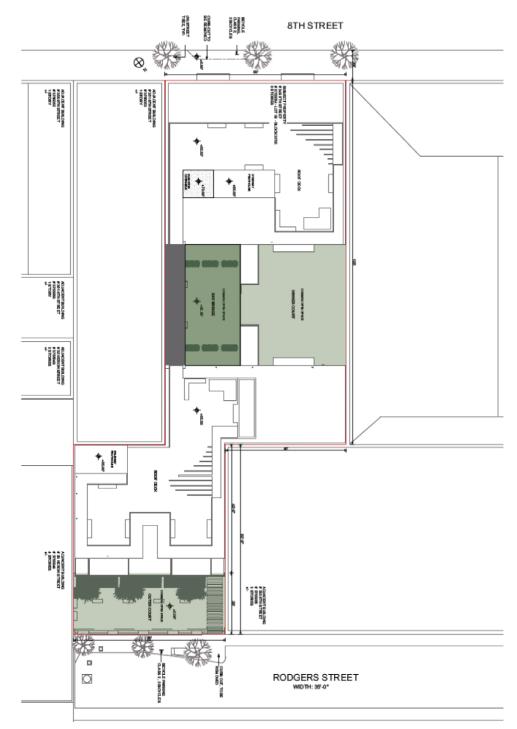


Figure 2. Proposed Site Plan and Rooftop Plan

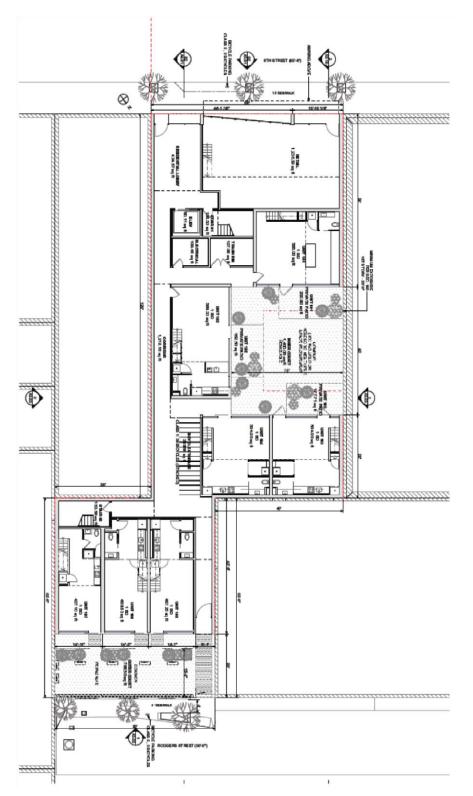


Figure 3. Proposed Ground Floor Plan

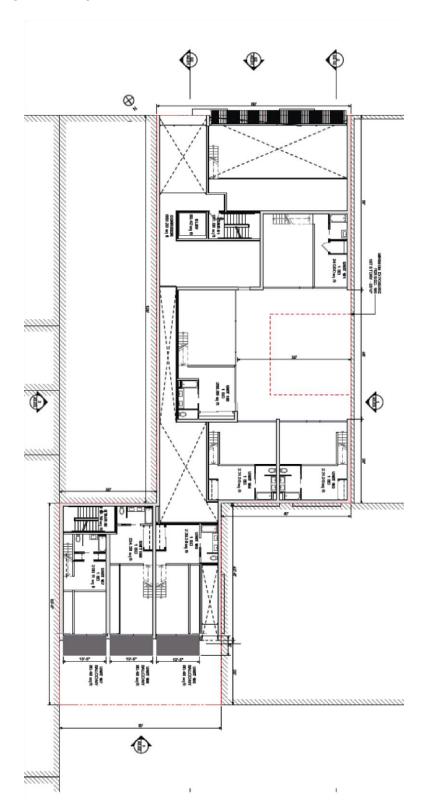


Figure 4. Proposed Mezzanine Floor Plan

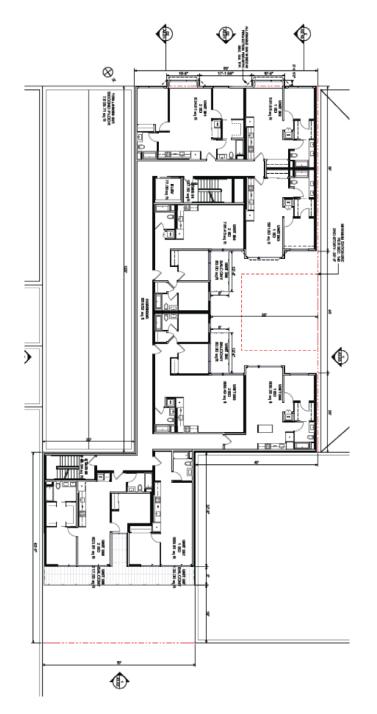
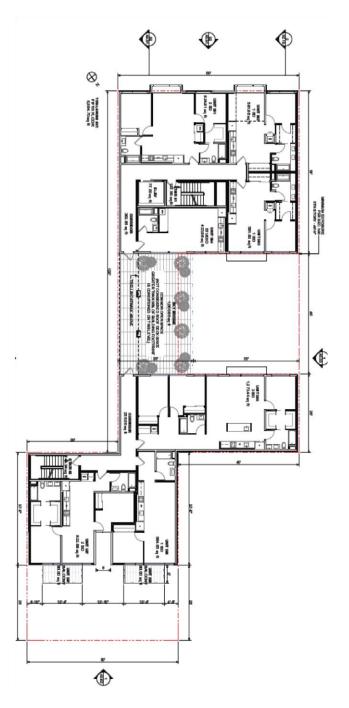


Figure 5. Proposed 2nd Through 4th Floor Plans

Figure 6. Proposed 5th Floor Plan



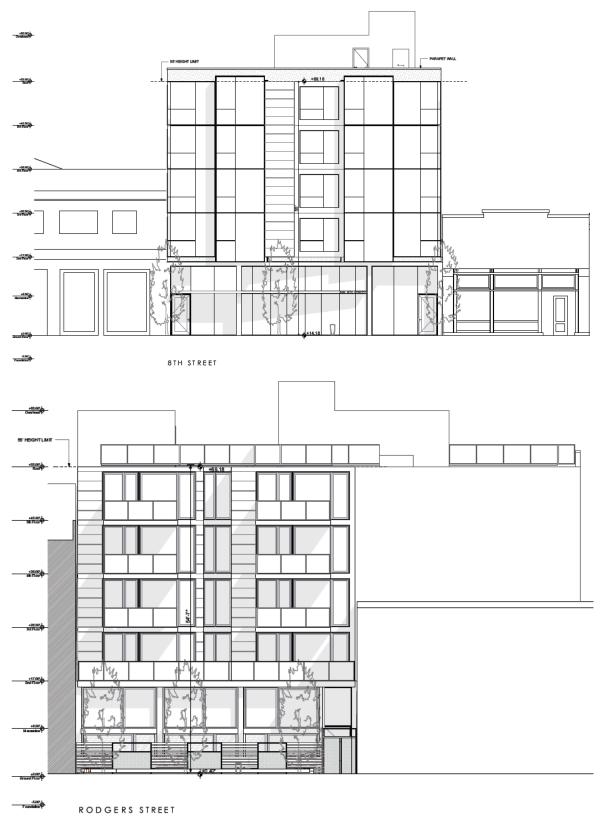


Figure 7. Eighth and Rodgers Streets Elevations

EVALUATION OF ENVIRONMENTAL EFFECTS

This Community Plan Exemption (CPE) Checklist evaluates whether the environmental impacts of the proposed project are addressed in the Programmatic Environmental Impact Report for the Western SoMa Community Plan, Rezoning of Adjacent Parcels, and 350 Eighth Street Project (Western SoMa PEIR).¹ The CPE Checklist indicates whether the proposed project would result in significant impacts that: (1) are peculiar to the project or project site; (2) were not identified as significant project-level, cumulative, or off-site effects in the PEIR; or (3) are previously identified significant effects, which as a result of substantial new information that was not known at the time that the Western SoMa PEIR was certified, are determined to have a more severe adverse impact than discussed in the PEIR. Such impacts, if any, will be evaluated in a project-specific Mitigated Negative Declaration or Environmental Impact Report. If no such topics are identified, the proposed project is exempt from further environmental review in accordance with Public Resources Code Section 21083.3 and CEQA Guidelines Section 15183.

Mitigation measures identified in the PEIR are discussed under each topic area, and measures that are applicable to the proposed project are listed at the end of this document.

CHANGES IN THE REGULATORY ENVIRONMENT

Since the certification of the Western SoMa PEIR in 2012, several new policies, regulations, statutes, and funding measures have been adopted, passed, or are underway that affect the physical environment and/or environmental review methodology for projects in the Western SoMa Plan Area. As discussed in each topic area referenced below, these policies, regulations, statutes, and funding measures have implemented or will implement mitigation measures or further reduce less-than-significant impacts identified in the PEIR:

- State statute regarding Aesthetics, Parking Impacts, effective January 2014, and state statute and Planning Commission resolution regarding automobile delay, and vehicle miles traveled, (VMT) effective March 2016 (see "Senate Bill 743" heading below);
- San Francisco Bicycle Plan update adoption in June 2009, Better Streets Plan adoption in 2010, Transit Effectiveness Project (aka "Muni Forward") adoption in March 2014, Vision Zero adoption by various City agencies in 2014, Proposition A and B passage in November 2014, the Transportation Sustainability Program² process, and state statute and Planning Commission resolution regarding automobile delay, and VMT effective March 2016 (see Checklist section "Transportation");
- San Francisco ordinance establishing Enhanced Ventilation Required for Urban Infill Sensitive Use Developments, Health Code Section 38 amended December 2014 (see "Air Quality" below);
- San Francisco Recreation and Open Space Element of the General Plan, adopted April 2014 (see "Recreation" below);
- San Francisco ordinance establishing Noise Regulations Related to Residential Uses Near Places of Entertainment effective June 2015 (see Checklist section "Noise");

¹ San Francisco Planning Department. 2012. Western SoMa Community Plan, Rezoning of Adjacent Parcels, and 350 Eighth Street Project Final Environmental Impact Report (PEIR). Planning Department Case Nos. 2008.0877E and 2007.1035E, State Clearinghouse No. 2009082031. Certified December 6, 2012. Available: http://www.sf-planning.org/index.aspx?page=1893>.

² San Francisco Planning Department. "Transportation Sustainability Program." Available: http://tsp.sfplanning.org>.

- San Francisco ordinance establishing Enhanced Ventilation Required for Urban Infill Sensitive Use Developments, amended December 2014 (see Checklist section "Air Quality"); and
- Article 22A of the Health Code amendments effective August 2013 (see Checklist section "Hazardous Materials").

SENATE BILL 743

Aesthetics and Parking

In accordance with CEQA Section 21099 – Modernization of Transportation Analysis for Transit Oriented Projects – aesthetics and parking shall not be considered in determining if a project has the potential to result in significant environmental effects, provided the project meets all of the following three criteria:

- a) The project is in a transit priority area;
- b) The project is on an infill site; and
- c) The project is residential, mixed-use residential, or an employment center.

The proposed project meets each of the above three criteria and thus, this checklist does not consider aesthetics or parking in determining the significance of project impacts under CEQA.³ Project elevations are included in the project description.

Automobile Delay and Vehicle Miles Traveled

In addition, CEQA Section 21099(b)(1) requires that the State Office of Planning and Research (OPR) develop revisions to the CEQA Guidelines establishing criteria for determining the significance of transportation impacts of projects that "promote the reduction of greenhouse gas emissions, the development of multimodal transportation networks, and a diversity of land uses." CEQA Section 21099(b)(2) states that upon certification of the revised guidelines for determining transportation impacts pursuant to Section 21099(b)(1), automobile delay, as described solely by level of service or similar measures of vehicular capacity or traffic congestion shall not be considered a significant impact on the environment under CEQA.

In January 2016, OPR published for public review and comment a <u>Revised Proposal on Updates to the CEQA</u> <u>Guidelines on Evaluating Transportation Impacts in CEQA</u>⁴ recommending that transportation impacts for projects be measured using a VMT metric. On March 3, 2016, in anticipation of the future certification of the revised CEQA Guidelines, the San Francisco Planning Commission adopted OPR's recommendation to use the VMT metric instead of automobile delay to evaluate the transportation impacts of projects (Resolution 19579). (Note: the VMT metric does not apply to the analysis of project impacts on nonautomobile modes of travel such as riding transit, walking, and bicycling.) Therefore, impacts and mitigation measures from the Western SoMa PEIR associated with automobile delay are not discussed in this checklist, including PEIR Mitigation Measure M-TR-1c: Traffic Signal Optimization (8th/Harrison/I-80 WB off-ramp). Instead, a VMT impact analysis is provided in the Transportation section.

³ San Francisco Planning Department. Eligibility Checklist: CEQA Section 21099 – Modernization of Transportation Analysis for 349 8th Street, August 29, 2016. This document (and all other documents cited in this report, unless otherwise noted), is available for review at the San Francisco Planning Department, 1650 Mission Street, Suite 400 as part of Case File No. 2015-004085ENV.

⁴ This document is available online at: <u>https://www.opr.ca.gov/s_sb743.php</u>.

Тор	vics:	Significant Impact Peculiar to Project or Project Site	Significant Impact not Identified in PEIR	Significant Impact due to Substantial New Information	No Significant Impact not Previously Identified in PEIR
1.	LAND USE AND LAND USE PLANNING—Would the project:				
a)	Physically divide an established community?				\boxtimes
b)	Conflict with any applicable land use plan, policy, or regulation of an agency with jurisdiction over the project (including, but not limited to the general plan, specific plan, local coastal program, or zoning ordinance) adopted for the purpose of avoiding or mitigating an environmental effect?				
c)	Have a substantial impact upon the existing character of the vicinity?				\boxtimes

The Western SoMa PEIR determined that adoption of the Western SoMa Community Plan would not result in a significant impact related to land use and would not result in a cumulative loss of production, distribution, and repair uses. The Western SoMa PEIR anticipated that future development under the Community Plan would result in more cohesive neighborhoods and would include more clearly defined residential, commercial, and industrial areas. No mitigation measures were identified in the PEIR.

When the rezoning occurred, the project site was rezoned from SLR (Service/Light-Industrial/Residential) to WMUG (Western SoMa Mixed Use District – General). As currently presented, the proposed project meets the development density for the project site as proposed under the Western SoMa Community Plan. The Citywide Planning and Neighborhood Planning Divisions of the Planning Department have determined that the proposed project is permitted in the WMUG Zoning District and is consistent with the height, density, and land uses as specified in the Western SoMa Community Plan, maintaining the mixed character of the area by encouraging residential and commercial development.^{5,6}

The project would not physically divide an established community, conflict with applicable land use regulations, or have a substantial impact upon the existing character of the vicinity. For these reasons, implementation of the proposed project would not result in significant impacts that were not identified in the Western SoMa PEIR related to land use and land use planning.

⁵ Adam Varat, Deputy Director of Citywide Planning, San Francisco Planning Department. 2016. Community Plan Exemption Eligibility Determination, Citywide Planning Analysis. 349 8th Street. July 25.

⁶ Jeff Joslin, Director of Current Planning. 2016. Community Plan Exemption Eligibility Determination, Current Planning Analysis. 349 8th Street. June 13.

Тор	vics:	Significant Impact Peculiar to Project or Project Site	Significant Impact not Identified in PEIR	Significant Impact due to Substantial New Information	No Significant Impact not Previously Identified in PEIR
2.	POPULATION AND HOUSING— Would the project:				
a)	Induce substantial population growth in an area, either directly (for example, by proposing new homes and businesses) or indirectly (for example, through extension of roads or other infrastructure)?				
b)	Displace substantial numbers of existing housing units or create demand for additional housing, necessitating the construction of replacement housing?				\boxtimes
c)	Displace substantial numbers of people, necessitating the construction of replacement housing elsewhere?				\boxtimes

One of the objectives of the Western SoMa Community Plan was to identify appropriate locations for housing to meet the Citywide demand for additional housing. The Western SoMa PEIR concluded that an increase in population in the Plan Area is expected to occur as a secondary effect of the rezoning and that any population increase would not, in itself, result in adverse physical effects, but would serve to advance key City policy objectives, such as providing housing in appropriate locations next to Downtown and other employment generators and furthering the City's Transit First policies. It was anticipated that the rezoning would result in an increase in both housing development and population in all of the Community Plan project area. The Western SoMa PEIR determined that the anticipated increase in population and density would not result in significant adverse physical effects on the environment. No mitigation measures were identified in the Western SoMa PEIR.

The project site currently contains no employees for the parking lot. The proposed mixed-use building would contain 38 dwelling units and 1,240 sf of ground-floor retail. These uses would be expected to add approximately 86 residents⁷ and approximately three employees⁸ to the site. These direct effects of the proposed project on population and housing are within the scope of the population growth anticipated under the Western SoMa Community Plan, and were evaluated in the Western SoMa PEIR.

For the above reasons, the proposed project would not result in significant impacts on population and housing that were not identified in the Western SoMa PEIR.

⁷ Based on an average household size of 2.26 persons per household in the City (2010 Census).

⁸ Based on a standard generation rate of 450 gsf of retail space per employee.

Тор	ics:	Significant Impact Peculiar to Project or Project Site	Significant Impact not Identified in PEIR	Significant Impact due to Substantial New Information	No Significant Impact not Previously Identified in PEIR
3.	CULTURAL AND PALEONTOLOGICAL RESOURCES—Would the project:				
a)	Cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of a historical resource as defined in §15064.5, including those resources listed in Article 10 or Article 11 of the San Francisco <i>Planning Code</i> ?				
b)	Cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of an archaeological resource pursuant to §15064.5?				\boxtimes
c)	Directly or indirectly destroy a unique paleontological resource or site or unique geologic feature?				\boxtimes
d)	Disturb any human remains, including those interred outside of formal cemeteries?				\boxtimes

Historic Architectural Resources

Pursuant to CEQA Guidelines Sections 15064.5(a)(1) and 15064.5(a)(2), historical resources are buildings or structures that are listed, or are eligible for listing, in the California Register of Historical Resources or are identified in a local register of historical resources, such as Articles 10 and 11 of the San Francisco Planning Code. The Western SoMa PEIR identified significant and unavoidable impacts related to causing a substantial adverse change in the significance of a historic resource through demolition.

The two parcels on-site bordering Rodgers Street (54 and 60 Rodgers Street/lots 65 and 66) are located within the Western SoMa Light Industrial and Residential Historic District; however, these two vacant lots on-site were found non-contributory to the district.⁹

The project site is currently a parking lot. Because no structures are present at the site, the mitigation measures outlined in the Western SoMa PEIR related to the demolition of historic resources would not be required.

The Western SoMa PEIR anticipated that project-specific construction activity could result in substantial damage to adjacent properties identified as historic resources. PEIR Mitigation Measures M-CP-7a (Protect Historical Resources from Adjacent Construction Activities) and M-CP-7b (Construction Monitoring Program for Historical Resources) require project sponsors, in consultation with the Planning Department, to determine whether historic buildings are within 100 feet (if pile driving is proposed) or 25 feet (if heavy equipment is proposed) of a construction site. If so, the project sponsor must ensure that contractors use all feasible means to avoid damage to those historic buildings during demolition and construction (PEIR Mitigation Measure M-CP-7a), and undertake a monitoring program to ensure that any such damage is documented and repaired (PEIR Mitigation Measure M-CP-7b). Pile driving would not be used for construction of the proposed project, but heavy equipment would be used for portions of

⁹ Western SoMa Light Industrial & Residential Historic District Department of Parks and Recreation Form 523L (2009), available at <u>http://www.sf-planning.org/ftp/files/gis/SouthSoMa/Docs/DPR523D-WesternSOMALightResidential.pdf</u>.

the construction. Of the two buildings immediately south of the project site, 351 Eighth Street is designated as a Category C – No Historic Resource Present/Not Age Eligible, and 20 Heron Street is designated as a Category A – Historic Resource Present. 20 Heron Street is within 25 feet of construction for the proposed project. The building immediately north and east of the project site (301, 333, and 335 Eighth, 1197 Folsom, and 6 Rodgers streets) is designated as a Category A – Historic Resource Present and is within 25 feet of construction for the proposed project. Accordingly and pursuant to PEIR Mitigation Measure M-CP-7a and PEIR Mitigation Measure M-CP-7b (identified in more detail as **Project Mitigation Measures 1** and **2** under Mitigation Measures at the end of this checklist), the project sponsor shall:

- 1. Incorporate into construction specifications a requirement that contractors use all feasible means to avoid damage to the nearby structures at 20 Heron; 301, 333, and 335 Eighth; 1197 Folsom; and 6 Rodgers streets; including use of construction techniques that reduce vibration, use of appropriate excavation shoring methods, and use of adequate security to minimize risks of vandalism and fire; and
- 2. Prepare and implement a monitoring program to minimize damage to adjacent historic buildings and to ensure that any such damage is documented and repaired.

With implementation of PEIR Mitigation Measures M-CP-7a and M-CP-7b (identified in this document as **Project Mitigation Measures 1** and **2**, respectively, on page 40), the proposed project would require implementation of protection methods and a monitoring program during construction in order to reduce these impacts to a less-than-significant level.

For these reasons, the proposed project would not result in significant impacts on historic architectural resources that were not identified in the Western SoMa Community Plan PEIR.

Archeological Resources

The Western SoMa PEIR determined that implementation of the Community Plan could result in significant impacts on archeological resources and identified two mitigation measures that would reduce these potential impacts to a less than-significant level. Western SoMa PEIR Mitigation Measures M-CP-4a: Project-Specific Preliminary Archeological Assessment and M-CP-4b: Procedures for Accidental Discovery of Archeological Resources apply to projects involving any soils-disturbing or soils-improving activities including excavation to a depth of five or more feet below grade.

Excavation to a depth of four feet would occur for foundations with additional depths of two to three feet beyond the foundation (total depths of six to seven feet) for soil improvement measures for the proposed project. Therefore, PEIR Mitigation Measure M-CP-4a would apply to the project. The archeological testing program required as part of PEIR Mitigation Measure M-CP-4a, as discussed below, would nullify the need for an accidental discovery program; therefore, PEIR Mitigation Measure M-CP-4b would not apply to the project.

As part of project implementation of PEIR Mitigation Measure M-CP-4a, the Planning Department's archeologists conducted a Preliminary Archeology Review (PAR) of the project site and the proposed project.¹⁰ The PAR determined that the potential of the project to adversely affect archeological resources

¹⁰ San Francisco Planning Department. 2016. Archeological Review. April 14, 2016.

would be avoided by implementation of the Planning Department's Third Standard Archeological Mitigation Measure (Archeological Testing). Therefore, in accordance with PEIR Mitigation Measure M-CP-4a (**Project Mitigation Measure 3** on page 41), the project sponsor would be required to retain the services of an archaeological consultant from the rotational Department Qualified Archaeological Consultants List maintained by the Planning Department archaeologists, and the selected archeological consultant would be required to undertake an archeological testing program as specified in **Project Mitigation Measure 3** on page 41. The project would not result in significant impacts related to archeological resources with implementation of this mitigation measure.

For the reasons above, the proposed project would not result in significant impacts on cultural resources that were not identified in the Western SoMa PEIR.

Тор	ics:	Significant Impact Peculiar to Project or Project Site	Significant Impact not Identified in PEIR	Significant Impact due to Substantial New Information	No Significant Impact not Previously Identified in PEIR
4.	TRANSPORTATION AND CIRCULATION—Would the project:				
a)	Conflict with an applicable plan, ordinance or policy establishing measures of effectiveness for the performance of the circulation system, taking into account all modes of transportation including mass transit and non-motorized travel and relevant components of the circulation system, including but not limited to intersections, streets, highways and freeways, pedestrian and bicycle paths, and mass transit?				
b)	Conflict with an applicable congestion management program, including but not limited to level of service standards and travel demand measures, or other standards established by the county congestion management agency for designated roads or highways?				
c)	Result in a change in air traffic patterns, including either an increase in traffic levels, obstructions to flight, or a change in location, that results in substantial safety risks?				\boxtimes
d)	Substantially increase hazards due to a design feature (e.g., sharp curves or dangerous intersections) or incompatible uses?				\boxtimes
e)	Result in inadequate emergency access?				\boxtimes
f)	Conflict with adopted policies, plans, or programs regarding public transit, bicycle, or pedestrian facilities, or otherwise decrease the performance or safety of such facilities?				\boxtimes

The Western SoMa PEIR anticipated that growth resulting from the zoning changes would not result in significant impacts related to pedestrians, bicyclists, emergency access, or construction. Because the proposed project is within the development projected under the Western SoMa Community Plan, there would be no additional impacts on pedestrians, bicyclists, emergency access, or construction beyond those analyzed in the Western SoMa PEIR. Transportation system improvements included as part of the

Western SoMa Plan were identified to have significant impacts related to loading, but the impact was reduced to less than significant with mitigation. However, the impact related to removal of on-street loading spaces along Folsom Street and mitigation was applicable if yellow commercial vehicle freight loading spaces are removed. The proposed project site does not contain yellow commercial vehicle freight loading spaces and, therefore, the mitigation measure is not applicable.

There are no impacts particular to the project or the project site. Accordingly, consistent with the Western SoMa PEIR, the proposed project would not conflict with any applicable transportation plans, ordinances, policies, or programs.

The Western SoMa PEIR anticipated that adoption of the Western SoMa Community Plan could result in significant impacts on traffic, transit, and loading, and identified four transportation mitigation measures. One mitigation measure reduced loading impacts to less than significant. Even with mitigation, however, it was anticipated that the significant adverse traffic impacts and the cumulative impacts on transit lines could not be fully mitigated. Thus, these impacts were found to be significant and unavoidable.

As discussed above under "SB 743," in response to state legislation that called for removing automobile delay from CEQA analysis, the Planning Commission adopted Resolution 19579 replacing automobile delay with a VMT metric for analyzing transportation impacts of a project. Therefore, impacts and mitigation measures from the Western SoMa PEIR associated with automobile delay are not discussed in this checklist.

The Western SoMa PEIR did not evaluate VMT or the potential for induced automobile travel. The VMT Analysis presented below evaluates the project's transportation effects using the VMT metric.

The project site is not located within an airport land use plan area, or in the vicinity of a private airstrip. Therefore, the Community Plan Exemption Checklist topic 4c is not applicable.

Vehicle Miles Traveled Analysis

Many factors affect travel behavior. These factors include density, diversity of land uses, design of the transportation network, access to regional destinations, distance to high-quality transit, development scale, demographics, and transportation demand management. Typically, low-density development at great distance from other land uses, located in areas with poor access to non-private vehicular modes of travel, generate more automobile travel compared to development located in urban areas, where a higher density, mix of land uses, and travel options other than private vehicles are available.

Given these travel behavior factors, San Francisco has a lower VMT ratio than the nine-county San Francisco Bay Area region. In addition, some areas of the City have lower VMT ratios than other areas of the City. These areas of the City can be expressed geographically through transportation analysis zones. Transportation analysis zones are used in transportation planning models for transportation analysis and other planning purposes. The zones vary in size from single city blocks in the downtown core, multiple blocks in outer neighborhoods, to even larger zones in historically industrial areas like the Hunters Point Shipyard.

The San Francisco County Transportation Authority (Transportation Authority) uses the San Francisco Chained Activity Model Process (SF-CHAMP) to estimate VMT by private automobiles and taxis for different land use types. Travel behavior in SF-CHAMP is calibrated based on observed behavior from the California Household Travel Survey 2010-2012, Census data regarding automobile ownership rates and county-to-county worker flows, and observed vehicle counts and transit boardings. SF-CHAMP uses a synthetic population, which is a set of individual actors that represents the Bay Area's actual

population, who make simulated travel decisions for a complete day. The Transportation Authority uses tour-based analysis for office and residential uses, which examines the entire chain of trips over the course of a day, not just trips to and from the project. For retail uses, the Transportation Authority uses trip-based analysis, which counts VMT from individual trips to and from the project (as opposed to entire chain of trips). A trip-based approach, as opposed to a tour-based approach, is necessary for retail projects because a tour is likely to consist of trips stopping in multiple locations, and the summarizing of tour VMT to each location would over-estimate VMT.^{11,12}

For residential development, the existing regional average daily VMT per capita is 17.2.¹³ For office development, regional average daily work-related VMT per employee is 19.1. For retail development, regional average daily retail VMT per employee is 14.9.¹⁴ Average daily VMT for those two land uses is projected to decrease in future 2040 cumulative conditions. Refer to Table 1: Daily Vehicle Miles Traveled, which includes the transportation analysis zone in which the project site is located, 629.

		Existing		Cumulative 2040		
Land Use	Bay Area Regional Average	Bay Area Regional Average minus 15%	TAZ 629	Bay Area Regional Average	Bay Area Regional Average minus 15%	TAZ 629
Households (Residential)	17.2	14.6	2.1	16.1	13.7	1.8
Employment (Retail)	14.9	12.6	9.0	14.6	12.4	8.7

Table 1 Daily Vehicle Miles Traveled

A project would have a significant effect on the environment if it would cause substantial additional VMT. The State Office of Planning and Research's *Revised Proposal on Updates to the CEQA Guidelines on Evaluating Transportation Impacts in CEQA* ("proposed transportation impact guidelines") recommends screening criteria to identify types, characteristics, or locations of projects that would not result in significant impacts to VMT. If a project meets one of the three screening criteria provided (Map-Based Screening, Small Projects, and Proximity to Transit Stations), then it is presumed that VMT impacts would be less than significant for the project and a detailed VMT analysis is not required. Map-Based Screening is used to determine if a project site is located within a transportation analysis zone that exhibits low levels of VMT; Small Projects are projects that would generate fewer than 100 vehicle trips

¹¹ To state another way: a tour-based assessment of VMT at a retail site would consider the VMT for all trips in the tour, for any tour with a stop at the retail site. If a single tour stops at two retail locations, for example, a coffee shop on the way to work and a restaurant on the way back home, then both retail locations would be allotted the total tour VMT. A trip-based approach allows us to apportion all retail-related VMT to retail sites without double-counting.

¹² San Francisco Planning Department, Executive Summary: Resolution Modifying Transportation Impact Analysis, Appendix F, Attachment A, March 3, 2016.

¹³ Includes the VMT generated by the households in the development.

¹⁴ Retail travel is not explicitly captured in SF-CHAMP, rather, there is a generic "Other" purpose which includes retail shopping, medical appointments, visiting friends or family, and all other non-work, non-school tours. The retail efficiency metric captures all of the "Other" purpose travel generated by Bay Area households. The denominator of employment (including retail; cultural, institutional, and educational; and medical employment; school enrollment, and number of households) represents the size, or attraction, of the zone for this type of "Other" purpose travel.

per day; and the Proximity to Transit Stations criterion includes projects that are within a half mile of an existing major transit stop, have a floor area ratio of greater than or equal to 0.75, vehicle parking that is less than or equal to that required or allowed by the Planning Code without conditional use authorization, and are consistent with the applicable Sustainable Communities Strategy.

Table 1 identifies the regional VMT, 15 percent below the regional average VMT, and the VMT in the transportation analysis zone (TAZ) in which the project site is located (629). In TAZ 629, the existing average daily household VMT per capita is 2.1 and the existing average daily retail employee VMT per capita is 9.0. The TAZ 629 VMT averages are more than 15 percent below the existing regional VMT averages of 17.2 and 14.9, respectively, and the proposed project would not result in substantial additional VMT. ¹⁵ Table 1 also identifies the future 2040 regional average VMT, 15 percent below the regional average VMT, and the VMT in the TAZ in which the project is located. In TAZ 629, the future 2040 average daily household VMT per capita is 1.8 and the future 2040 average daily retail employee VMT per capita is 8.7. These averages are more than 15 percent below the future 2040 regional VMT averages of 16.1 and 14.6, respectively, and the proposed project would not result in substantial additional VMT.¹⁶ Therefore, the proposed project would not cause substantial additional VMT and impacts would be less than significant.

Trip Generation

The proposed project involves construction of a 40,880-sf mixed-use building containing 38 dwelling units and 1,240 sf of ground-floor retail. The proposed residential units would be comprised of one studio, 22 one-bedroom, 14 two-bedroom, and one three-bedroom units over the five floors. The project would provide Class I bicycle parking on the ground floor in the center of the building and Class II bicycle parking along both Eighth and Rodgers streets.

Localized trip generation of the proposed project was calculated using a trip-based analysis and information in the 2002 Transportation Impacts Analysis Guidelines for Environmental Review (SF Guidelines) developed by the San Francisco Planning Department.¹⁷ The proposed project would generate an estimated 509 person trips (inbound and outbound) on a weekday daily basis, consisting of 168 person trips by auto, 120 transit trips, 166 walk trips, and 55 trips by other modes. During the p.m. peak hour, the proposed project would generate an estimated 73 person trips, consisting of 23 person trips by auto (125 vehicle trips accounting for vehicle occupancy data for this Census Tract), 18 transit trips, 23 walk trips, and 8 trips by other modes. It should be noted, it is possible that the proposed project would generate fewer daily and p.m. peak-hour vehicle trips at the project site than the existing surface parking lot for 30 vehicles, given the proposed project is not providing any off-street parking.

Transit

PEIR Mitigation Measure M-C-TR-2: Impose Development Impact Fees to Offset Transit Impacts was adopted to address significant transit impacts. Subsequently, as part of the Transportation Sustainability Program the San Francisco Board of Supervisors approved amendments to the San Francisco Planning Code, referred to as the Transportation Sustainability Fee (Ordinance 200-154, effective December 25,

¹⁵ San Francisco Planning Department, Eligibility Checklist for CEQA Section 21099: Modernization of Transportation Analysis, 349 8th Street, August 31, 2016.

¹⁶ Ibid.

¹⁷ San Francisco Planning Department, Transportation Calculations for 349 8th Street, August 31, 2016.

2015).¹⁸ The Transportation Sustainability Fee updated, expanded, and replaced the prior Transit Impact Development Fee. The proposed project would be subject to the Transportation Sustainability Fee.

The SFMTA is implementing the Transit Effectiveness Project (TEP), which was approved by the San Francisco Municipal Transportation Agency (SFMTA) Board of Directors in March 2014. The TEP (now called Muni Forward) involved system-wide review and evaluation, and made recommendations to improve service and increase transportation efficiency. Service improvements have been made along several routes with the Western SoMa Plan Area, including the 8-AX, 8-BX, 14, 14R, 19, 27, and 47 transit lines.

San Francisco Transportation and Road Improvement Bond, Proposition A, approved in November 2014, authorized the city to borrow \$500 million through issuing general obligation bonds in order to meet transportation infrastructure needs of the city. The projects to be funded include Muni Forward projects; pedestrian, bicycle, and vehicle, safety programs; transit vehicle maintenance. San Francisco Adjusting Transportation Funding for Population Growth, Proposition B, also approved in November 2014, increases the base contribution to SFMTA by a percentage equal to the city's annual population increase.

The project site is located within a quarter mile of several local transit lines including San Francisco Municipal Railway (Muni) lines 12-Folsom/Pacific, 19-Polk, 27-Bryant, and 47-Van Ness bus lines. The proposed project would be expected to generate 120 daily transit trips, including 18 during the p.m. peak hour. Given the wide availability of nearby transit, the addition of 18 p.m. peak hour transit trips would be accommodated by existing capacity. As such, the proposed project would not result in unacceptable levels of transit service or cause a substantial increase in delays or operating costs such that significant adverse impacts in transit service could result.

The Western SoMa Community Plan PEIR identified less-than-significant impacts relating to exceedance of the capacity utilization standards for Muni lines or regional transit providers, or a substantial increase in delays or operating costs. However, the Western SoMa Community Plan PEIR identified significant cumulative (2030) transit impacts for the "Other Lines" corridor, which includes the J-Church, 10-Townsend, 12–Folsom/Pacific, 19-Polk, and 27-Bryant routes within the Southeast Screenline related to additional programmatic growth. The Western SoMa PEIR identified PEIR Mitigation Measure M-C-TR-2 to impose development impact fees. Even with this mitigation, however, the cumulative transit impact of the Western SoMa Plan Area development was found to be significant and unavoidable and a Statement of Overriding Considerations related to this impact was adopted as part of the PEIR Certification and Plan approval. The proposed project's 18 p.m. peak hour transit trips would represent a less than one percent contribution to both the "Other Lines" corridor and the Southeast Screenline. As such, the proposed project would not make a cumulatively considerable contribution to the unacceptable levels of cumulative transit service identified in the Western SoMa PEIR. PEIR Mitigation Measure M-C-TR-2 is, therefore, not applicable to the proposed project. However, as discussed above, the proposed project would be subject to the Transportation Sustainability Fee.

Conclusion

For the above reasons, the proposed project would not result in significant impacts that were not identified in the Western SoMa Community Plan PEIR related to transportation and circulation and

¹⁸ Two additional files were created at the Board of Supervisors for TSF regarding hospitals and health services, grandfathering, and additional fees for larger projects: see Board file nos. 151121 and 151257.

would not contribute considerably to cumulative transportation and circulation impacts that were identified in the Western SoMa PEIR. No mitigation would be warranted.

Тор	ics:	Significant Impact Peculiar to Project or Project Site	Significant Impact not Identified in PEIR	Significant Impact due to Substantial New Information	No Significant Impact not Previously Identified in PEIR
5.	NOISE—Would the project:				
a)	Result in exposure of persons to or generation of noise levels in excess of standards established in the local general plan or noise ordinance, or applicable standards of other agencies?				\boxtimes
b)	Result in exposure of persons to or generation of excessive groundborne vibration or groundborne noise levels?				\boxtimes
c)	Result in a substantial permanent increase in ambient noise levels in the project vicinity above levels existing without the project?				\boxtimes
d)	Result in a substantial temporary or periodic increase in ambient noise levels in the project vicinity above levels existing without the project?				\boxtimes
e)	For a project located within an airport land use plan area, or, where such a plan has not been adopted, in an area within two miles of a public airport or public use airport, would the project expose people residing or working in the area to excessive noise levels?				
f)	For a project located in the vicinity of a private airstrip, would the project expose people residing or working in the project area to excessive noise levels?				\boxtimes
g)	Be substantially affected by existing noise levels?				\boxtimes

The Western SoMa PEIR determined that implementation of the Western Soma Area Plan would result in significant noise impacts during construction activities and due to conflicts between noise-sensitive uses in proximity to traffic-generated noise levels along major streets throughout the plan area. The Western SoMa PEIR identified six noise mitigation measures, three of which may be applicable to subsequent development projects.¹⁹ These mitigation measures would reduce noise impacts from construction and noisy land uses to less-than-significant levels.

¹⁹ Western SoMa PEIR Mitigation Measures M-NO-1a, M-NO-1b, and M-NO-1d address the siting of sensitive land uses in noisy environments. In a decision issued on December 17, 2015, the California Supreme Court held that CEQA does not generally require an agency to consider the effects of existing environmental conditions on a proposed project's future users or residents except where a project or its residents may exacerbate existing environmental hazards (*California Building Industry Association v. Bay Area Air Quality Management District*, December 17, 2015, Case No. S213478. Available at:

<http://www.courts.ca.gov/opinions/documents/S213478.PDF>). As noted above, the Western SoMa PEIR determined that incremental increases in traffic-related noise attributable to implementation of the Western SoMa Area Plan would be less than significant, and thus would not exacerbate the existing noise environment. Therefore, Western SoMa PEIR Mitigation Measures M-NO-1a, M-NO-1b, and M-NO-1d are not applicable. Nonetheless, for all noise sensitive uses, the general requirements for adequate interior noise levels of PEIR Mitigation Measures M-NO-1a, M-NO-1b are met by compliance with the acoustical standards required under the California Building Standards Code (California Code of Regulations Title 24).

The proposed project would be subject to the following interior noise standards, which are described for informational purposes. The California Building Standards Code (Title 24) establishes uniform noise insulation standards. The Title 24 acoustical requirement for residential structures is incorporated into Section 1207 of the San Francisco Building Code and requires these structures be designed to prevent the intrusion of exterior noise so that the noise level with windows closed, attributable to exterior sources, shall not exceed 45 dBA in any habitable room. Title 24 allows the project sponsor to choose between a prescriptive or performance-based acoustical requirement for non-residential uses. Both compliance methods require wall, floor/ceiling, and window assemblies to meet certain sound transmission class or outdoor-indoor sound transmission class ratings to ensure that adequate interior noise standards are achieved. In compliance with Title 24, the San Francisco Department of Building Inspection (DBI) would review the final building plans to ensure that the building wall, floor/ceiling, and window assemblies meet Title 24 acoustical requirements. If determined necessary by DBI, a detailed acoustical analysis of the exterior wall and window assemblies may be required.

Construction Noise

PEIR Mitigation Measures M-NO-2a: General Construction Noise Control Measures and M-NO-2b: Noise Control Measures during Pile Driving require implementation of noise controls during construction in order to reduce construction-related noise impacts. The proposed project would involve construction of a five-story mixed-use building and, therefore, would contribute to construction-related noise impacts. The project would be subject to PEIR Mitigation Measure M-NO-2a—detailed under **Project Mitigation Measure 4** on page 44—in order to reduce these impacts to a less-than-significant level. The project would not include pile driving; therefore, PEIR Mitigation Measure M-NO-2b would not apply to the proposed project.

In addition, all construction activities for the proposed project (occurring over the course of approximately 16 to 18 months) would be subject to and would comply with the San Francisco Noise Ordinance (Article 29 of the San Francisco Police Code) (Noise Ordinance). The Noise Ordinance requires that construction work be conducted in the following manner: (1) noise levels of construction equipment, other than impact tools, must not exceed 80 dBA²⁰ (L_{dn})²¹ at a distance of 100 feet from the source (the equipment generating the noise); (2) impact tools must have intake and exhaust mufflers that are approved by the Director of Public Works or the Director of DBI to best accomplish maximum noise reduction; and (3) if the noise from the construction work would exceed the ambient noise levels at the site property line by 5 dBA, the work must not be conducted between 8:00 p.m. and 7:00 a.m. unless the Director of Public Works authorizes a special permit for conducting the work during that period.

DBI is responsible for enforcing the Noise Ordinance for private construction projects during normal business hours (8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m.). The Police Department is responsible for enforcing the Noise Ordinance during all other hours. Nonetheless, during the construction period for the proposed project, occupants of the nearby properties could be disturbed by construction noise. Times may occur when noise could interfere with indoor activities in nearby residences and other businesses near the project site

²⁰ The dBA, or A-weighted decibel, refers to a scale of noise measurement that approximates the range of sensitivity of the human ear to sounds of different frequencies. On this scale, the normal range of human hearing extends from about 0 dBA to about 140 dBA. A 10-dBA increase in the level of a continuous noise represents a perceived doubling of loudness.

²¹ The L_{dn} is the L_{eq}, or Energy Equivalent Level, of the A-weighted noise level over a 24-hour period with a 10 dB penalty applied to noise levels between 10:00 p.m. to 7:00 a.m. The L_{eq} is the level of a steady noise which would have the same energy as the fluctuating noise level integrated over the time period of interest.

and may be considered an annoyance by occupants of nearby properties. The increase in noise in the project area during project construction would not be considered a significant impact of the proposed project, because the construction noise would be temporary (approximately 16 to 18 months), intermittent, and restricted in occurrence and level, because the contractor would be subject to and would comply with the Noise Ordinance. Compliance with the Noise Ordinance would further reduce any construction-related noise effects on nearby residences.

Operational Noise

Western SoMa PEIR Mitigation Measure M-NO-1c: Siting of Noise-Generating Uses requires a noise analysis for new development including commercial, industrial, or other uses that would be expected to generate noise levels in excess of ambient noise in the project vicinity in order to reduce potential conflicts between existing sensitive receptors and new noise-generating uses. The proposed project includes retail use on the ground floor that could be considered a noise-generating use, depending on the ultimate occupant/tenant of the space. However, the proposed retail use would comply with the land use noise compatibility requirements in the San Francisco General Plan and Police Code Section 2909, would not adversely affect nearby noise-sensitive uses, and there would be no particular circumstances about the project site that appear to warrant heightened concern about noise levels that would be generated by the proposed retail use. Therefore, PEIR Mitigation Measure M-NO-1c would not apply to the proposed project.

Additionally, the proposed project is located within 300 feet of a place of entertainment (Driftwood at 1225 Folsom Street and Cat Club at 1190 Folsom Street) and would be subject to the Noise Regulations Relating to Residential Uses Near Places of Entertainment (Ordinance 70-15, effective June 19, 2015). The intent of these regulations is to address noise conflicts between residential uses in noise critical areas, such as in proximity to highways and other high-volume roadways, railroads, rapid transit lines, airports, nighttime entertainment venues or industrial areas. In accordance with the adopted regulations, residential structures to be located where the day-night average sound level (Ldn) or community noise equivalent level (CNEL) exceeds 60 decibels shall require an acoustical analysis with the application of a building permit showing that the proposed design would limit exterior noise to 45 decibels in any habitable room. Furthermore, the regulations require the Planning Department and Planning Commission to consider the compatibility of uses when approving residential uses adjacent to or near existing permitted places of entertainment and take all reasonably available means through the City's design review and approval processes to ensure that the design of new residential development projects take into account the needs and interests of both the places of entertainment and the future residents of the new development.

The project site is not located within an airport land use plan area, within two miles of a public airport, or in the vicinity of a private airstrip. Therefore, the Community Plan Exemption Checklist topics 5e and 5f are not applicable.

For the above reasons, the proposed project would not result in significant noise impacts that were not identified in the Western SoMa PEIR.

Тор	pics:	Significant Impact Peculiar to Project or Project Site	Significant Impact not Identified in PEIR	Significant Impact due to Substantial New Information	No Significant Impact not Previously Identified in PEIR
6.	AIR QUALITY—Would the project:				
a)	Conflict with or obstruct implementation of the applicable air quality plan?				\boxtimes
b)	Violate any air quality standard or contribute substantially to an existing or projected air quality violation?				\boxtimes
c)	Result in a cumulatively considerable net increase of any criteria pollutant for which the project region is non-attainment under an applicable federal, state, or regional ambient air quality standard (including releasing emissions which exceed quantitative thresholds for ozone precursors)?				
d)	Expose sensitive receptors to substantial pollutant concentrations?				\boxtimes
e)	Create objectionable odors affecting a substantial number of people?				\boxtimes

The Western SoMa PEIR identified significant and unavoidable impacts related to violation of an air quality standard, uses that emit Diesel Particulate Matter (DPM), and construction emissions. The Western SoMa PEIR identified five mitigation measures that would help reduce air quality impacts; however, they would not be able to reduce these impacts to a less-than-significant level.

Construction Fugitive Dust

To reduce construction dust impacts, the San Francisco Board of Supervisors approved a series of amendments to the San Francisco Building and Health Codes, generally referred to as the Construction Dust Control Ordinance (Ordinance 176-08, effective July 30, 2008). The intent of the Construction Dust Control Ordinance is to reduce the quantity of fugitive dust generated during site preparation, demolition, and construction work in order to protect the health of the general public and of on-site workers, minimize public nuisance complaints, and avoid orders to stop work by DBI. Project-related construction activities would result in construction dust, primarily from ground-disturbing activities. The proposed project would disturb less than a half of an acre. Therefore, in compliance with the Construction Dust Control Ordinance, the project sponsor and contractor responsible for construction activities at the project site would be required to control construction dust on the site through a combination of watering disturbed areas, covering stockpiled materials, street and sidewalk sweeping, and other measures. Compliance with the regulations and procedures set forth by the San Francisco Dust Control Ordinance would ensure that construction dust impacts would not be significant.

Construction and Operational Criteria Air Pollutants

The Bay Area Air Quality Management District's (BAAQMD) CEQA Air Quality Guidelines (Air Quality Guidelines)²² provide screening criteria for determining whether a project's criteria air pollutant emissions would violate an air quality standard, contribute to an existing or projected air quality violation, or result in a cumulatively considerable net increase in criteria air pollutants. Pursuant to the

²² Bay Area Air Quality Management District. CEQA Air Quality Guidelines. Updated May 2011.

Air Quality Guidelines, projects that meet the screening criteria do not have a significant impact related to criteria air pollutants. Because 38 dwelling units and 1,240 sf of retail space are proposed, criteria air pollutant emissions during construction and operation of the proposed project would be below the Air Quality Guidelines screening criteria. Therefore, the project would not have a significant impact related to criteria air pollutants, and a detailed air quality assessment is not required.

PEIR Mitigation Measure M-AQ-2: Transportation Demand Management Strategies for Future Development Projects is required for projects generating more than 3,500 vehicle trips resulting in excessive criteria pollutant emissions. The proposed project would generate approximately 125 daily vehicle trips. Therefore, PEIR Mitigation Measure M-AQ-2 would not apply to the proposed project;, however, the proposed project could be subject to the Transportation Demand Management Ordinance, if effective at the time of project approval.

Health Risk

Subsequent to certification of the Western SoMa PEIR, San Francisco Board of Supervisors approved a series of amendments to the San Francisco Building and Health Codes, referred to as the Enhanced Ventilation Required for Urban Infill Sensitive Use Developments or Health Code, Article 38 (amended December 8, 2014) (Article 38). The purpose of Article 38 is to protect the public health and welfare by establishing an Air Pollutant Exposure Zone and imposing an enhanced ventilation requirement for all urban infill sensitive use development within the Air Pollutant Exposure Zone. The Air Pollutant Exposure Zone as defined in Article 38 are areas that, based on modeling of all known air pollutant sources, exceed health protective standards for cumulative fine particulate matter (PM_{2.5}) concentration, cumulative excess cancer risk, and incorporates health vulnerability factors and proximity to freeways. Projects within the Air Pollutant Exposure Zone, such as the proposed project, require special consideration to determine whether the project's activities would expose sensitive receptors to substantial air pollutant concentrations or add emissions to areas already adversely affected by poor air quality.

Construction

Western SoMa PEIR Mitigation Measure M-AQ-7: Construction Emissions Minimization Plan for Health Risks and Hazards require projects to maintain and operate construction equipment so as to minimize exhaust emissions of particulates and other pollutants. For projects with construction activities located in an Air Pollutant Exposure Zone, compliance with PEIR Mitigation Measure M-AQ-7 would require submittal of a Construction Emissions Minimization Plan to the Environmental Review Officer for review and approval. Construction activities from the proposed project would result in DPM and other toxic air contaminants (TAC) from equipment exhaust, construction-related vehicular activity, and construction worker automobile trips. Construction would last approximately 16 to 18 months, and diesel-generating equipment would be required for the duration of the proposed project's construction phase. The project site is located within an identified Air Pollutant Exposure Zone; therefore, PEIR Mitigation Measure M-AQ-7 would apply to the proposed project. PEIR Mitigation Measure M-AQ-7 is detailed in **Project Mitigation Measure 5** on page 45. Compliance with this mitigation measure would result in less-than-significant air quality impacts from project-related construction vehicles and equipment.

Sensitive Land Uses

For sensitive-use projects within the Air Pollutant Exposure Zone as defined by Article 38, such as the proposed project, the ordinance requires that the project sponsor submit an Enhanced Ventilation Proposal for approval by the Department of Public Health (DPH) that achieves protection from PM_{2.5} equivalent to that associated with a Minimum Efficiency Reporting Value 13 filtration. DBI will not issue

a building permit without written notification from the Director of the DPH that the applicant has an approved Enhanced Ventilation Proposal.

In compliance with Article 38, the project sponsor submitted an initial application to the DPH.²³ The regulations and procedures set forth in Article 38 would ensure that exposure to sensitive receptors would not be significant. These requirements supersede the provisions of PEIR Mitigation Measure M-AQ-3: Reduction in Exposure to Toxic Air Contaminants for New Sensitive Receptors. Therefore, PEIR Mitigation Measure M-AQ-3 is not applicable to the proposed project, and impacts related to siting new sensitive land uses would be less than significant through compliance with Article 38.

Siting New Sources

PEIR Mitigation Measure M-AQ-4: Siting of Uses that Emit PM_{2.5} or DPM and Other TACs involves the siting of commercial, industrial, or other uses that emit TACs as part of everyday operations. The project proposes construction of a 55-foot-tall (65 feet with rooftop structures) mixed-use building containing 38 dwelling units and 1,240 sf of retail space. The project would not generate more than 10,000 vehicle trips per day, 1,000 truck trips per day, or include a new stationary source, such as a diesel emergency generator, that would emit TACs as part of everyday operations. Thus, the ambient health risk to sensitive receptors from air pollutants is not considered substantial. Therefore, PEIR Mitigation Measure M-AQ-4 is not applicable to the proposed project.

Conclusion

For the above reasons, the project would not result in significant air quality impacts that were not identified in the Western SoMa PEIR.

Τομ	bics:	Significant Impact Peculiar to Project or Project Site	Significant Impact not Identified in PEIR	Significant Impact due to Substantial New Information	No Significant Impact not Previously Identified in PEIR
7.	GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS— Would the project:				
a)	Generate greenhouse gas emissions, either directly or indirectly, that may have a significant impact on the environment?				\boxtimes
b)	Conflict with any applicable plan, policy, or regulation of an agency adopted for the purpose of reducing the emissions of greenhouse gases?				\boxtimes

BAAQMD has prepared guidelines and methodologies for analyzing greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions. These guidelines are consistent with CEQA Guidelines Sections 15064.4 and 15183.5, which address the analysis and determination of significant impacts from a proposed project's GHG emissions and allow for projects that are consistent with a GHG reduction strategy to conclude that the project's GHG impact is less than significant. San Francisco's *Strategies to Address Greenhouse Gas Emissions*²⁴ presents a

²³ City and County of San Francisco Department of Public Health. 2015. Application for Article 38 Compliance Assessment. December 10, 2015.

²⁴ San Francisco Planning Department, Strategies to Address Greenhouse Gas Emissions in San Francisco, November 2010. Available at http://sfmea.sfplanning.org/GHG_Reduction_Strategy.pdf, accessed March 3, 2016

comprehensive assessment of policies, programs, and ordinances that collectively represent San Francisco's GHG reduction strategy in compliance with the BAAQMD and CEQA guidelines. These GHG reduction actions have resulted in a 23.3 percent reduction in GHG emissions in 2012 compared to 1990 levels,²⁵ exceeding the year 2020 reduction goals outlined in the BAAQMD's *Bay Area 2010 Clean Air Plan*, Executive Order S-3-05,²⁶ and Assembly Bill 32 (also known as the Global Warming Solutions Act).^{27,28} In addition, San Francisco's GHG reduction goals are consistent with, or more aggressive than, the long-term goals established under Executive Orders S-3-05²⁹ and B-30-15,^{30,31} and Senate Bill 32.^{32,33} Therefore, projects that are consistent with San Francisco's GHG Reduction Strategy would not result in GHG emissions that would have a significant effect on the environment and would not conflict with state, regional, and local GHG reduction plans and regulations.

The Western SoMa PEIR determined that the goals and policies of the area plan were consistent with the San Francisco's GHG reduction strategy and that implementation of the area plan policies would ensure that subsequent development would be consistent with GHG plans and would result in less-than-significant impacts with respect to GHG emissions.

The proposed project would increase the intensity of use of the site by constructing a new building with 38 dwelling units over ground floor retail. Therefore, the proposed project would contribute to annual long-term increases in GHGs as a result of increased vehicle trips (mobile sources) and residential and commercial operations that result in an increase in energy use, water use, wastewater treatment, and solid waste disposal. It should be noted that it is possible that the proposed project would generate fewer daily and p.m. peak-hour vehicle trips at the project site than the existing surface parking lot for 30 vehicles, given the proposed project is not providing any off-street parking. Construction activities would also result in temporary increases in GHG emissions.

²⁵ ICF International, Technical Review of the 2012 Community-wide GHG Inventory for the City and County of San Francisco, January 21, 2015. Available at <u>http://sfenvironment.org/sites/default/files/files/files/icf_verificationmemo_2012sfecommunityinventory_2015-01-21.pdf</u>

accessed March 16, 2015.
 ²⁶ Office of the Governor, *Executive Order S-3-05*, June 1, 2005. Available at http://www.pcl.org/projects/2008symposium/proceedings/Coatsworth12.pdf, accessed March 16, 2016.

²⁷ California Legislative Information, Assembly Bill 32, September 27, 2006. Available at <u>http://www.leginfo.ca.gov/pub/05-06/bill/asm/ab_0001-0050/ab_32_bill_20060927_chaptered.pdf</u>, accessed March 3, 2016.

²⁸ Executive Order S-3-05, Assembly Bill 32, and the Bay Area 2010 Clean Air Plan set a target of reducing GHG emissions to below 1990 levels by year 2020.

²⁹ Executive Order S-3-05, sets forth a series of target dates by which statewide emissions of GHGs need to be progressively reduced, as follows: by 2010, reduce GHG emissions to 2000 levels (approximately 457 million MTCO₂E); by 2020, reduce emissions to 1990 levels (approximately 427 million MTCO₂E); and by 2050 reduce emissions to 80 percent below 1990 levels (approximately 85 million MTCO₂E).

³⁰ Office of the Governor, *Executive Order B-30-15, April 29, 2015.* Available at <u>https://www.gov.ca.gov/news.php?id=18938</u>, accessed March 3, 2016. Executive Order B-30-15 sets a State GHG emissions reduction goal of 40 percent below 1990 levels by the year 2030.

³¹ San Francisco's GHG Reduction Goals are codified in Section 902 of the Environment Code and include: (i) by 2008, determine City GHG emissions for year 1990; (ii) by 2017, reduce GHG emissions by 25 percent below 1990 levels; (iii) by 2025, reduce GHG emissions by 40 percent below 1990 levels; and by 2050, reduce GHG emissions by 80 percent below 1990 levels.

³² Senate Bill 32 amends California Health and Safety Code Division 25.5 (also known as the California Global Warming Solutions Act of 2006) by adding Section 38566, which directs that statewide greenhouse gas emissions to be reduced by 40 percent below 1990 levels by 2030.

³³ Senate Bill 32 was paired with Assembly Bill 197, which would modify the structure of the State Air Resources Board; institute requirements for the disclosure of greenhouse gas emissions criteria pollutants, and toxic air contaminants; and establish requirements for the review and adoption of rules, regulations, and measures for the reduction of greenhouse gas emissions.

The proposed project would be subject to regulations adopted to reduce GHG emissions as identified in the GHG reduction strategy. As discussed below, compliance with the applicable regulations would reduce the project's GHG emissions related to transportation, energy use, waste disposal, wood burning, and use of refrigerants.

Compliance with the Transportation Sustainability Fee and bicycle parking requirements would reduce the proposed project's transportation-related emissions.³⁴ These regulations reduce GHG emissions from single-occupancy vehicles by promoting the use of alternative transportation modes with zero or lower GHG emissions on a per capita basis. Additionally, the proposed project could be subject to the Transportation Demand Management Ordinance, if effective at the time of project approval.

The proposed project would be required to comply with the energy efficiency requirements of the City's Green Building Code, Stormwater Management Ordinance, and Water Conservation and Irrigation ordinances, which would promote energy and water efficiency, thereby reducing the proposed project's energy-related GHG emissions. The proposed project's waste-related emissions would be reduced through compliance with the City's Recycling and Composting Ordinance, Construction and Demolition Debris Recovery Ordinance, and Green Building Code requirements. These regulations reduce the amount of materials sent to a landfill, reducing GHGs emitted by landfill operations. These regulations also promote reuse of materials, conserving their embodied energy³⁵ and reducing the energy required to produce new materials.

Compliance with the City's Street Tree Planting requirements would serve to increase carbon sequestration. Other regulations, including those limiting refrigerant emissions and the Wood Burning Fireplace Ordinance would reduce emissions of GHGs and black carbon, respectively. Regulations requiring low-emitting finishes would reduce volatile organic compounds (VOC).³⁶ Thus, the proposed project was determined to be consistent with San Francisco's GHG reduction strategy.³⁷

Therefore, the proposed project's GHG emissions would not conflict with state, regional, and local GHG reduction plans and regulations; and the proposed project's contribution to GHG emissions would not be cumulatively considerable or generate GHG emissions, either directly or indirectly, that would have a significant impact on the environment. As such, the proposed project would result in a less-than-significant impact with respect to GHG emissions. For the above reasons, the proposed project would not result in significant impacts that were not identified in the Western SoMa PEIR.

³⁴ Compliance with water conservation measures reduce the energy (and GHG emissions) required to convey, pump and treat water required for the project.

³⁵ Embodied energy is the total energy required for the extraction, processing, manufacture and delivery of building materials to the building site.

³⁶ While not a GHG, VOCs are precursor pollutants that form ground level ozone. Increased ground level ozone is an anticipated effect of future global warming that would result in added health effects locally. Reducing VOC emissions would reduce the anticipated local effects of global warming.

³⁷ San Francisco Planning Department, Greenhouse Gas Analysis: Compliance Checklist for 349 8th Street. September 1, 2016.

Тор	ics:	Significant Impact Peculiar to Project or Project Site	Significant Impact not Identified in PEIR	Significant Impact due to Substantial New Information	No Significant Impact not Previously Identified in PEIR
8.	WIND AND SHADOW—Would the project:				
a)	Alter wind in a manner that substantially affects public areas?				\boxtimes
b)	Create new shadow in a manner that substantially affects outdoor recreation facilities or other public areas?				\boxtimes

Wind

The Western SoMa PEIR determined that implementation of the Western SoMa Community Plan would have a potentially significant impact related to the alteration of wind in a manner that would substantially affect public areas. However, the PEIR determined that this impact could be reduced to a less-than-significant level with implementation of PEIR Mitigation Measure M-WS-1: Screening-Level Wind Analysis and Wind Testing, which would require a wind analysis for any new structures within the Community Plan Area that have a proposed height of 80 feet or taller.

Based upon experience of the Planning Department in reviewing wind analyses and expert opinion on other projects, it is generally (but not always) the case that projects under 80 feet in height do not have the potential to generate significant wind impacts. Although the proposed 55-foot-tall building (65 feet tall with rooftop structures) would be taller than the adjacent buildings, it would be similar in height to existing buildings in the surrounding area. For the above reasons, the proposed project is not anticipated to cause significant impacts related to wind that were not identified in the Western SoMa PEIR. Therefore, PEIR Mitigation Measure M-WS-1 would not apply to the proposed project.

Shadow

The Western SoMa PEIR determined that implementation of the Plan and Rezoning of the Adjacent Parcels would have a significant and unavoidable impact related to the creation of new shadows in a manner that would substantially affect outdoor recreation facilities or other public areas. No mitigation measures were identified in the PEIR.

Planning Code Section 295 generally prohibits new structures that would cast additional shadows on open space that is under the jurisdiction of the San Francisco Recreation and Park Commission between one hour after sunrise and one hour before sunset, at any time of the year, unless that shadow would not result in a significant adverse effect on the use of the open space.

The proposed project would construct a building 55 feet in height (65 feet tall with rooftop structures). To determine whether the proposed project would conform to Section 295, the Planning Department conducted a preliminary shadow fan analysis. The preliminary shadow fan analysis determined that the project would not cast shadows on any public open spaces or recreational resources, including but not limited to parks under the jurisdiction of the San Francisco Recreation and Parks Department.³⁸

³⁸ San Francisco Planning Department. 2016. 349 Eighth Street Shadow Fan. September 30, 2016.

The proposed project would shade portions of nearby streets and sidewalks and private property at times within the project vicinity. Shadows upon streets and sidewalks would not exceed levels commonly expected in urban areas and would be considered a less-than-significant effect under CEQA. Although occupants of nearby property may regard the increase in shadow as undesirable, the limited increase in shading of private properties as a result of the proposed project would not be considered a significant impact under CEQA.

The 350 Eighth Street project proposes an approximately 6,000-sf open space southwest of the intersection of Eighth and Ringold streets,³⁹ approximately 80 feet southwest of the proposed project. Construction of the open space, which would run east-west and contain café seating and concrete planters and benches, has not yet begun. Therefore, any proposed project shadow would not interfere with any preexisting recreational activity or preexisting public expectation of sunlight on the proposed open space. This open space would be publicly-accessible, but would not be under the jurisdiction of the Recreation and Park Commission. Due to the timing, this future open space was not included in the shadow analysis. However, shadow that would be cast by the proposed project is disclosed herein for informational purposes. Based on the shadow fan, the proposed project open space.⁴⁰ To the extent that the proposed project would create a small shadow on the future open space, the limited duration of project shadow would not be anticipated to substantially interfere with the public's use or enjoyment of the new park. This would be a less-than-significant shadow effect of the proposed project.

Therefore, overall the project would not contribute to the significant shadow impact identified in the Western SoMa Community Plan PEIR.

For the above reasons, the proposed project is not anticipated to cause significant impacts that were not identified in the Western SoMa Community Plan PEIR related to shadow.

Тор	ics:	Significant Impact Peculiar to Project or Project Site	Significant Impact not Identified in PEIR	Significant Impact due to Substantial New Information	No Significant Impact not Previously Identified in PEIR
9.	RECREATION—Would the project:				
a)	Increase the use of existing neighborhood and regional parks or other recreational facilities such that substantial physical deterioration of the facilities would occur or be accelerated?				\boxtimes
b)	Include recreational facilities or require the construction or expansion of recreational facilities that might have an adverse physical effect on the environment?				\boxtimes
c)	Physically degrade existing recreational resources?				\boxtimes

The Western SoMa PEIR determined that implementation of the Western SoMa Community Plan would not result in substantial or accelerated deterioration of existing recreational resources or require the

³⁹ San Francisco Planning Commission. 2012. Motion No. 18766. Hearing Date December 6, 2012.

⁴⁰ San Francisco Planning Department. 2016. 349 Eighth Street Shadow Fan. September 30, 2016.

construction or expansion of recreational facilities that may have an adverse effect on the environment. No mitigation measures were identified in the PEIR.

The Recreation and Open Space Element (ROSE) of the San Francisco General Plan was updated in April 2014. The amended ROSE provides a 20-year vision for open spaces in the City. It includes information and policies about accessing, acquiring, funding, and managing open spaces in San Francisco. Policy 2.1 of the ROSE prioritizes acquisition of open space in high needs areas, and the Western SoMa neighborhood is recognized in the ROSE as a high needs area. Policy 2.11 of the ROSE encourages that privately developed residential open spaces, including common spaces, in the downtown and multifamily zoning districts be increased.

The project would result in approximately 86 new on-site residents and approximately three retail employees. The limited increase of population in the area related to the proposed project would not substantially increase the use and deterioration of the local recreational facilities nor require construction of new or expansion of facilities. Furthermore, the Planning Code requires a specified amount of new usable open space (either private or common) for each new residential unit. Some developments are also required to provide privately owned, publicly accessible open spaces. The Planning Code open space requirements would help offset some of the additional open space needs generated by increased residential population to the project area.

As the proposed project would not degrade recreational facilities and is within the development projected under the Western SoMa Community Plan, there would be no additional impacts on recreation beyond those analyzed in the Western SoMa PEIR.

Тор	ics:	Significant Impact Peculiar to Project or Project Site	Significant Impact not Identified in PEIR	Significant Impact due to Substantial New Information	No Significant Impact not Previously Identified in PEIR
10	. UTILITIES AND SERVICE SYSTEMS—Would the project:				
a)	Exceed wastewater treatment requirements of the applicable Regional Water Quality Control Board?				\boxtimes
b)	Require or result in the construction of new water or wastewater treatment facilities or expansion of existing facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental effects?				\boxtimes
c)	Require or result in the construction of new storm water drainage facilities or expansion of existing facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental effects?				\boxtimes
d)	Have sufficient water supply available to serve the project from existing entitlements and resources, or require new or expanded water supply resources or entitlements?				\boxtimes
e)	Result in a determination by the wastewater treatment provider that would serve the project that it has inadequate capacity to serve the project's projected demand in addition to the provider's existing commitments?				\boxtimes

Τοι	pics:	Significant Impact Peculiar to Project or Project Site	Significant Impact not Identified in PEIR	Significant Impact due to Substantial New Information	No Significant Impact not Previously Identified in PEIR
f)	Be served by a landfill with sufficient permitted capacity to accommodate the project's solid waste disposal needs?				\boxtimes
g)	Comply with federal, state, and local statutes and regulations related to solid waste?				\boxtimes

The Western SoMa PEIR determined that the anticipated increase in population in the Plan Area would not result in a significant impact to the provision of water, wastewater collection and treatment, and solid waste collection and disposal. No mitigation measures were identified in the PEIR.

As the proposed project is within the development projected under the Western SoMa Community Plan, there would be no additional impacts on utilities and service systems beyond those analyzed in the Western SoMa PEIR.

	oics: . PUBLIC SERVICES—Would the project:	Significant Impact Peculiar to Project or Project Site	Significant Impact not Identified in PEIR	Significant Impact due to Substantial New Information	No Significant Impact not Previously Identified in PEIR
a)	Result in substantial adverse physical impacts associated with the provision of, or the need for, new or physically altered governmental facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental impacts, in order to maintain acceptable service ratios, response times, or other performance objectives for any public services such as fire protection, police protection, schools, parks, or other services?				

The Western SoMa PEIR determined that the anticipated increase in population in the Plan Area would not result in a significant impact to public services, including fire protection, police protection, and public schools. No mitigation measures were identified in the PEIR.

As the proposed project is within the development projected under the Western SoMa Community Plan, there would be no additional impacts on public services beyond those analyzed in the Western SoMa PEIR.

Тор	ics:	Significant Impact Peculiar to Project or Project Site	Significant Impact not Identified in PEIR	Significant Impact due to Substantial New Information	No Significant Impact not Previously Identified in PEIR
12.	BIOLOGICAL RESOURCES—Would the project:				
a)	Have a substantial adverse effect, either directly or through habitat modifications, on any species identified as a candidate, sensitive, or special- status species in local or regional plans, policies, or regulations, or by the California Department of Fish and Game or U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service?				
b)	Have a substantial adverse effect on any riparian habitat or other sensitive natural community identified in local or regional plans, policies, regulations or by the California Department of Fish and Game or U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service?				
c)	Have a substantial adverse effect on federally protected wetlands as defined by Section 404 of the Clean Water Act (including, but not limited to, marsh, vernal pool, coastal, etc.) through direct removal, filling, hydrological interruption, or other means?				
d)	Interfere substantially with the movement of any native resident or migratory fish or wildlife species or with established native resident or migratory wildlife corridors, or impede the use of native wildlife nursery sites?				
e)	Conflict with any local policies or ordinances protecting biological resources, such as a tree preservation policy or ordinance?				\boxtimes
f)	Conflict with the provisions of an adopted Habitat Conservation Plan, Natural Community Conservation Plan, or other approved local.				\boxtimes

Conservation Plan, or other approved local, regional, or state habitat conservation plan?

As discussed in the Western SoMa PEIR, the Western SoMa Community Plan Area is almost fully developed with buildings and other improvements such as streets and parking lots. Most of the project area consists of structures that have been industrial uses for many years. As a result, landscaping and other vegetation is sparse, except for a few parks. Because future development projects in the Western SoMa Community Plan would largely consist of new construction of mixed uses in these heavily built-out former industrial neighborhoods, vegetation loss or disturbance of wildlife other than common urban species would be minimal. Therefore, the Western SoMa PEIR concluded that implementation of the Plan would not result in any significant effects related to riparian habitat, wetlands, movement of migratory species, local policies or ordinances protecting biological resources, or habitat conservation plans.

The Western SoMa PEIR determined that the Western SoMa Community Plan would result in significant but mitigable impacts on special-status birds and bats that may be nesting in trees or roosting in buildings that are proposed for removal/demolition as part of an individual project. The project site contains a parking lot; therefore, there are no buildings at the project site that could provide habitat for nesting birds or roosting bats. In addition, no trees or shrubs are located at the project site. Therefore, PEIR Mitigation Measure M-BI-1b, which requires pre-construction special-status bat surveys, would not be applicable to the proposed project. Because the proposed project is within the development projected under the Western SoMa Community Plan and there are no trees or shrubs on site, there would be no additional impacts on biological resources beyond those analyzed in the Western SoMa PEIR.

Topics:		Significant Impact Peculiar to Project or Project Site	Significant Impact not Identified in PEIR	Significant Impact due to Substantial New Information	No Significant Impact not Previously Identified in PEIR
13.	GEOLOGY AND SOILS—Would the project:				
a)	Expose people or structures to potential substantial adverse effects, including the risk of loss, injury, or death involving:				\boxtimes
	 Rupture of a known earthquake fault, as delineated on the most recent Alquist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Zoning Map issued by the State Geologist for the area or based on other substantial evidence of a known fault? (Refer to Division of Mines and Geology Special Publication 42.) 				
	ii) Strong seismic ground shaking?				\boxtimes
	iii) Seismic-related ground failure, including liquefaction?				
	iv) Landslides?				\boxtimes
b)	Result in substantial soil erosion or the loss of topsoil?				\boxtimes
c)	Be located on geologic unit or soil that is unstable, or that would become unstable as a result of the project, and potentially result in on- or off-site landslide, lateral spreading, subsidence, liquefaction, or collapse?				\boxtimes
d)	Be located on expansive soil, as defined in Table 18-1-B of the Uniform Building Code, creating substantial risks to life or property?				\boxtimes
e)	Have soils incapable of adequately supporting the use of septic tanks or alternative wastewater disposal systems where sewers are not available for the disposal of wastewater?				\boxtimes
f)	Change substantially the topography or any unique geologic or physical features of the site?				\boxtimes

The Western SoMa PEIR concluded that implementation of the Area Plan would indirectly increase the population that would be subject to an earthquake, including seismically induced groundshaking, liquefaction, and landslides. The PEIR also noted that new development is generally safer than comparable older development due to improvements in building codes and construction techniques. Compliance with applicable codes and recommendations made in project-specific geotechnical analyses would not eliminate earthquake risk, but would reduce them to an acceptable level, given the seismically active characteristics of the Bay Area. Therefore, the PEIR concluded that the project would not result in significant impacts related to geological hazards. No mitigation measures were identified in the PEIR.

A geotechnical report was prepared for the proposed project.⁴¹ The geotechnical report recommended ground improvement or use of a deep foundation system. The proposed project would use ground improvement measures. The geotechnical report recommended that seismic design be in accordance with the provisions of the California Building Code.

The project is required to conform to the San Francisco Building Code, which ensures the safety of all new construction in the City. DBI will review the project-specific geotechnical report during its review of the building permit for the project. In addition, DBI may require additional site specific soils report(s) through the building permit application process, as needed. The DBI requirement for a geotechnical report and review of the building permit application pursuant to DBI's implementation of the Building Code would ensure that the proposed project would have no significant impacts related to soils, seismic or other geological hazards.

In light of the above, the proposed project would not result in a significant effect related to seismic and geologic hazards. Therefore, the proposed project would not result in significant impacts related to geology and soils that were not identified in the Western SoMa PEIR, and no mitigation measures are necessary.

Тор	ics:	Significant Impact Peculiar to Project or Project Site	Significant Impact not Identified in PEIR	Significant Impact due to Substantial New Information	No Significant Impact not Previously Identified in PEIR
14	. HYDROLOGY AND WATER QUALITY—Would the project:				
a)	Violate any water quality standards or waste discharge requirements?				\boxtimes
b)	Substantially deplete groundwater supplies or interfere substantially with groundwater recharge such that there would be a net deficit in aquifer volume or a lowering of the local groundwater table level (e.g., the production rate of pre- existing nearby wells would drop to a level which would not support existing land uses or planned uses for which permits have been granted)?				
c)	Substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area, including through the alteration of the course of a stream or river, in a manner that would result in substantial erosion or siltation on- or off-site?				\boxtimes
d)	Substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area, including through the alteration of the course of a stream or river, or substantially increase the rate or amount of surface runoff in a manner that would result in flooding on- or off- site?				
e)	Create or contribute runoff water which would exceed the capacity of existing or planned stormwater drainage systems or provide substantial additional sources of polluted runoff?				\boxtimes
f)	Otherwise substantially degrade water quality?				\boxtimes

⁴¹ Rollo & Ridley. 2015. Preliminary Geotechnical Study. 349 8th Street, San Francisco, California. April 30, 2015.

Topics:		Significant Impact Peculiar to Project or Project Site	Significant Impact not Identified in PEIR	Significant Impact due to Substantial New Information	No Significant Impact not Previously Identified in PEIR
g)	Place housing within a 100-year flood hazard area as mapped on a federal Flood Hazard Boundary or Flood Insurance Rate Map or other authoritative flood hazard delineation map?				\boxtimes
h)	Place within a 100-year flood hazard area structures that would impede or redirect flood flows?				\boxtimes
i)	Expose people or structures to a significant risk of loss, injury or death involving flooding, including flooding as a result of the failure of a levee or dam?				\boxtimes
j)	Expose people or structures to a significant risk of loss, injury or death involving inundation by seiche, tsunami, or mudflow?				\boxtimes

The Western SoMa PEIR determined that the anticipated increase in population would not result in a significant impact to hydrology and water quality, including the combined sewer system and the potential for combined sewer outflows. No mitigation measures were identified in the PEIR.

The project site is currently almost entirely covered by impervious surfaces, and the proposed building and inner courtyard would fully occupy the project site. As a result, the proposed project would result in no change to the amount of impervious surface area on the site. Additionally, in accordance with the Stormwater Management Ordinance (Ordinance No. 83-10), the proposed project would be subject to and would comply with the Stormwater Design Guidelines, incorporating Low Impact Design approaches and stormwater management systems into the project. Adherence to the City and County of San Francisco drainage requirements in accordance with the Stormwater Management Ordinance would also ensure that stormwater is managed and that the project provides adequate retention or detention capacity to minimize potential sources of pollution. Therefore, the proposed project would not adversely affect runoff and drainage.

The project site is in an area that is prone to flooding during storms, especially where ground stories are located below an elevation of 0.0 San Francisco City Datum⁴² or, more importantly, below the hydraulic grade line or water level of the sewer. The City has implemented a review process to avoid flooding problems caused by the relative elevation of the structure to the hydraulic grade line in the sewers. The project sponsor would coordinate with the San Francisco Public Utilities Commission (SFPUC) prior to construction for a review to determine whether the project has the potential to result in ground-level flooding during storms. It is currently anticipated that the project site would be designed to manage flooding. The SFPUC and/or its delegate would review the permit application and comment on the proposed application and potential for flooding during wet weather. The project sponsor would incorporate any recommended design measures, as applicable.

⁴² San Francisco City Datum establishes the City's zero point for surveying purposes at approximately 8.6 feet above the mean sea level established by 1929 U.S. Geological Survey datum, and approximately 11.3 feet above the current 1988 North American Vertical Datum. Because tides are measured from mean lower low water, which is about 3.1 feet below mean sea level, an elevation of 0, San Francisco City datum, is approximately 8.2 feet above mean sea level.

Therefore, the proposed project would not result in any significant impacts related to hydrology and water quality that were not identified in the Western SoMa PEIR.

Тор	ics:	Significant Impact Peculiar to Project or Project Site	Significant Impact not Identified in PEIR	Significant Impact due to Substantial New Information	No Significant Impact not Previously Identified in PEIR
15.	HAZARDS AND HAZARDOUS MATERIALS—Would the project:				
a)	Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through the routine transport, use, or disposal of hazardous materials?				\boxtimes
b)	Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through reasonably foreseeable upset and accident conditions involving the release of hazardous materials into the environment?				\boxtimes
c)	Emit hazardous emissions or handle hazardous or acutely hazardous materials, substances, or waste within one-quarter mile of an existing or proposed school?				\boxtimes
d)	Be located on a site which is included on a list of hazardous materials sites compiled pursuant to Government Code Section 65962.5 and, as a result, would it create a significant hazard to the public or the environment?				
e)	For a project located within an airport land use plan or, where such a plan has not been adopted, within two miles of a public airport or public use airport, would the project result in a safety hazard for people residing or working in the project area?				
f)	For a project within the vicinity of a private airstrip, would the project result in a safety hazard for people residing or working in the project area?				\boxtimes
g)	Impair implementation of or physically interfere with an adopted emergency response plan or emergency evacuation plan?				\boxtimes
h)	Expose people or structures to a significant risk of loss, injury, or death involving fires?				\boxtimes

The Western SoMa PEIR identified less-than-significant impacts related to the routine transport, use, or disposal of hazardous materials, the potential for the Plan or subsequent development projects within the Plan Area to interfere with an adopted emergency response plan, and the potential for subsequent projects to expose people or structures to a significant risk with respect to fires.

Hazardous Building Materials

The project site is currently vacant; therefore, hazardous building materials do not exist on-site and PEIR Mitigation Measure M-HZ-2, which pertains to hazardous building materials abatement, does not apply to the proposed project.

Soil and Groundwater Contamination

Since certification of the PEIR, Article 22A of the Health Code, also known as the Maher Ordinance, was expanded to include properties throughout the City where there is potential to encounter hazardous materials, primarily industrial zoning districts, sites with industrial uses or underground storage tanks, sites with historic bay fill, and sites in close proximity to freeways or underground storage tanks (UST). The over-arching goal of the Maher Ordinance is to protect public health and safety by requiring appropriate handling, treatment, disposal and when necessary, remediation of contaminated soils that are encountered in the building construction process. Projects that disturb 50 cubic yards or more of soil that are located on sites with potentially hazardous soil or groundwater within the Western SoMa Plan area are subject to this ordinance.

In compliance with the Maher Ordinance, the project sponsor submitted an initial Maher Application to DPH,⁴³ and a Phase I Environmental Site Assessment (ESA) was prepared to assess the potential for site contamination. ⁴⁴ According to the Phase I ESA, fill materials that underlay the project site at 349 Eighth Street (which includes 54 and 60 Rodgers streets) may contain elevated concentrations of petroleum hydrocarbons and heavy metals. The Phase I ESA stated that petroleum hydrocarbons and heavy metals the project in the area and are not necessarily associated with any specific past use at the project site.

The Phase I ESA noted a UST Closure Report and Notice of Completion letter from DPH dated July 31, 2003 and that L&W Construction Services removed a 500-gallon gasoline UST from the sidewalk of 349 Eighth Street (with a permit obtained from DPH dated June 18, 2003) under the supervision of the San Francisco Fire Department, and no petroleum odors or soil staining observed during removal. Two soil samples collected after the removal of the UST did not find hazard levels above laboratory reporting limits.

The Phase I ESA stated that historical land uses at 349 Eighth Street included a cleaning and dyeing business, storage, residential properties, auto service and repair, oil storage, and parking lots. The Phase I ESA found that the project site is not contained on standard regulatory databases but that within a quarter mile of 349 Eighth Street there are sites on regulatory databases, but the potential for those sites to affect environmental conditions at the project site is unlikely as the transport mechanism for the migration of off-site chemical impacts to the on-site environment would likely be near-surface groundwater flow and that none of the off-site facilities have the potential to adversely impact the project site.

The Maher Ordinance requires that, if the project site has a record of hazardous substances in the ground or soil water, a work plan be submitted to the DPH, including soil and groundwater sampling. If concerns are identified during sampling and testing, a site mitigation plan may be required as part of approval by the DPH for issuance of an approval to commence the project. Through compliance with the Maher Ordinance, Article 22A of the Health Code, as explained above, the proposed project would not result in significant impacts that were not identified in the Western SoMa PEIR related to hazardous soil and/or groundwater. The requirements of the Maher Ordinance supersede the provisions of PEIR Mitigation Measure M-HZ-3: Site Assessment and Corrective Action. Therefore, PEIR Mitigation Measure

⁴³ Tabora, Czarina, San Francisco Department of Health. "349 8th Street." September 1, 2016.

⁴⁴ Langan Treadwell Rollo. 2014. Phase I Environmental Site Assessment Report, 349 8th Street, 54 Rodgers Street, and 60 Rodgers Street, San Francisco, CA. December 8, 2014.

M-HZ-3 is not applicable to the proposed project, and impacts related to hazards and hazardous materials would be less than significant through compliance with the Maher Ordinance.

Therefore, the proposed project would not result in significant impacts related to hazards or hazardous materials that were not identified in the Western SoMa PEIR.

Тор	vics:	Significant Impact Peculiar to Project or Project Site	Significant Impact not Identified in PEIR	Significant Impact due to Substantial New Information	No Significant Impact not Previously Identified in PEIR
16	. MINERAL AND ENERGY RESOURCES—Would the project:				
a)	Result in the loss of availability of a known mineral resource that would be of value to the region and the residents of the state?				\boxtimes
b)	Result in the loss of availability of a locally important mineral resource recovery site delineated on a local general plan, specific plan or other land use plan?				\boxtimes
c)	Encourage activities which result in the use of large amounts of fuel, water, or energy, or use these in a wasteful manner?				\boxtimes

The Western SoMa PEIR determined that the Community Plan would facilitate the construction of both new residential units and commercial buildings. Development of these uses would not result in the use of large amounts of fuel, water, or energy in a wasteful manner or in the context of energy use throughout the City and region. The energy demand for individual buildings would be typical for such projects and would meet, or exceed, current state and local codes and standards concerning energy consumption, including Title 24 of the California Code of Regulations enforced by DBI. The Plan Area does not include any natural resources routinely extracted and the rezoning does not result in any natural resource extraction programs. Therefore, the Western SoMa PEIR concluded that implementation of the Community Plan would not result in a significant impact on mineral and energy resources. No mitigation measures were identified in the PEIR.

As the proposed project is within the development projected under the Western SoMa Community Plan, there would be no additional impacts on mineral and energy resources beyond those analyzed in the Western SoMa PEIR.

Тор	ics:	Significant Impact Peculiar to Project or Project Site	Significant Impact not Identified in PEIR	Significant Impact due to Substantial New Information	No Significant Impact not Previously Identified in PEIR
17.	AGRICULTURE AND FOREST RESOURCES:—Would the project:				
a)	Convert Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland, or Farmland of Statewide Importance, as shown on the maps prepared pursuant to the Farmland Mapping and Monitoring Program of the California Resources Agency, to non-agricultural use?				
b)	Conflict with existing zoning for agricultural use, or a Williamson Act contract?				\boxtimes
c)	Conflict with existing zoning for, or cause rezoning of, forest land (as defined in Public Resources Code Section 12220(g)) or timberland (as defined by Public Resources Code Section 4526)?				\boxtimes
d)	Result in the loss of forest land or conversion of forest land to non-forest use?				\boxtimes
e)	Involve other changes in the existing environment which, due to their location or nature, could result in conversion of Farmland to non-agricultural use or forest land to non-forest use?				\boxtimes

The Western SoMa PEIR determined that no agricultural or forest resources exist in the Plan Area; therefore, the Western SoMa Community Plan would have no effect on agricultural and forest resources. No mitigation measures were identified in the PEIR.

As the proposed project is within the development projected under the Western SoMa Community Plan, there would be no additional impacts on agriculture and forest resources beyond those analyzed in the Western SoMa PEIR.

MITIGATION MEASURES

Project Mitigation Measure 1 - Protect Historical Resources from Adjacent Construction Activities (Mitigation Measure M-CP-7a of the Western SoMa PEIR)

The project sponsor shall incorporate into construction specifications for the proposed project a requirement that the construction contractor(s) use all feasible means to avoid damage to adjacent and nearby historic buildings. Such methods may include maintaining a safe distance between the construction site and the historic building at 20 Heron, 301, 333, and 335 Eighth, 1197 Folsom, and 6 Rodgers streets, using construction techniques that reduce vibration, appropriate excavation shoring methods to prevent movement of adjacent structures, and providing adequate security to minimize risks of vandalism and fire.

Project Mitigation Measure 2 - Construction Monitoring Program for Historical Resources (Mitigation Measure M-CP-7b of the Western SoMa PEIR)

The project sponsor shall undertake a monitoring program to minimize damage to adjacent historic buildings and to ensure that any such damage is documented and repaired. The monitoring program,

which shall apply within 25 feet, shall include the following components. Prior to the start of any grounddisturbing activity, the project sponsor shall engage a historic architect or qualified historic preservation professional to undertake a pre-construction survey of historical resource(s) identified by the San Francisco Planning Department within 125 feet of planned construction to document and photograph the buildings' existing conditions. Based on the construction and condition of the resource(s), the consultant shall also establish a maximum vibration level that shall not be exceeded at each building, based on existing condition, character-defining features, soils conditions, and anticipated construction practices (a common standard is 0.2 inch per second, peak particle velocity). To ensure that vibration levels do not exceed the established standard, the project sponsor shall monitor vibration levels at each structure and shall prohibit vibratory construction activities that generate vibration levels in excess of the standard.

Should vibration levels be observed in excess of the standard, construction shall be halted and alternative construction techniques put in practice, to the extent feasible. (For example, pre-drilled piles could be substituted for driven piles, if feasible based on soils conditions; smaller, lighter equipment might be able to be used in some cases.) The consultant shall conduct regular periodic inspections of each building during ground-disturbing activity on the project site. Should damage to either building occur, the building(s) shall be remediated to its pre-construction condition at the conclusion of ground-disturbing activity on the site.

Project Mitigation Measure 3 – Archeological Testing Program (Mitigation Measure M-CP-4a of the Western SoMa PEIR)

Based on a reasonable presumption that archeological resources may be present within the project site, the following measures shall be undertaken to avoid any potentially significant adverse effect from the proposed project on buried or submerged historical resources. The project sponsor shall retain the services of an archaeological consultant from the rotational Department Qualified Archaeological Consultants List (QACL) maintained by the Planning Department archaeologist. The project sponsor shall contact the Department archeologist to obtain the names and contact information for the next three archeological consultants on the QACL. The archeological consultant shall undertake an archeological testing program as specified herein. In addition, the consultant shall be available to conduct an archeological monitoring and/or data recovery program if required pursuant to this measure. The archeological consultant's work shall be conducted in accordance with this measure at the direction of the Environmental Review Officer (ERO). All plans and reports prepared by the consultant as specified herein shall be submitted first and directly to the ERO for review and comment, and shall be considered draft reports subject to revision until final approval by the ERO. Archeological monitoring and/or data recovery programs required by this measure could suspend construction of the project for up to a maximum of four weeks. At the direction of the ERO, the suspension of construction can be extended beyond four weeks only if such a suspension is the only feasible means to reduce to a less than significant level potential effects on a significant archeological resource as defined in CEQA Guidelines Sect. 15064.5 (a) and (c).

Consultation with Descendant Communities: On discovery of an archeological site⁴⁵ associated with descendant Native Americans, the Overseas Chinese, or other potentially interested descendant group an

⁴⁵ By the term "archeological site" is intended here to minimally include any archeological deposit, feature, burial, or evidence of burial.

appropriate representative⁴⁶ of the descendant group and the ERO shall be contacted. The representative of the descendant group shall be given the opportunity to monitor archeological field investigations of the site and to offer recommendations to the ERO regarding appropriate archeological treatment of the site, of recovered data from the site, and, if applicable, any interpretative treatment of the associated archeological site. A copy of the Final Archaeological Resources Report shall be provided to the representative of the descendant group.

Archeological Testing Program. The archeological consultant shall prepare and submit to the ERO for review and approval an archeological testing plan (ATP). The archeological testing program shall be conducted in accordance with the approved ATP. The ATP shall identify the property types of the expected archeological resource(s) that potentially could be adversely affected by the proposed project, the testing method to be used, and the locations recommended for testing. The purpose of the archeological testing program will be to determine to the extent possible the presence or absence of archeological resources and to identify and to evaluate whether any archeological resource encountered on the site constitutes an historical resource under CEQA.

At the completion of the archeological testing program, the archeological consultant shall submit a written report of the findings to the ERO. If based on the archeological testing program the archeological consultant finds that significant archeological resources may be present, the ERO in consultation with the archeological consultant shall determine if additional measures are warranted. Additional measures that may be undertaken include additional archeological testing, archeological monitoring, and/or an archeological data recovery program. No archeological data recovery shall be undertaken without the prior approval of the ERO or the Planning Department archeologist. If the ERO determines that a significant archeological resource is present and that the resource could be adversely affected by the proposed project, at the discretion of the project sponsor either:

- A) The proposed project shall be re-designed so as to avoid any adverse effect on the significant archeological resource; or
- B) A data recovery program shall be implemented, unless the ERO determines that the archeological resource is of greater interpretive than research significance and that interpretive use of the resource is feasible.

Archeological Monitoring Program. If the ERO in consultation with the archeological consultant determines that an archeological monitoring program shall be implemented the archeological monitoring program shall minimally include the following provisions:

• The archeological consultant, project sponsor, and ERO shall meet and consult on the scope of the AMP reasonably prior to any project-related soils disturbing activities commencing. The ERO in consultation with the archeological consultant shall determine what project activities shall be archeologically monitored. In most cases, any soils- disturbing activities, such as demolition, foundation removal, excavation, grading, utilities installation, foundation work, driving of piles (foundation, shoring, etc.), site remediation, etc., shall require

⁴⁶ An "appropriate representative" of the descendant group is here defined to mean, in the case of Native Americans, any individual listed in the current Native American Contact List for the City and County of San Francisco maintained by the California Native American Heritage Commission and in the case of the Overseas Chinese, the Chinese Historical Society of America. An appropriate representative of other descendant groups should be determined in consultation with the Department archeologist.

archeological monitoring because of the risk these activities pose to potential archaeological resources and to their depositional context;

- The archeological consultant shall advise all project contractors to be on the alert for evidence of the presence of the expected resource(s), of how to identify the evidence of the expected resource(s), and of the appropriate protocol in the event of apparent discovery of an archeological resource;
- The archeological monitor(s) shall be present on the project site according to a schedule agreed upon by the archeological consultant and the ERO until the ERO has, in consultation with project archeological consultant, determined that project construction activities could have no effects on significant archeological deposits;
- The archeological monitor shall record and be authorized to collect soil samples and artifactual/ecofactual material as warranted for analysis;
- If an intact archeological deposit is encountered, all soils-disturbing activities in the vicinity of the deposit shall cease. The archeological monitor shall be empowered to temporarily redirect demolition/excavation/pile driving/construction activities and equipment until the deposit is evaluated. If in the case of pile driving activity (foundation, shoring, etc.), the archeological monitor has cause to believe that the pile driving activity may affect an archeological resource, the pile driving activity shall be terminated until an appropriate evaluation of the resource has been made in consultation with the ERO. The archeological consultant shall immediately notify the ERO of the encountered archeological deposit. The archeological consultant shall make a reasonable effort to assess the identity, integrity, and significance of the encountered archeological deposit, and present the findings of this assessment to the ERO.

Whether or not significant archeological resources are encountered, the archeological consultant shall submit a written report of the findings of the monitoring program to the ERO.

Archeological Data Recovery Program. The archeological data recovery program shall be conducted in accord with an archeological data recovery plan (ADRP). The archeological consultant, project sponsor, and ERO shall meet and consult on the scope of the ADRP prior to preparation of a draft ADRP. The archeological consultant shall submit a draft ADRP to the ERO. The ADRP shall identify how the proposed data recovery program will preserve the significant information the archeological resource is expected to contain. That is, the ADRP will identify what scientific/historical research questions are applicable to the expected resource, what data classes the resource is expected to possess, and how the expected data classes would address the applicable research questions. Data recovery, in general, should be limited to the portions of the historical property that could be adversely affected by the proposed project. Destructive data recovery methods shall not be applied to portions of the archeological resources if nondestructive methods are practical.

The scope of the ADRP shall include the following elements:

- *Field Methods and Procedures.* Descriptions of proposed field strategies, procedures, and operations.
- *Cataloguing and Laboratory Analysis.* Description of selected cataloguing system and artifact analysis procedures.
- *Discard and Deaccession Policy*. Description of and rationale for field and post-field discard and deaccession policies.

- *Interpretive Program.* Consideration of an on-site/off-site public interpretive program during the course of the archeological data recovery program.
- *Security Measures.* Recommended security measures to protect the archeological resource from vandalism, looting, and non-intentionally damaging activities.
- *Final Report*. Description of proposed report format and distribution of results.
- *Curation.* Description of the procedures and recommendations for the curation of any recovered data having potential research value, identification of appropriate curation facilities, and a summary of the accession policies of the curation facilities.

Human Remains and Associated or Unassociated Funerary Objects. The treatment of human remains and of associated or unassociated funerary objects discovered during any soils disturbing activity shall comply with applicable State and Federal laws. This shall include immediate notification of the Coroner of the City and County of San Francisco and in the event of the Coroner's determination that the human remains are Native American remains, notification of the California State Native American Heritage Commission (NAHC) who shall appoint a Most Likely Descendant (MLD) (Pub. Res. Code Sec. 5097.98). The archeological consultant, project sponsor, ERO, and MLD shall have up to but not beyond six days of discovery to make all reasonable efforts to develop an agreement for the treatment of human remains and associated or unassociated funerary objects with appropriate dignity (CEQA Guidelines. Sec. 15064.5(d)). The agreement should take into consideration the appropriate excavation, removal, recordation, analysis, custodianship, curation, and final disposition of the human remains and associated or unassociated funerary objects. Nothing in existing State regulations or in this mitigation measure compels the project sponsor and the ERO to accept recommendations of an MLD. The archeological consultant shall retain possession of any Native American human remains and associated or unassociated burial objects until completion of any scientific analyses of the human remains or objects as specified in the treatment agreement if such as agreement has been made or, otherwise, as determined by the archeological consultant and the ERO.

Final Archeological Resources Report. The archeological consultant shall submit a Draft Final Archeological Resources Report (FARR) to the ERO that evaluates the historical significance of any discovered archeological resource and describes the archeological and historical research methods employed in the archeological testing/monitoring/data recovery program(s) undertaken. Information that may put at risk any archeological resource shall be provided in a separate removable insert within the final report.

Once approved by the ERO, copies of the FARR shall be distributed as follows: California Archaeological Site Survey Northwest Information Center (NWIC) shall receive one (1) copy and the ERO shall receive a copy of the transmittal of the FARR to the NWIC. The Environmental Planning division of the Planning Department shall receive one bound, one unbound and one unlocked, searchable PDF copy on CD of the FARR along with copies of any formal site recordation forms (CA DPR 523 series) and/or documentation for nomination to the National Register of Historic Places/California Register of Historical Resources. In instances of high public interest in or the high interpretive value of the resource, the ERO may require a different final report content, format, and distribution than that presented above.

Project Mitigation Measure 4 - General Construction Noise Control Measures (Mitigation Measure M-NO-2a of the Western SoMa PEIR)

To ensure that project noise from construction activities is minimized to the maximum extent feasible, the sponsor of a subsequent development project shall undertake the following:

- The sponsor of a subsequent development project shall require the general contractor to ensure that equipment and trucks used for project construction use the best available noise control techniques (e.g., improved mufflers, equipment redesign, use of intake silencers, ducts, engine enclosures, and acoustically attenuating shields or shrouds, wherever feasible).
- The sponsor of a subsequent development project shall require the general contractor to locate stationary noise sources (such as compressors) as far from adjacent or nearby sensitive receptors as possible, to muffle such noise sources, and to construct barriers around such sources and/or the construction site, which could reduce construction noise by as much as 5 dBA. To further reduce noise, the contractor shall locate stationary equipment in pit areas or excavated areas, if feasible.
- The sponsor of a subsequent development project shall require the general contractor to use impact tools (e.g., jack hammers, pavement breakers, and rock drills) that are hydraulically or electrically powered wherever possible to avoid noise associated with compressed air exhaust from pneumatically powered tools. Where use of pneumatic tools is unavoidable, an exhaust muffler on the compressed air exhaust shall be used, along with external noise jackets on the tools, which could reduce noise levels by as much as 10 dBA.
- The sponsor of a subsequent development project shall include noise control requirements in specifications provided to construction contractors. Such requirements could include, but not be limited to: performing all work in a manner that minimizes noise to the extent feasible; undertaking the noisiest activities during times of least disturbance to surrounding residents and occupants, as feasible; and selecting haul routes that avoid residential buildings inasmuch as such routes are otherwise feasible.
- Prior to the issuance of each building permit, along with the submission of construction documents, the sponsor of a subsequent development project shall submit to the San Francisco Planning Department and Department of Building Inspection (DBI) a list of measures to respond to and track complaints pertaining to construction noise. These measures shall include: (1) a procedure and phone numbers for notifying DBI, the Department of Public Health, and the Police Department (during regular construction hours and off-hours); (2) a sign posted on-site describing noise complaint procedures and a complaint hotline number that shall be answered at all times during construction; (3) designation of an on-site construction complaint and enforcement manager for the project; and (4) notification of neighboring residents and non-residential building managers within 300 feet of the project construction area at least 30 days in advance of extreme noise-generating activities (defined as activities generating noise levels of 90 dBA or greater) about the estimated duration of the activity.

Project Mitigation Measure 5 – Construction Emissions Minimization Plan for Health Risks and Hazards (Mitigation Measure M-AQ-7 of the Western SoMa PEIR)

The project sponsor or the project sponsor's Contractor shall comply with the following:

- A. Engine Requirements
 - All off-road equipment greater than 25 hp and operating for more than 20 total hours over the entire duration of construction activities shall have engines that meet or exceed either U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) or California Air Resources Board (ARB) Tier 2 offroad emission standards, and have been retrofitted with an ARB Level 3 Verified Diesel Emissions Control Strategy. Equipment with engines meeting Tier 4 Interim or Tier 4 Final offroad emission standards automatically meet this requirement.

- 2. Where access to alternative sources of power are available, portable diesel engines shall be prohibited.
- 3. Diesel engines, whether for off-road or on-road equipment, shall not be left idling for more than two minutes, at any location, except as provided in exceptions to the applicable state regulations regarding idling for off-road and on-road equipment (e.g., traffic conditions, safe operating conditions). The Contractor shall post legible and visible signs in English, Spanish, and Chinese, in designated queuing areas and at the construction site to remind operators of the two minute idling limit.
- 4. The Contractor shall instruct construction workers and equipment operators on the maintenance and tuning of construction equipment, and require that such workers and operators properly maintain and tune equipment in accordance with manufacturer specifications.
- B. Waivers.
 - 1. The Planning Department's Environmental Review Officer or designee (ERO) may waive the alternative source of power requirement of Subsection (A)(2) if an alternative source of power is limited or infeasible at the project site. If the ERO grants the waiver, the Contractor must submit documentation that the equipment used for onsite power generation meets the requirements of Subsection (A)(1).
 - 2. The ERO may waive the equipment requirements of Subsection (A)(1) if: a particular piece of off-road equipment with an ARB Level 3 VDECS is technically not feasible; the equipment would not produce desired emissions reduction due to expected operating modes; installation of the equipment would create a safety hazard or impaired visibility for the operator; or, there is a compelling emergency need to use off-road equipment that is not retrofitted with an ARB Level 3 VDECS. If the ERO grants the waiver, the Contractor must use the next cleanest piece of off-road equipment, according to Table below.

Compliance Alternative	Engine Emission Standard	Emissions Control
1	Tier 2	ARB Level 2 VDECS
2	Tier 2	ARB Level 1 VDECS
3	Tier 2	Alternative Fuel*

Table – Off-Road Equipment Compliance Step-down Schedule

How to use the table: If the ERO determines that the equipment requirements cannot be met, then the project sponsor would need to meet Compliance Alternative 1. If the ERO determines that the Contractor cannot supply off-road equipment meeting Compliance Alternative 1, then the Contractor must meet Compliance Alternative 2. If the ERO determines that the Contractor cannot supply off-road equipment meeting Compliance Alternative 2, then the Contractor must meet Compliance Alternative 2, then the Contractor must meet Compliance Alternative 3. ** Alternative fuels are not a VDECS.

C. Construction Emissions Minimization Plan. Before starting on-site construction activities, the Contractor shall submit a Construction Emissions Minimization Plan (Plan) to the ERO for review and approval. The Plan shall state, in reasonable detail, how the Contractor will meet the requirements of Section A.

- 1. The Plan shall include estimates of the construction timeline by phase, with a description of each piece of off-road equipment required for every construction phase. The description may include, but is not limited to: equipment type, equipment manufacturer, equipment identification number, engine model year, engine certification (Tier rating), horsepower, engine serial number, and expected fuel usage and hours of operation. For VDECS installed, the description may include: technology type, serial number, make, model, manufacturer, ARB verification number level, and installation date and hour meter reading on installation date. For off-road equipment using alternative fuels, the description shall also specify the type of alternative fuel being used.
- 2. The ERO shall ensure that all applicable requirements of the Plan have been incorporated into the contract specifications. The Plan shall include a certification statement that the Contractor agrees to comply fully with the Plan.
- 3. The Contractor shall make the Plan available to the public for review on-site during working hours. The Contractor shall post at the construction site a legible and visible sign summarizing the Plan. The sign shall also state that the public may ask to inspect the Plan for the project at any time during working hours and shall explain how to request to inspect the Plan. The Contractor shall post at least one copy of the sign in a visible location on each side of the construction site facing a public right-of-way.
- D. Monitoring. After start of Construction Activities, the Contractor shall submit quarterly reports to the ERO documenting compliance with the Plan. After completion of construction activities and prior to receiving a final certificate of occupancy, the project sponsor shall submit to the ERO a final report summarizing construction activities, including the start and end dates and duration of each construction phase, and the specific information required in the Plan.

AFFIDAVIT

COMPLIANCE WITH THE INCLUSIONARY AFFORDABLE HOUSING PROGRAM PLANNING CODE SECTION 415 & 419





SAN FRANCISCO PLANNING DEPARTMENT 1650 MISSION STREET, SUITE 400 SAN FRANCISCO, CA 94103-2479 MAIN: (415) 558-6378 SFPLANNING.ORG

4/20)/2017	ls	this project an UMU project within th	e Fastern			
Date		Neighborhoods Plan Area?					
I, <u>K. Cyrus Sanandaji</u> , do hereby declare as follows:			Yes(If yes, please indicate Affordable Housing Tier)	er)			
Α	The subject property is located at (address and block/lot):		nis project is exempt from the <i>Inclusic</i> fordable Housing Program because:	onary			
	349 8th Street		☐ This project is 100% affordable.				
	Address		This project is 100% student housir	ng.			
	3755/054, 65, 66						
	Block / Lot	C Th Af	onary				
В	The proposed project at the above address is subject to the <i>Inclusionary Affordable Housing Program</i> , Planning Code Section 415 and 419 et seq.		Payment of the Affordable Housing to the first construction document i (Planning Code Section 415.5).				
	The Planning Case Number and/or Building Permit Number is:		On-site Affordable Housing Alterna (Planning Code Sections 415.6).	tive			
	2015-004085ENX Planning Case Number		Off-site Affordable Housing Alternation (Planning Code Sections 415.7):	live			
	N/A Building Permit Number		Land Dedication				
	This project requires the following approval:						
	Planning Commission approval (e.g. Conditional Use Authorization, Large Project Authorization)						
	☐ This project is principally permitted.						
	The Current Planner assigned to my project within the Planning Department is:						

Kimberly Durandet

Planner Name

- D If the project will comply with the Inclusionary Affordable Housing Program through an On-site or Off-site Affordable Housing Alternative, please fill out the following regarding how the project is eligible for an alternative.
 - **Ownership.** All affordable housing units will be sold as ownership units and will remain as ownership units for the life of the project.
 - **Rental.** Exemption from Costa Hawkins Rental Housing Act.¹ The Project Sponsor has demonstrated to the Department that the affordable units are not subject to the Costa Hawkins Rental Housing Act, under the exception provided in Civil Code Sections 1954.50 through one of the following:
 - Direct financial contribution from a public entity.
 - Development or density bonus, or other public form of assistance.
 - Development Agreement with the City. The Project Sponsor has entered into or has applied to enter into a Development Agreement with the City and County of San Francisco pursuant to Chapter 56 of the San Francisco Administrative Code and, as part of that Agreement, is receiving a direct financial contribution, development or density bonus, or other form of public assistance.
- E The Project Sponsor acknowledges that failure to sell the affordable units as ownership units or to eliminate the on-site or off-site affordable ownership-only units at any time will require the Project Sponsor to:
 - (1) Inform the Planning Department and the Mayor's Office of Housing and, if applicable, fill out a new affidavit;
 - (2) Record a new Notice of Special Restrictions; and
 - (3) Pay the Affordable Housing Fee plus applicable interest (using the fee schedule in place at the time that the units are converted from ownership to rental units) and any applicable penalties by law.

California Civil Code Section 1954.50 and following.



Affordability Levels:

No. of Affordable Units:	% Affordable Units: 14.5%	AMI Level: All 6 BMR units at 80% AMI
No. of Affordable Units:	% Affordable Units:	AMI Level:

- G) The Project Sponsor must pay the Affordable Housing Fee in full sum to the Development Fee Collection Unit at the Department of Building Inspection for use by the Mayor's Office of Housing prior to the issuance of the first construction document.
- H I am a duly authorized agent or owner of the subject property.

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing is true and correct.

Executed on this day in:

San Francisco

Location 4/20/17 Date Sign Here Signature K. Cyrus Sanandaji Name (Print), Title

760 214 8753

Contact Phone Number

CC:	Mayor's Office of Housing and
	Community Development
	Planning Department Case Docket

UNIT MIX TABLES

Number of All Units in PRINCIPAL PROJECT:					
TOTAL UNITS:	SRO / Group Housing:	Studios:	One-Bedroom Units:	Two-Bedroom Units:	Three (or more) Bedroom Units:
38		1	21	15	1

If you selected an On-site or Off-Site Alternative, please fill out the applicable section below. If using more than one AMI to satisfy the requirement, please submit a separate sheet for each AMI level.

On-site Affordable Housing Alternative Planning Code Section 415.6): calculated at 14.5 % of the unit total.

Number of Affordable Units to be Located ON-SITE:					
TOTAL UNITS:	SRO / Group Housing:	Studios:	One-Bedroom Units:	Two-Bedroom Units:	Three (or more) Bedroom Units:
6			4	2	

Off-site Affordable Housing Alternative (Planning Code Section 415.7): calculated at % of the unit total.

Number of Affordable Units to be Located OFF-SITE:					
TOTAL UNITS:	SRO / Group Housing:	Studios:	One-Bedroom Units:	Two-Bedroom Units:	Three (or more) Bedroom Units:
Area of Dwellings in Princip	Area of Dwellings in Principal Project (in sq. feet): Off-Site Project Address:				
Area of Dwellings in Off-Site Project (in sq. feet):					
Off-Site Block/Lot(s):		Motion No. for Off-Site Project (if applicable): Number of Market-Rate Units in the Off-site Project:			

Combination of payment of a fee, on-site affordable units, or off-site affordable units with the following distribution:

Indicate what percent of each option will be implemented (from 0% to 99%) and the number of on-site and/or off-site below market rate units for rent and/or for sale.

1. Fee % of affordable housing requirement.

2. On-Site % of affordable housing requirement.

Number of Affordable Units to be Located ON-SITE:					
TOTAL UNITS:	SRO / Group Housing:	Studios:	One-Bedroom Units:	Two-Bedroom Units:	Three (or more) Bedroom Units:

3. Off-Site % of affordable housing requirement.

Number of Affordable Units to be Located OFF-SITE:						
TOTAL UNITS:	SRO / Group Housing:	Studios:	One-Bedroom Units:	Two-Bedroom Units:	Three (or more) Bedroom Units:	
Area of Dwellings in Princip	Area of Dwellings in Principal Project (in sq. feet): Off-Site Project Address:					
Area of Dwellings in Off-Site	Area of Dwellings in Off-Site Project (in sq. feet):					
Off-Site Block/Lot(s):		Motion No. for Off-Site Pro	ject (if applicable):	Number of Market-Rate Ur	nits in the Off-site Project:	

Contact Information and Declaration of Sponsor of PRINCIPAL PR	OJECT
Rodgers Street, LLC	
Company Name	
K. Cyrus Sanandaji	
Name (Print) of Contact Person	
1160 Battery Street, Suite 250	San Francisco, CA 94111
Address	City, State, Zip
(760) 214 8753	cyrus@presidiobay.com
Phone / Fax	Email
I hereby declare that the information herein is accurate to the the requirements of Planning Code Section 415 as indicated	
Sign Here	
	Name (Print), Title:
Signature: K-Sanandah	K. Cyrus Sanandaji
	· · ·
Contact lefermention and Declaration of Channess of OFF CITE DDO	
Contact Information and Declaration of Sponsor of OFF-SITE PRO	JECT (In Dimerent)
Company Name	
Name (Print) of Contact Person	
Name (Find) of Condition erson	
Address	City, State, Zip
Phone / Fax	Email
I hereby declare that the information herein is accurate to the	
the requirements of Planning Code Section 415 as indicated	above.
Sign Here	
-	
Signature:	Name (Print), Title:

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION FOR Anti-Discriminatory Housing Policy

1. Owner/Applicant Information

PROPERTY OWNER'S NAME:		
Rodgers Street, LLC		
PROPERTY OWNER'S ADDRESS:	TELEPHONE:	
1160 Battery Street, Suite 250	(760) 214 8753	
San Francisco, CA 94111	EMAIL:	
	cyus@presidiobay.com	
APPLICANT'S NAME:		
Rodgers Street, LLC	Same as Above	
APPLICANT'S ADDRESS:	TELEPHONE:	
1160 Battery Street, Suite 250	() (760) 214 8753	
San Francisco, CA 94111	EMAIL:	
San Francisco, CA 94111	cyrus@presidiobay.com	

CONTACT FOR PROJECT INFORMATION:	
Cyrus Sanandaji	Same as Above
ADDRESS:	TELEPHONE:
1160 Battery Street, Suite 250	(760)214-8753
San Francisco, CA 94111	EMAIL:
	cyrus@presidiobay.com

COMMUNITY LIAISON FOR PROJECT (PLEASE REPORT CHANGES TO THE ZONING ADMINISTRATOR	ł):
	Same as Above 🕅
ADDRESS:	TELEPHONE:
	()
	EMAIL:
5	

2. Location and Project Description

STREET ADDRESS OF PROJECT:		ZIP CODE:		
349 8th Street		94103		
CROSS STREETS:				
7th Street & 8th Street				
ASSESSORS BLOCK/LOT:	ZONING DISTRICT:	HEIGHT/BULK DISTRICT:		
3755 / 54, 65, 66	WMUG	55-X		

PROJECT TYPE: (Please check all that apply)	EXISTING DWELLING UNITS:	PROPOSED DWELLING UNITS:	NET INCREASE:
X New Construction			
	0	38	38
Alteration			
□ Other:			

Compliance with the Anti-Discriminatory Housing Policy

1.	Does the applicant or sponsor, including the applicant or sponsor's parent company, subsidiary, or any other business or entity with an ownership share of at least 30% of the applicant's company, engage in the business of developing real estate, owning properties, or leasing or selling individual dwelling units in States or jurisdictions outside of California?	☐ YES	NO 🛇
	1a. If yes, in which States?		
	1b. If yes, does the applicant or sponsor, as defined above, have policies in individual States that prohibit discrimination based on sexual orientation and gender identity in the sale, lease, or financing of any dwelling units enforced on every property in the State or States where the applicant or sponsor has an ownership or financial interest?	U YES	🖄 NO
	1c. If yes, does the applicant or sponsor, as defined above, have a national policy that prohibits discrimination based on sexual orientation and gender identity in the sale, lease, or financing of any dwelling units enforced on every property in the United States where the applicant or sponsor has an ownership or financial interest in property?	☐ YES	NO 🛛
	If the answer to 1b and/or 1c is yes, please provide a copy of that policy or policies as part of the supplemental information packet to the Planning Department.		

Human Rights Commission contact information Mullane Ahern at (415)252-2514 or mullane.ahern@sfgov.org

Applicant's Affidavit

Under penalty of perjury the following declarations are made:

- a: The undersigned is the owner or authorized agent of the owner of this property.
- b: The information presented is true and correct to the best of my knowledge.
- c: Other information or applications may be required.

K:Sananda Signature:

Date: 3/15/2017

Print name, and indicate whether owner, or authorized agent:

K. Cyrus Sanandaji Owner Authorized Agent (circle one)



SAN FRANCISCO

PLANNING DEPARTMENT

AFFIDAVIT FOR FIRST SOURCE HIRING PROGRAM **Administrative Code** Chapter 83

1650 Mission Street, Suite 400 • San Francisco CA 94103-2479 • 415.558.6378 • http://www.sfplanning.org

Section 1: Project Information

PROJECT ADDRESS 349 8th Street				BLOCK/LOT(S)
			3755/54/65/66		
BUILDING PERMIT APPLICATION NO. CASE NO. (IF APPLICA 2015-004085E			MOTION NO.	. (IF APPLICABLE)	
PROJECT SPONSOR		MAIN CONTACT		PHONE	
Cyrus Sanandaji				760-214-8753	
ADDRESS		1			•
1160 Battery Street, Suite	e 250				
CITY, STATE, ZIP			EMAIL	- PALINE -	
San Francisco, CA 9411	1		cyrus@pres	idiobay.com	
ESTIMATED RESIDENTIAL UNITS ESTIMATED SQ FT COMMERCIAL SPACE		ESTIMATED HEIGHT/FLOORS		ESTIMATED CONSTRUCTION COST	
38	923 sq ft		55 ft / 5 floors		
ANTICIPATED START DATE					
12/1/2	017-		s - thin realist even		
Soction 2: First Source	Hiring Progr	am Verification			

Section 2: First Source Hinng Program vehication

CHECK	ALL BOXES APPLICABLE TO THIS PROJECT
	Project is wholly Residential
	Project is wholly Commercial
X	Project is Mixed Use
X	A: The project consists of ten (10) or more residential units;
	B: The project consists of 25,000 square feet or more gross commercial floor area.
	C: Neither 1A nor 1B apply.
NOTES:	: u chacked C this project is NOT subject to the First Source Hiring Program Sign Section 4: Declaration of Sponsor of Project and submit to the Planning

Department.

If you checked A or B, your project 15 subject to the First Source Hiring Program. Please complete the reverse of this document, sign, and submit to the Planning Department prior to any Planning Commission hearing. If principally permitted, Planning Department approval of the Site Permit is required for all projects subject to Administrative Code Chapter 83.

For questions, please contact OEWD's CityBuild program at CityBuild@sfgov.org or (415) 701-4848. For more information about the First Source Hiring Program visit www.workforcedevelopmentsf.org

If the project is subject to the First Source Hiring Program, you are required to execute a Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) with OEWD's CityBuild program prior to receiving construction permits from Department of Building Inspection.

Section 3: First Source Hiring Program - Workforce Projection

Per Section 83.11 of Administrative Code Chapter 83, it is the developer's responsibility to complete the following information to the best of their knowledge.

Provide the estimated number of employees from each construction trade to be used on the project, indicating how many are entry and/or apprentice level as well as the anticipated wage for these positions.

TRADE/CRAFT	ANTICIPATED JOURNEYMAN WAGE	# APPRENTICE POSITIONS	# TOTAL POSITIONS	TRADE/CRAFT	ANTICIPATED JOURNEYMAN WAGE	# APPRENTICE POSITIONS	# TOTAL POSITIONS
Abatement Laborer				Laborer	\$ 30.00	3	10
Boilermaker		~	-	Operating Engineer	50.00	í	5
Bricklayer				Painter	70.00	2	8
Carpenter	\$45.00	4	14	Pile Driver		-	-
Cement Mason	30.00	3	8	Plasterer	50.00	1	6
Drywaller/ Latherer	50-00	5	16	Plumber and Pipefitter	85.00	3	10
Electrician	85.00	4	16	Roofer/Water proofer	45.00	2	8
Elevator Constructor	150.00	1	4	Sheet Metal Worker	75.00	1	5
Floor Coverer	30.00	1	7	Sprinkler Fitter	85.00	l	5
Glazier	60.00	l	6	Taper	45.00	3	15
Heat & Frost Insulator	45.00	1	4	Tile Layer/ Finisher	35.00	2	8
Ironworker	75.00	3	8	Other:			
	·	TOTAL:	83		(),	TOTAL:	20

Check the anticipated trade(s) and provide accompanying information (Select all that apply):

1. Will the anticipated employee compensation by trade be consistent with area Prevailing Wage?

- 2. Will the awarded contractor(s) participate in an apprenticeship program approved by the State of California's Department of Industrial Relations?
- 3. Will hiring and retention goals for apprentices be established?
- 4. What is the estimated number of local residents to be hired?

Section 4: Declaration of Sponsor of Principal Project

PRINT NAME AND TITLE OF AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE		EMAIL	PHONE NUMBER
K.	CYPUI SANANDATT	cyrus@presidi. Lay	·con 260 214 875
	Y DECLARE THAT THE INFORMATION PROVIDED HEREIN IS		THAT I COORDINATED WITH OEWD'S
СПТУВЫ	LD PROGRAM TO SATISFY THE REQUIREMENTS OF ADMINIS	STRATIVE CODE CHAPTER 83.	
K	· anandah		3/15/2017
(SIGNAT	URE OF AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE)		(DATE)
	ANNING DEPARTMENT STAFF ONLY: PLEASE EMAIL AN ELECT	FRONIC COPY OF THE COMPLETED AFFIDAVIT FOR FIR	ST SOURCE HIRING PROGRAM TO
DEWDS	CITYBUILD PROGRAMMAT CITYBUILD@SFGOV.ORG		and the second second second second
Cc:	Office of Economic and Workforce Development, CityBuild		
	Address: 1 South Van Ness 5th Floor San Francisco, CA 941		
	Website: www.workforcedevelopmentsf.org Email: CityBuild	@stgov.org	

2

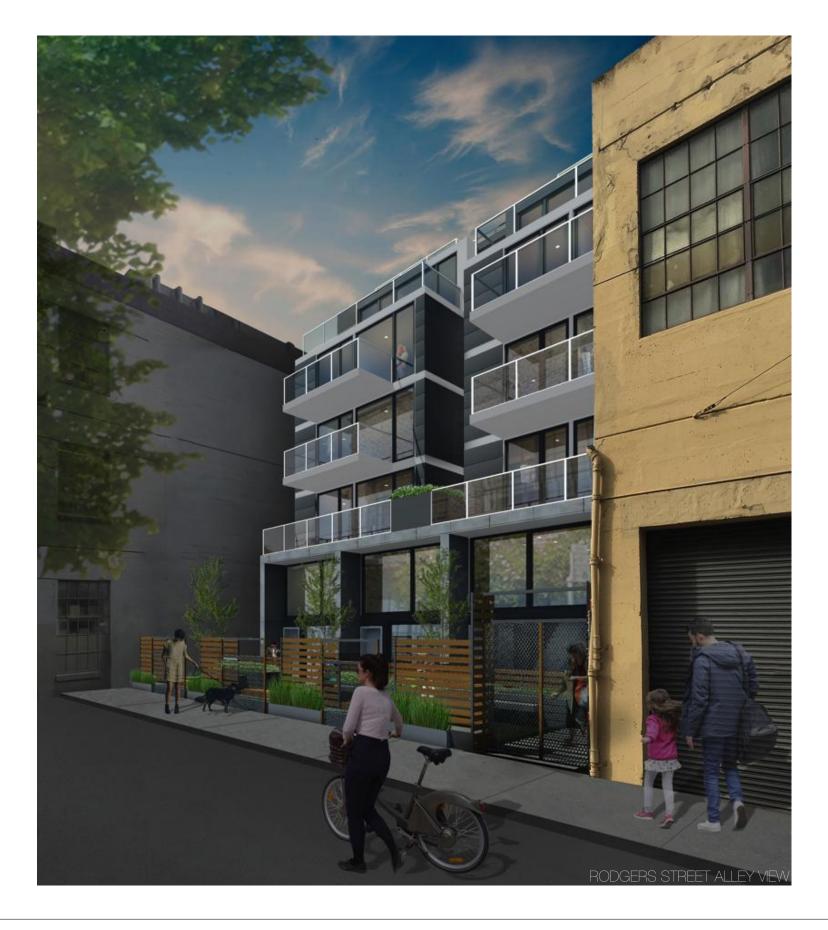
Residences 349 8th Street, San Francisco 38 Residential Units

PROJECT INFORMATION

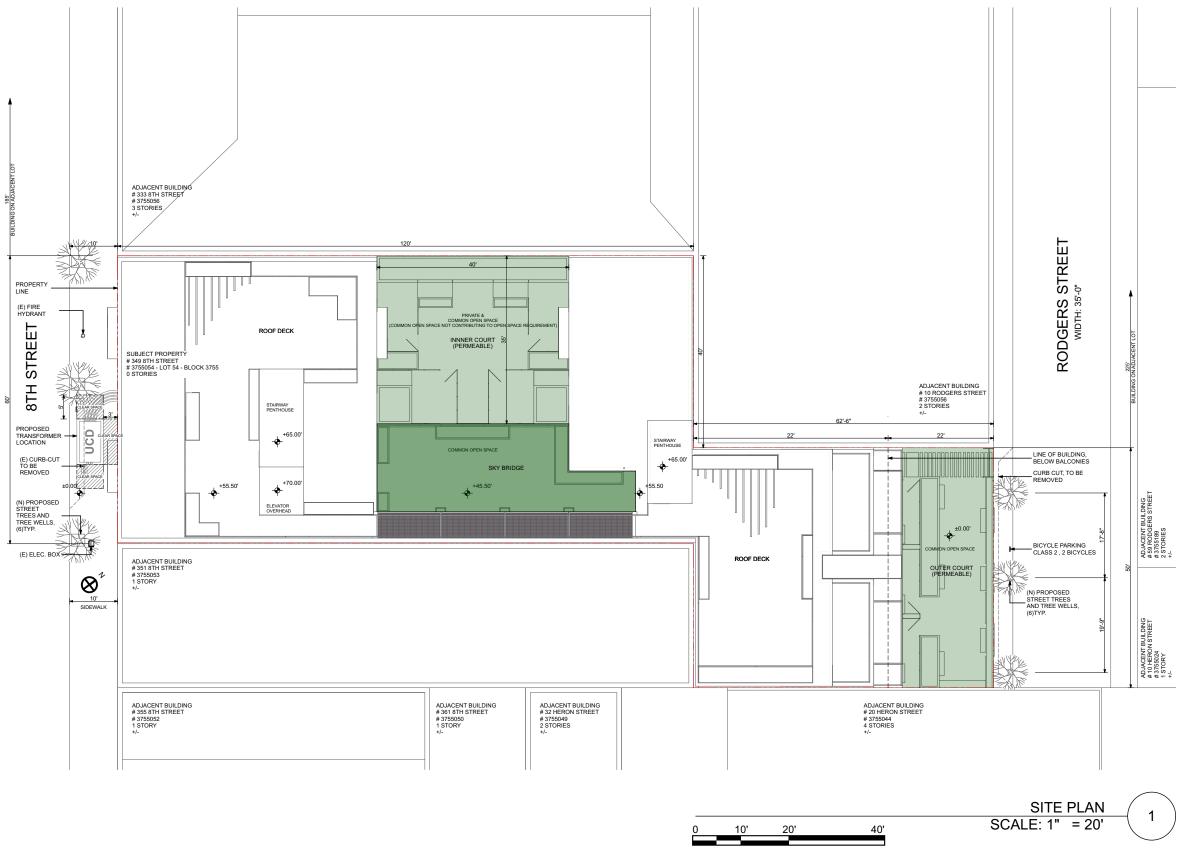
- UNITS 38 DWELLING UNITS (21x 1BD, 15x 2BD, 1x 3BD, 1x STUDIO) RESIDENTIAL COMMERCIAL **1 RETAIL/COMMERCIAL**
- 10,325 SF ■ LOT AREA
- 5 STORIES, 55' TALL (55' HEIGHT LIMIT) ■ HEIGHT
- PARKING **AUTOMOBILE** NONE 39 CLASS 1, 4 CLASS 2 BICYCLE
- REAR YARD MODIFICATION PER SECTION 134.F (24% OF LOT AREA) REAR YARD
- OPEN SPACE 3,678 SF
- ACCESSIBILITY **FULLY ADAPTABLE**
- AFFORDABILITY 14.5% ... 6 UNITS ON-SITE
- V-A over I-A ■ CONSTRUCTION TYPE

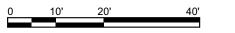


8th Street Rendering | 03

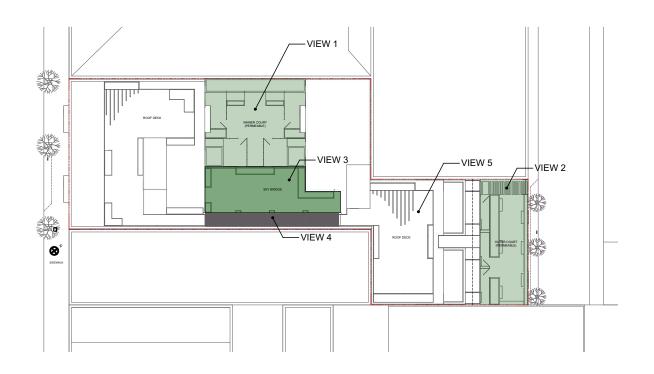


Rodgers Street Rendering | 04



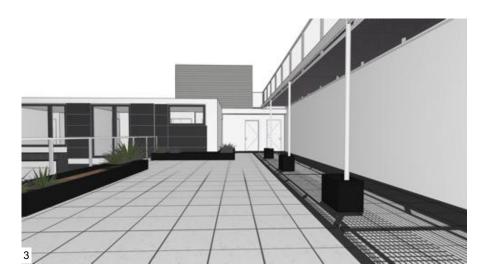


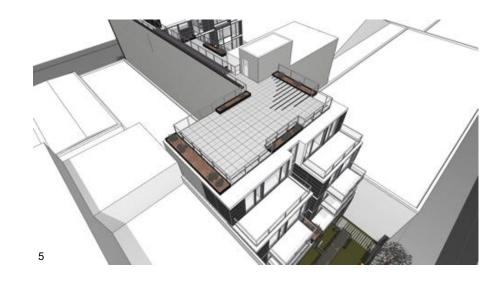




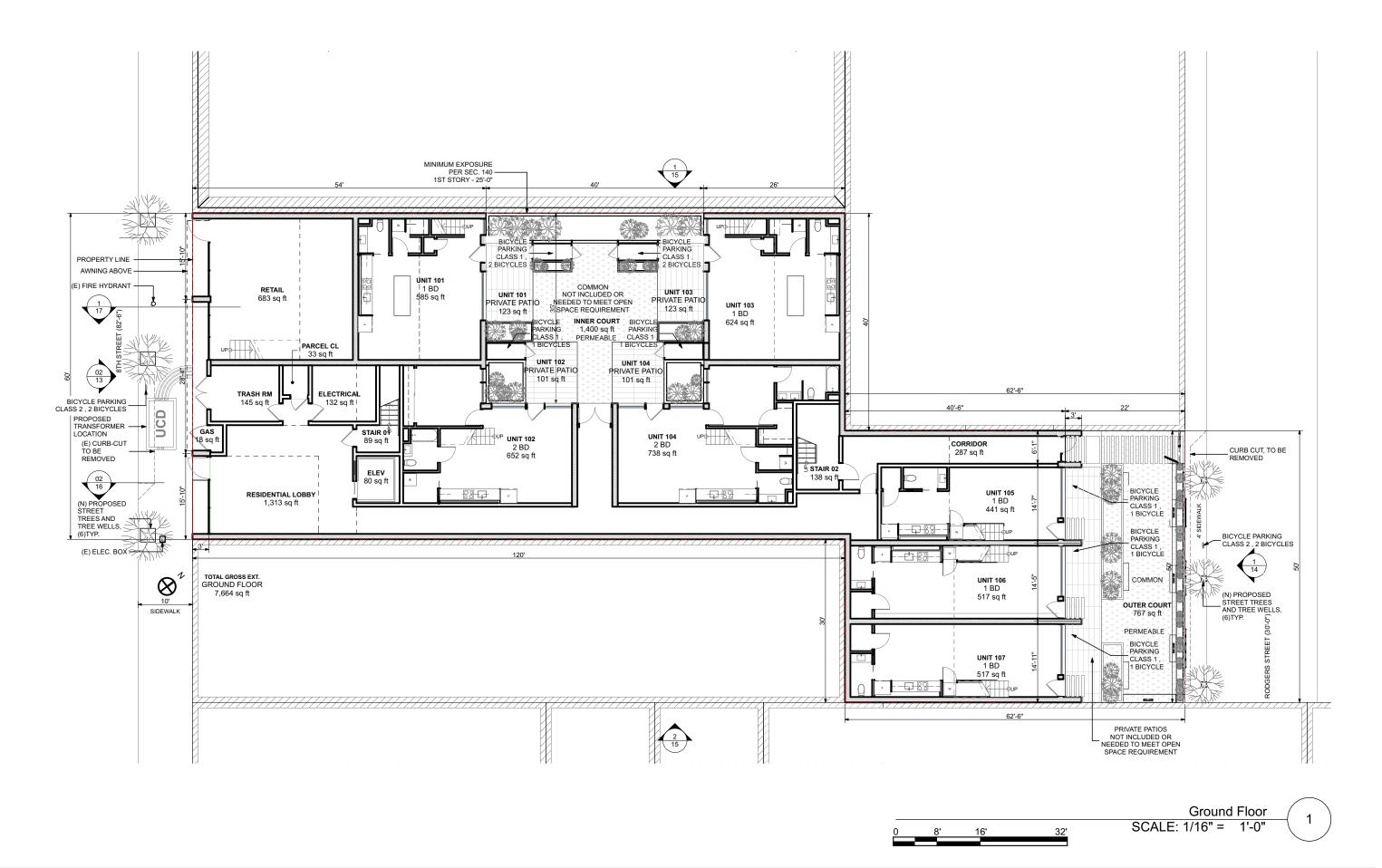




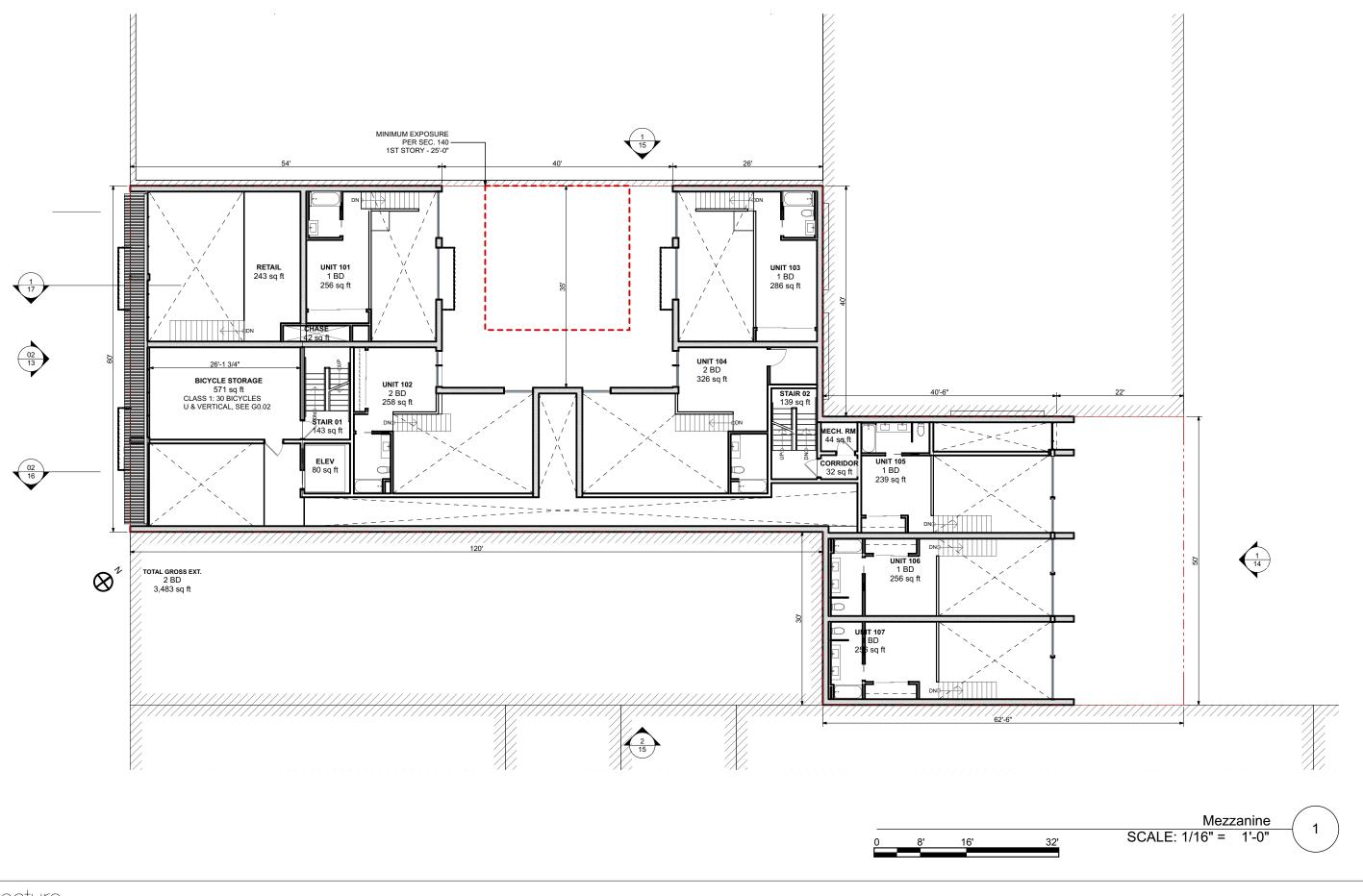




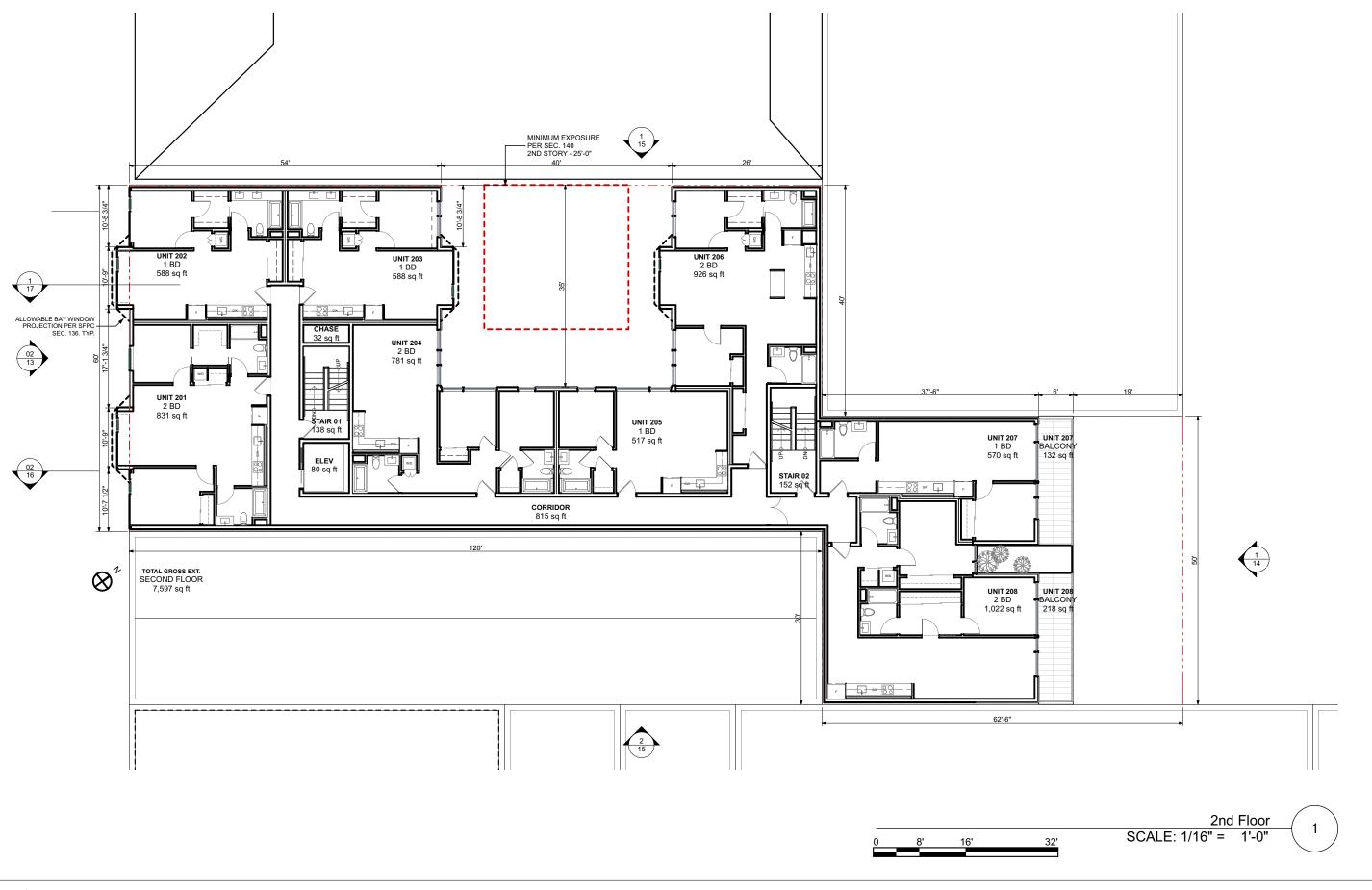
Perspective Views | 06



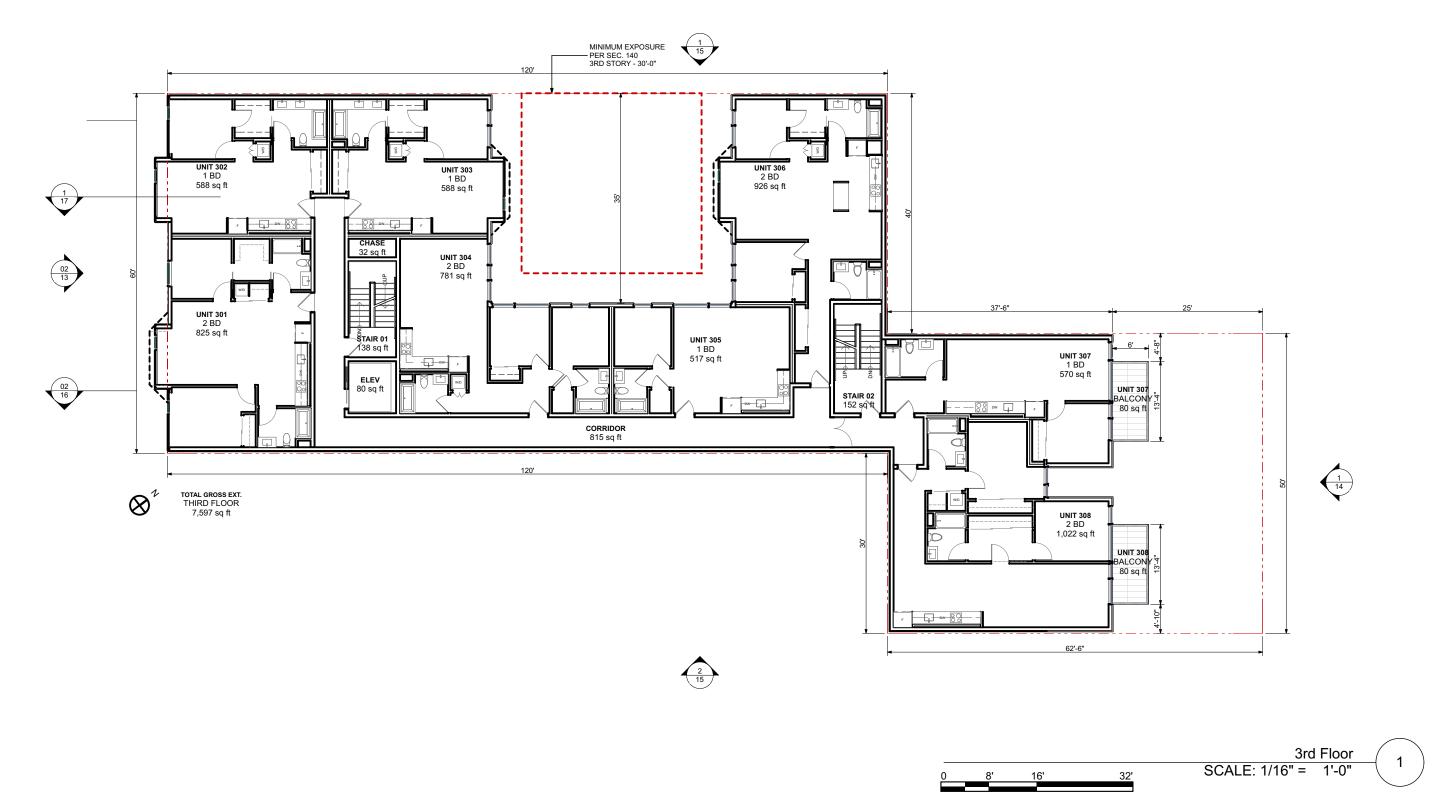
rg-architecture 428 South Van Ness Avenue | San Francisco, CA 94107 | 415.649.6202 | mail@rg-architecture.com



Mezzanine Floor | 08

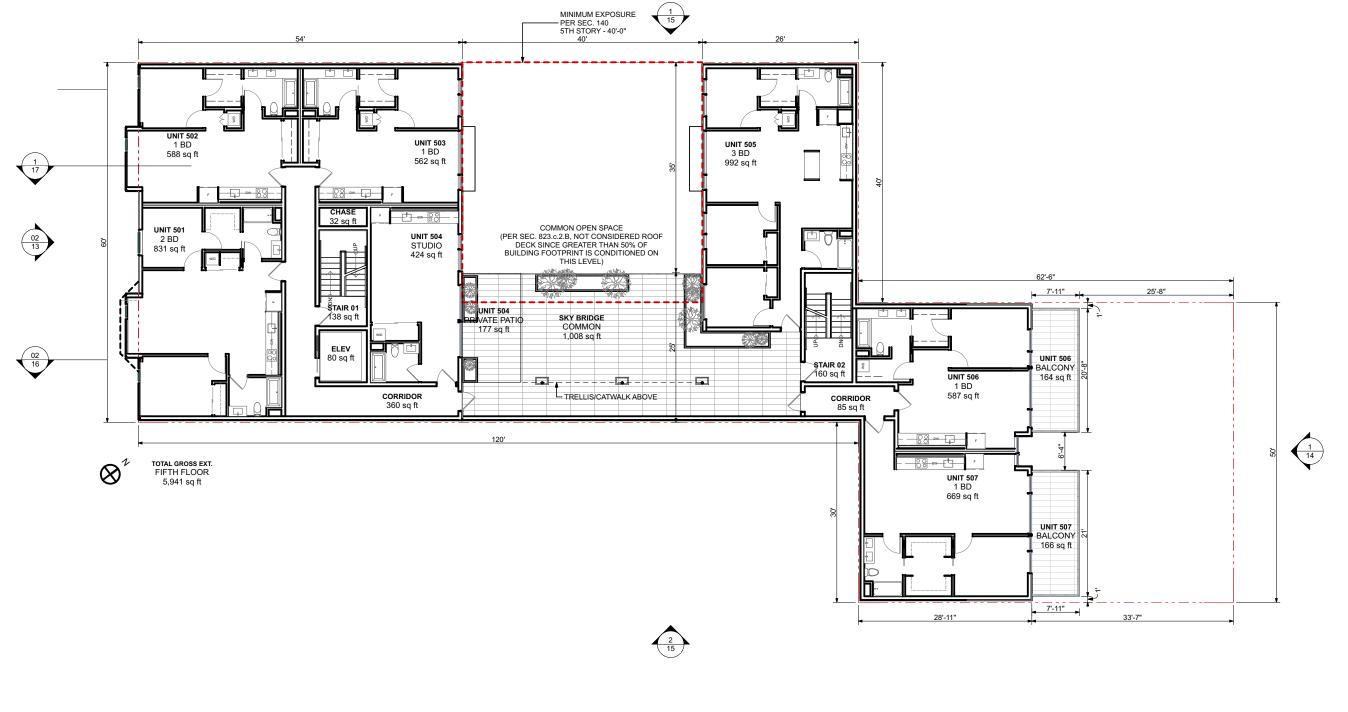


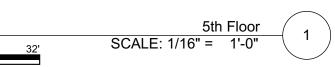
2nd Floor | **09**



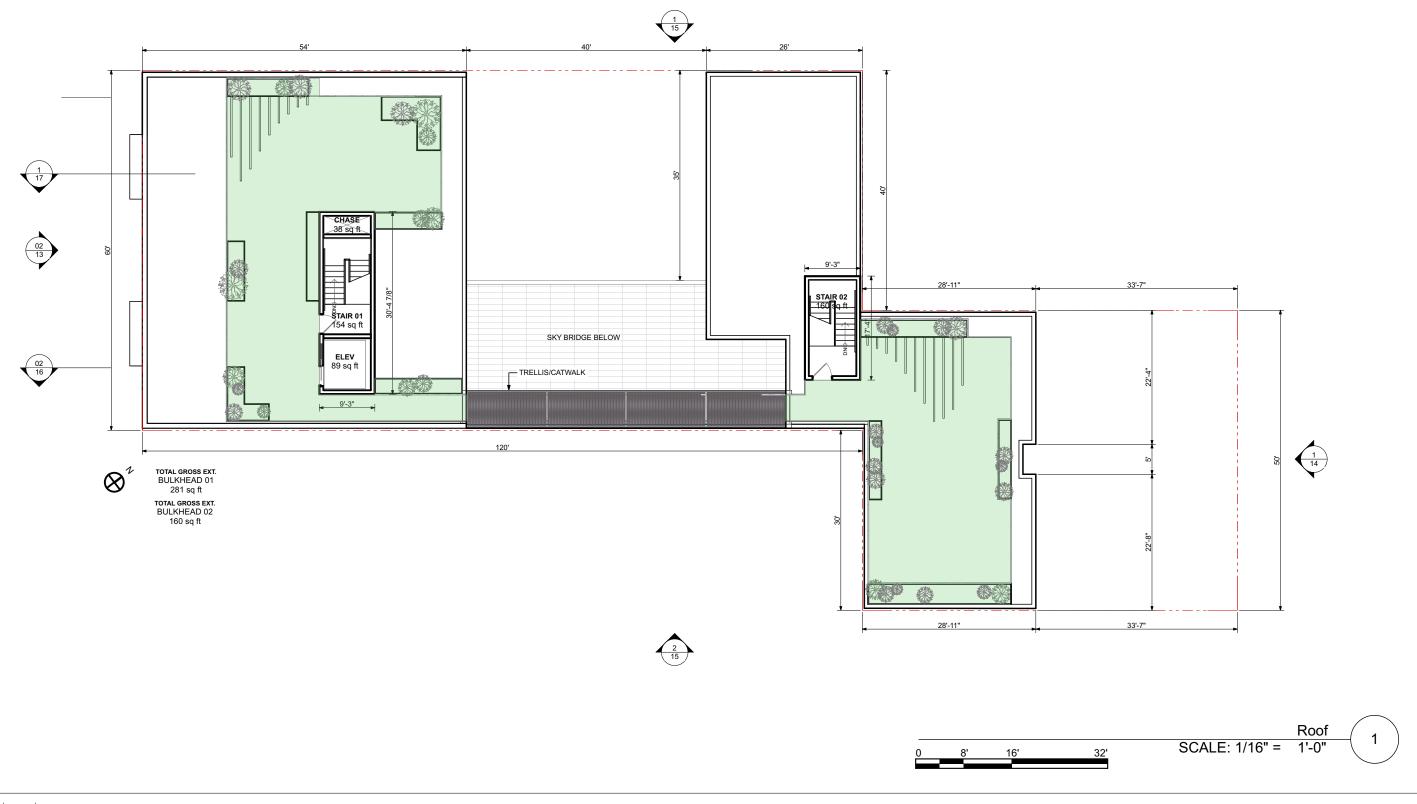








16'



Bulkhead | 12



Elevations	13
------------	----

01. BOARD FORM CONCRETE
02. METAL PANELS
03. ALUM. STOREFRONT WINDOWS
04. ALUM. FRAMED WINDOWS
05. STUCCO
06. ENTRY AWNING- PAINTED METAL
07. PRIVACY SCREEN- LASER CUT METAL PANELS
08. GLASS GUARDRAIL
 09. 6" FIBER CEMENT BOARD LAP SIDING
10. IPE HORIZONTAL SIDING
11. VISION GLASS



Elevations | 14

1





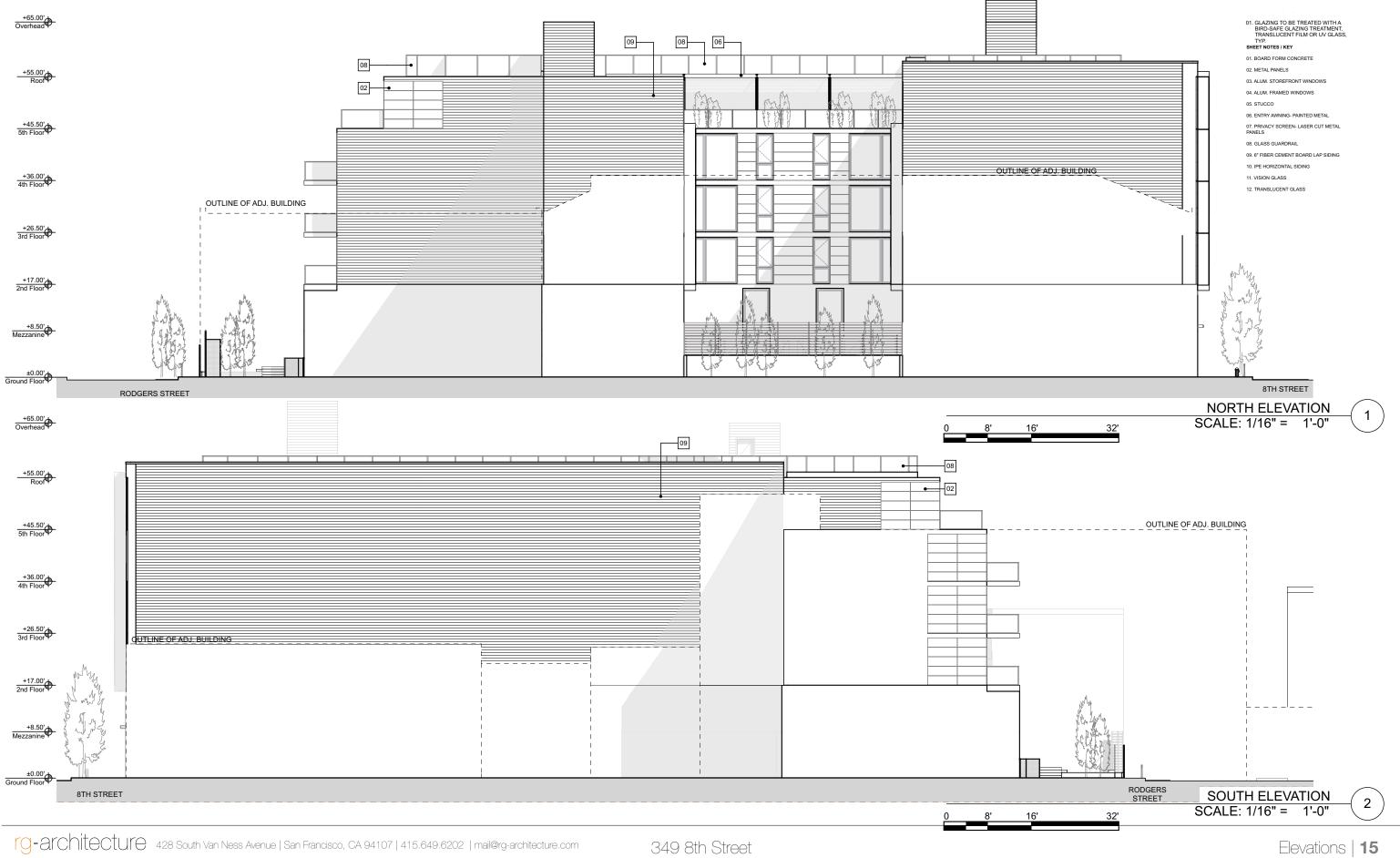
EAST ELEVATION SCALE: 1/8" = 1'-0"

01. GLAZING TO BE TREATED WITH A BIRD-SAFE GLAZING TREATMENT, TRANSLUCENT FILM OR UV GLASS, TYP. SHEET NOTES / KEY

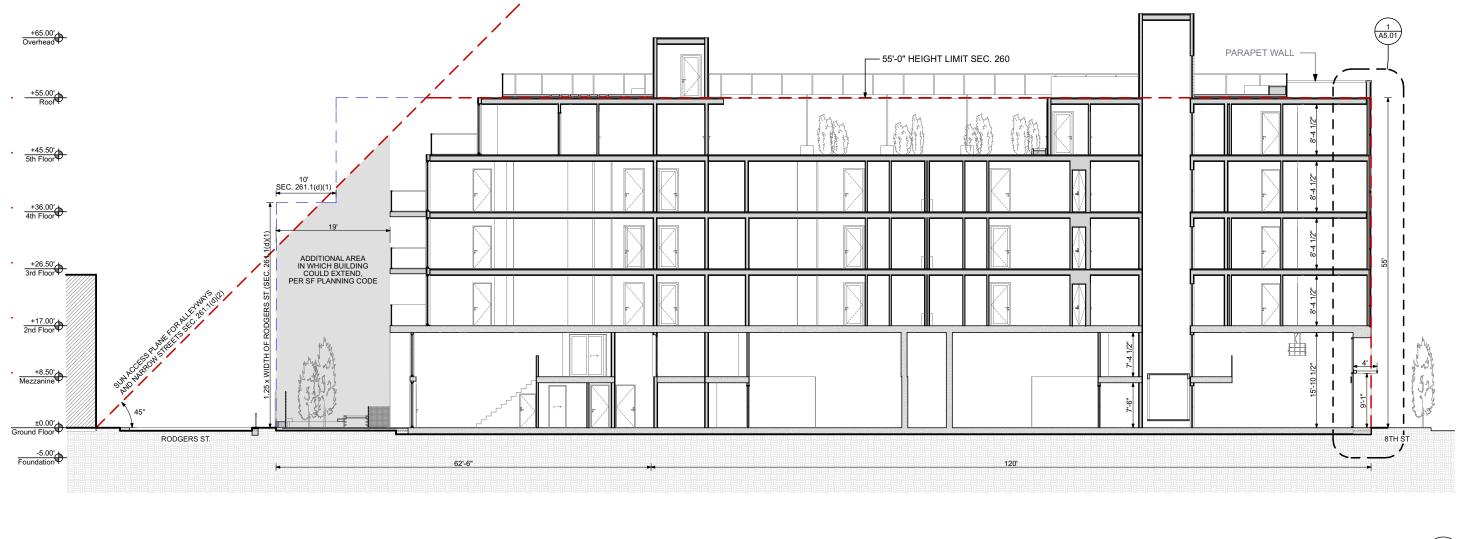
- 01. BOARD FORM CONCRETE
- 02. METAL PANELS
- 03. ALUM. STOREFRONT WINDOWS
- 04. ALUM. FRAMED WINDOWS
- 05. STUCCO
- 06. ENTRY AWNING- PAINTED METAL
- 07. PRIVACY SCREEN- LASER CUT METAL PANELS

08. GLASS GUARDRAIL

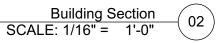
- 09. 6" FIBER CEMENT BOARD LAP SIDING
- 10. IPE HORIZONTAL SIDING
- 11. VISION GLASS
- 12. TRANSLUCENT GLASS

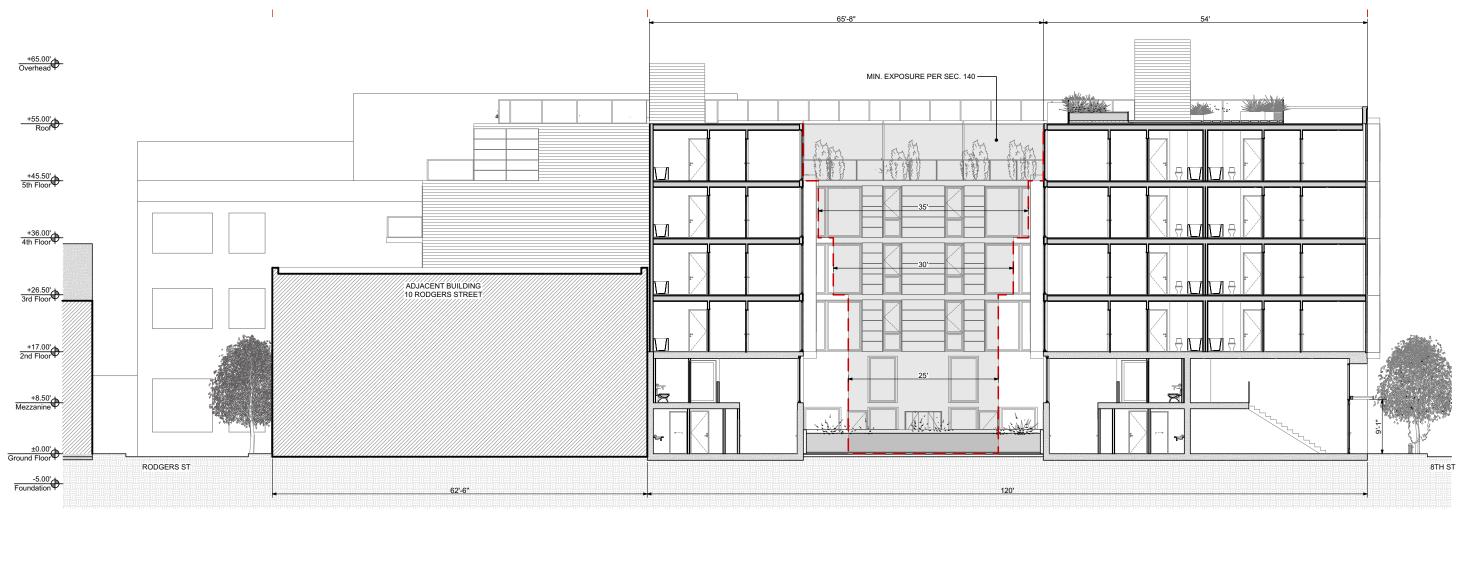


rg-architecture 428 South Van Ness Avenue | San Francisco, CA 94107 | 415.649.6202 | mail@rg-architecture.com

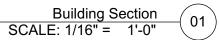














rg-architecture 428 South Van Ness Avenue | San Francisco, CA 94107 | 415.649.6202 | mail@rg-architecture.com